Installation Manual



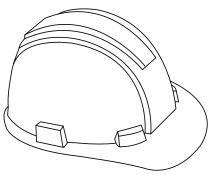
Advantage Series

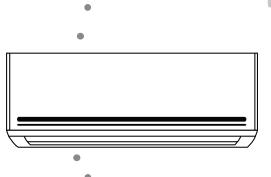
Please keep this manual where the operator can easily find it. Inside you will find helpful hints on how to use and maintain your unit properly.

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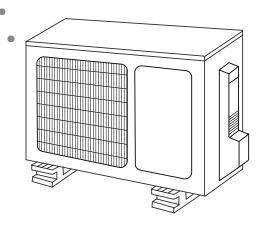
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Read Before Installation

Incorrect installation may cause serious damage or injury.

The seriousness of potential damage or injuries is classi ded as either WARNING or CAUTION.



This symbol indicates ignoring instructions may cause death or serious injury.



This symbol indicates that ignoring instructions may cause moderate injury to your person, damage to your unit, or other property.



This symbol indicates that you should never perform the indicated action.



WARNING

- **Do not** modify the length of the power supply cod or use an extension cord to power the unit. **Do not** share the electrical outlet with other appliances. Impoper or insufficient power supply can cause fire or electrical shock.
- When connecting refrigerant piping, <u>do not</u> let substances or gases other than the pecified refrigerant enter the unit. The presence of other gases or substances will lower the unit's capacity, and may cause abnormally high pressure in the operation cycle. This may cause explosion and injury.
- **Do not** allow children to play with the air conditioner. Children should be supervised around the unit at all times.
- 1. Installation must be performed by an authorized technician. Defective installation magause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire.
- Installation must be performed according to installation instructions. Improper installation may cause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire.
 (In North America, installation must be performed in accordance with the requirement of NEC and CEC by authorized personnel only.)
- 3. Contact an authorized service technician forepair or maintenance of the unit.
- 4. Only use the included accessories, parts, and specified parts for installation. Using non-standard parts can cause water leakage, electrical shock, fire, and may cause the unit to fail.
- 5. **Install the unit in a firm location that can support the unit's** weight. If the installation location cannot support the weight, or the installation is performed improperly, the unit may fall and cause serious injury and/or damage.

Safety Precautions

A

WARNING

- 6. For all electrical work, follow all appropriate wiring standards, regulations, and the Installation Manual. You must use an independent circuit and single outlet to supply power. Do not connect other appliances to the same outlet. Installation electrical capacity or defects in electrical work can cause electrical shock or fire.
- 7. For all electrical work, use the specified cables. Connect cables tightly, and clamp them securely to prevent external forces from damaging the terminal. Improper electrical connections may overheat and cause fire, or shock.
- 8. All wiring must be properly arranged to ensure that the control board cover can close properly. If the control board cover is not closed properly, it can lead to corosion and cause the connection points on the terminal to heat up, catch fire, or cause electrical shock.
- 9. In certain functional environments, such as kitchens, server rooms, etc., the use of specially designed air-conditioning units is highly recommended.
- 10. If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- 11. This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced Physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children should not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance should not be made by children without supervision.

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CAUTION

- For units that have an auxiliary electric heate, **do not** install the unit within 3 feet (1 meter) of combustible materials.
- **Do not** install the unit in a location that may be exposed to combustible gases. If combustible gas accumulates around the unit, it may cause fire.
- **Do not** operate your air conditioner in a wetoom such as a bathroom or laundryroom. Too much exposure to water may cause electrical components to shortrcuit.
- 1. The product must be properly grounded during installation, or electrical shock may occur.
- 2. Install drainage piping according to the instructions in this manual. Impoper drainage may cause water damage to your home and poperty.

Note about Flourinated Gasses

- 1. This air-conditioning unit contains flourinated gases. For specific information on the type of gas and the amount, pleaserefer to therelevant label on the unit itself.
- 2. Installation, service, maintenance andrepair of this unit must be performed by a certi□ed technician.
- 3. Product uninstallation and recycling must be performed by a certi□ed technician.
- 4. If the system has a leak-detection system installed, it should be checked for leaks at least every 12 months.
- 5. Keep a record of all leak checks for the lifetime of the unit.

Accessories

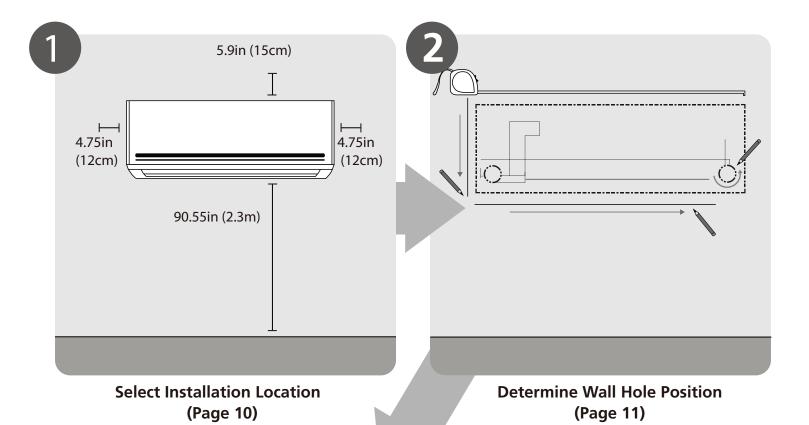
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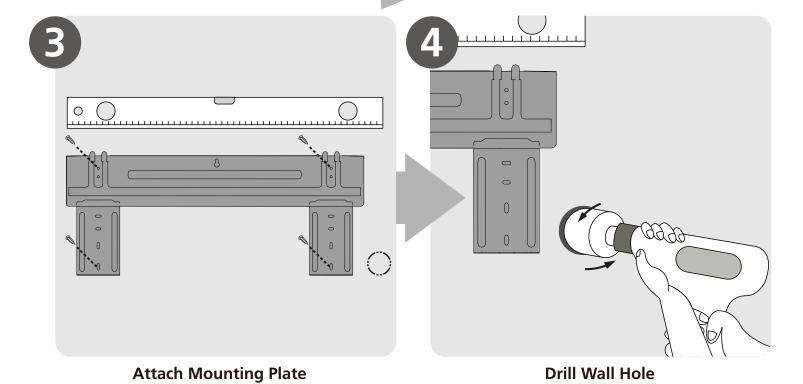
The air conditioning system includes the following accessories. Use all of the installation parts and accessories to install the air conditioner. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electrical shock and fire, or cause equipment failure.

Name	Shape	Q	uantity
Mounting plate		1	
Clip anchor			5
Mounting plate fixing screw ST3.9 X 25	*************************************		5
Remote control			1
Fixing screw for remote controller holder ST2.9 x 10		2	Optional
Remote control holder		1	Parts
Dry battery AAA.LR03			2
Air freshening filter			1
Seal		1 (for cooling & heating models only)	
Drain joint			

Accessories

Name	Si	hape	Quantity
Owner's Manual	Owner's Manual State States Owner's Manual State States State States Stat		1
Installation Manual	Installation Manual Installation Manual	×	1
Remote Control Manual	Remote controller illustration		1
	Linuid aid a	Φ6.35(1/4in)	
	Liquid side	Φ9.52(3/8in)	Parts you must purchase.
Connecting pipe assembly		Φ9.52(3/8in)	Consult the dealer about
	Gas side	Φ12.7(1/2in)	the pipe size.
		Φ16(5/8in)	

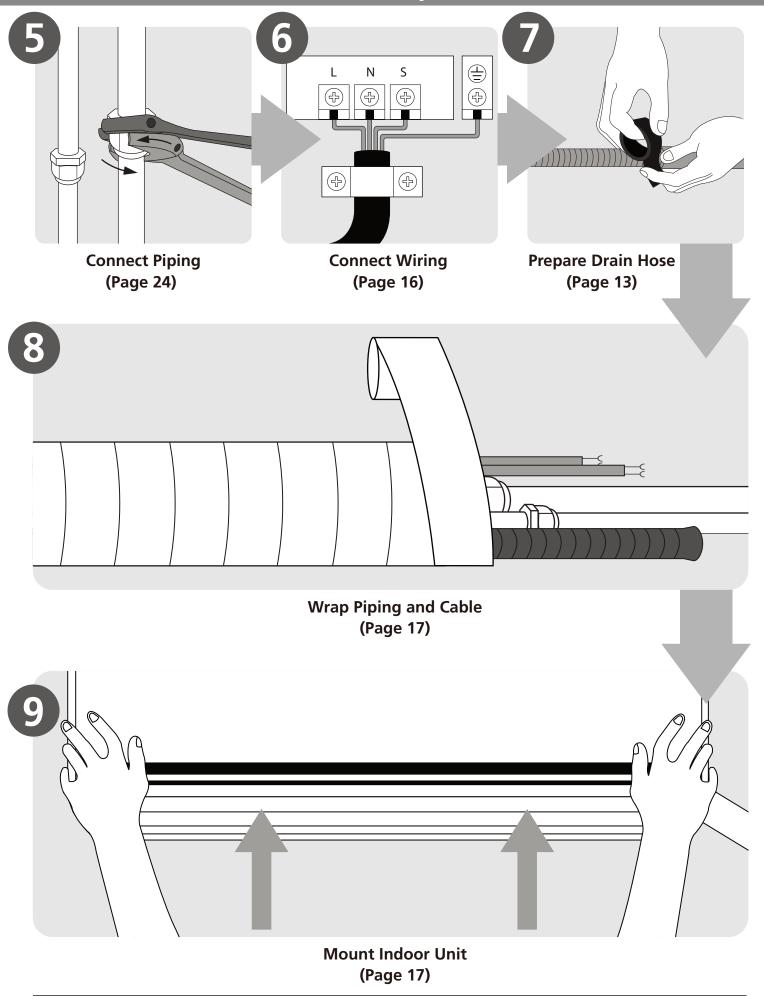




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Installation Summary - Indoor Unit



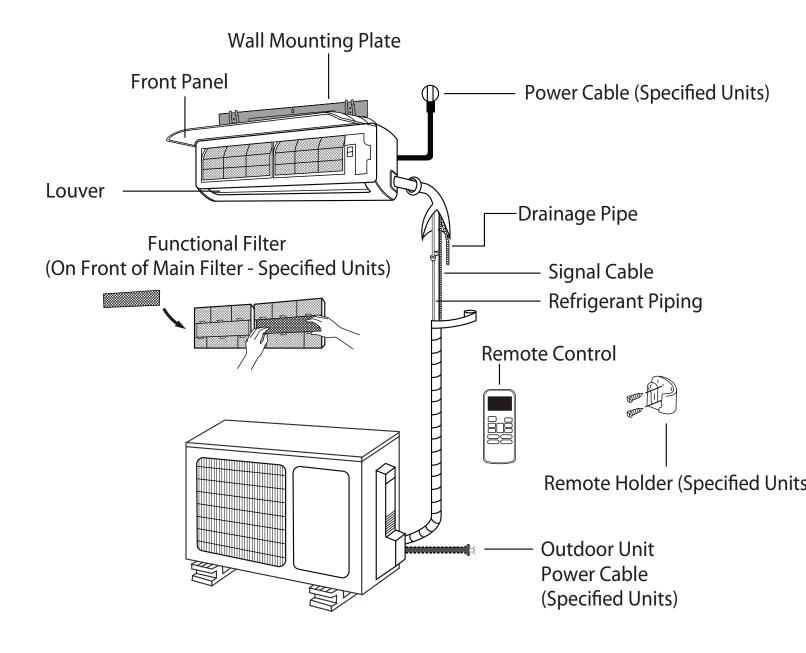
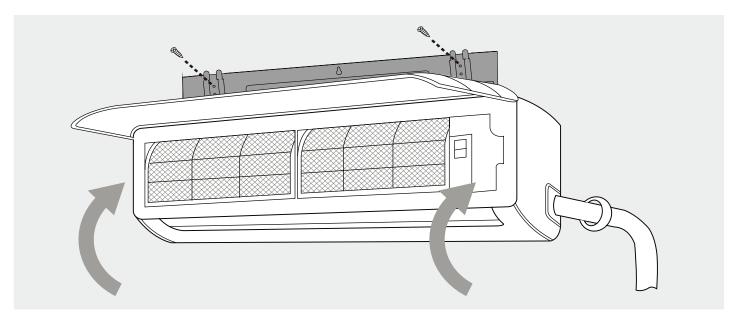


Fig. 2.1

NOTE ON ILLUSTRATIONS

Illustrations in this manual are for explanatory purposes. The actual shape of your indoor unit may vary.



Installation Instructions – Indoor Unit

PRIOR TO INSTALLATION

Before installing the indoor unit, refer to the label on the product box to make sure that the model number of the indoor unit matches the model number of the outdoor unit.

Step 1: Select installation location

Before installing the indoor unit, you must choose an appropriate location. The following are standards will help you choose an appropriate location.

Proper installation locations meet the following standards:

- **☑** Good air circulation
- ☑ Convenient drainage
- Noise from the unit will not disturb other people
- ☑ Firm and solid—the location will not vibrate
- Strong enough to support the weight of the unit
- ☑ A location at least one meter form all other electrical devices (e.g., TV, radio, computer)

DO NOT install unit in the following locations:

- Near any source of heat, steam, or combustible gas
- Near □ammable items such as curtains or clothing
- Near any obstacle that might block air circulation
- ∅ In a location subject to direct sunlight

NOTE ABOUT WALL HOLE:

If there is no \Box xedefrigerant piping:

While choosing a location, be awæ that you should leave ample room for a wall hole (see **Drill wall hole for connective piping** step) for the signal cable andrefrigerant piping that connect the indoor and outdoor units. The default position for all piping is the right side of the indoor unit (while facing the unit). However, the unit can accommodate piping to left or right.

Refer to the following diagram to ensure proper distance from walls and ceiling:

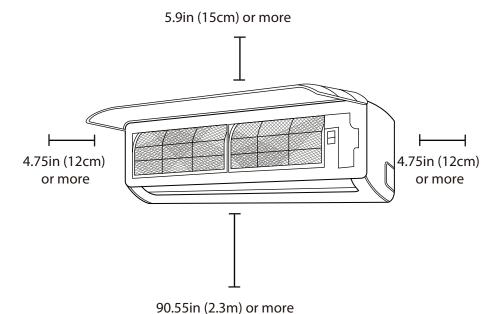


Fig. 3.1

Step 2: Attach mounting plate to wall

The mounting plate is the device on which you will mount the indoor unit.

- 1. Remove the screw that attaches the mounting plate to the back of the indoor unit.
- 2. Place the mounting plate against the wall in a location that meets the standards in the **Select Installation Location** step.(See **Mounting Plate Dimensions** for detailed information on mounting plate sizes.)
- 3. Drill holes for mounting scews in places that:
 - have studs and can support the weight of the unit
 - correspond to screw holes in the mounting plate
- 4. Secure the mounting plate to the wall with the screws provided.
- 5. Make sure that mounting plate is flat against the wall.

NOTE FOR CONCRETE OR BRICK WALLS:

If the wall is made of brick, concrete, or similar material, drill 0.2in-diameter (5mm-diameter) holes in the wall and insert the sleeve anchors provided. Secure the mounting plate to the wall by tightening the screws directly into the clip anchors.

Step 3: Drill wall hole for connective piping

You must drill a hole in the wall forefrigerant piping, the drainage pipe, and the signal cable that will connect the indoor and outdoor units.

- 1. Determine the location of the wall hole based on the position of the mounting plate. Refer to **Mounting Plate Dimensions** on the next page to help you determine the optimal position. The wall hole should have a 2.5in (65mm) diameter at least, and at a slightly lower angle to facilitate drainage.
- 2. Using a 2.5in (65-mm) cœ drill, drill a hole in the wall. Make swe that the hole is drilled at a slight downward angle, so that the outdoor end of the hole is lower than the indoor end by about 0.2 to 0.275in (5mm-7mm). This will ensure proper water drainage. (See **Fig. 3.2**)
- 3. Place the protective wall cuff in the hole. This protects the edges of the hole and will help seal it when you finish the installation process.



CAUTION

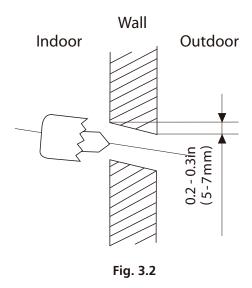
When drilling the wall hole, make see to avoid wires, plumbing, and other sensitive components.

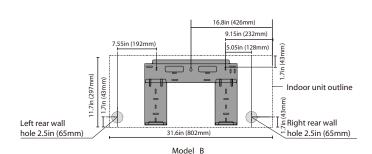
Indoor Unit Installation

11.4in (290mm)

Left rear wall

hole 2.5in (65mm)





28.45in (722mm)

13.7in (348.4mm) 7.05in (179m

5.35in (136mn

Indoor unit outline

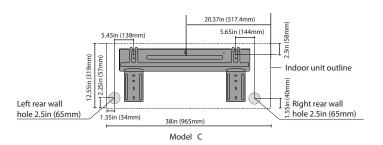
Right rear wall

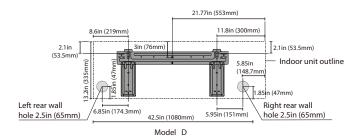
hole 2.5in (65mm)

MOUNTING PLATE DIMENSIONS

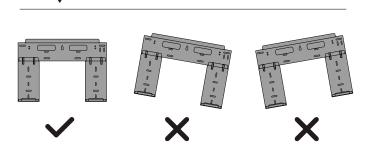
Different models have different mounting plates. In order to ensure that you have ampleroom to mount the indoor unit, the diagrams to the right show different types of mounting plates along with the following dimensions:

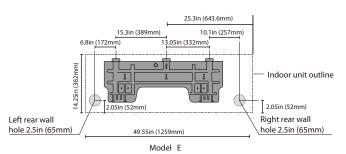
- Width of mounting plate
- Height of mounting plate
- Width of indoor unitrelative to plate
- Height of indoor unitrelative to plate
- Recommended position of wall hole (both to the left and right of mounting plate)
- Relative distances between sœw holes





Correct orientation of Mounting Plate



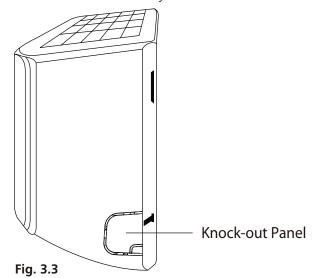


Indoor Unit Installation

Step 4: Prepare refrigerant piping

The refrigerant piping is inside an insulating sleeve attached to the back of the unitYou must prepare the piping before passing it through the hole in the wall. Refer to the Refrigerant Piping Connection section of this manual for detailed instructions on pipe □aring and □re torque requirements, technique, etc.

- 1. Based on the position of the wall holeelative to the mounting plate, choose the siderform which the piping will exit the unit.
- 2. If the wall hole is behind the unit, keep the knock-out panel in place. If the wall hole is to the side of the indoor unitremove the plastic knock-out panel fom that side of the unit. (See **Fig. 3.3**). This will ceate a slot through which your piping can exit the unit. Use needle nose pliers if the plastic panel is too difficult to remove by hand.



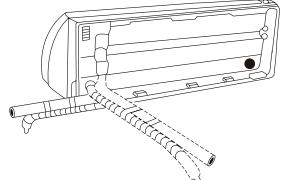
- 3. Use scissors to cut down the length of the insulating sleeve to reveal about 6in (15cm) of the refrigerant piping. This serves two purposes:
 - To facilitate the Refrigerant Piping Connection process
 - To facilitate Gas Leak Checks and enable you to check for dents
- 4. If existing connective piping is already embedded in the wall, proceed directly to the **Connect Drain Hose** step. If there is no embedded piping, connect the indoor units refrigerant piping to the connective piping that will join the indoor and outdoor units. Refer to the **Refrigerant Piping Connection** section of this manual for detailed instructions.
- 5. Based on the position of the wall hole relative to the mounting plate, determine the necessary angle of your piping.
- 6. Grip the refrigerant piping at the base of the bend
- 7. Slowly, with even pressure, bend the piping towards the hole. **Do not** dent or damage the piping during the process.

NOTE ON PIPING ANGLE

Refrigerant piping can exit the indoor unit fom four different angles:

- Left-hand side
- Left rear
- Right-hand side
- Right rear

Refer to Fig. 3.4 for details.



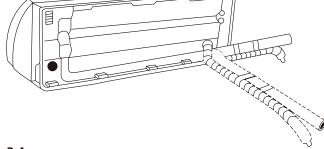


Fig. 3.4

CAUTION

Be extremely careful not to dent or damage the piping while bending them awayofm the unit. Any dents in the piping will affect the unit's performance.

Step 5: Connect drain hose

By default, the drain hose is attached to the lefthand side of unit (when you'e facing the back of the unit). Howeve, it can also be attached to the right-hand side.

- 1. To ensure proper drainage, attach the drain hose on the same side that yourrefrigerant piping exits the unit.
- 2. Attach drain hose extension (purchased separately) to the end of drain hose.
- 3. Wrap the connection point firmly with Teflon tape to ensure a good seal and to prevent leaks.
- 4. For the portion of the drain hose that will remain indoors, wrap it with foam pipe insulation to prevent condensation.
- 5. Remove the air \square Iterand pour a small amount of water into the drain pan to make sue that water \square ows from the unit smoothly.

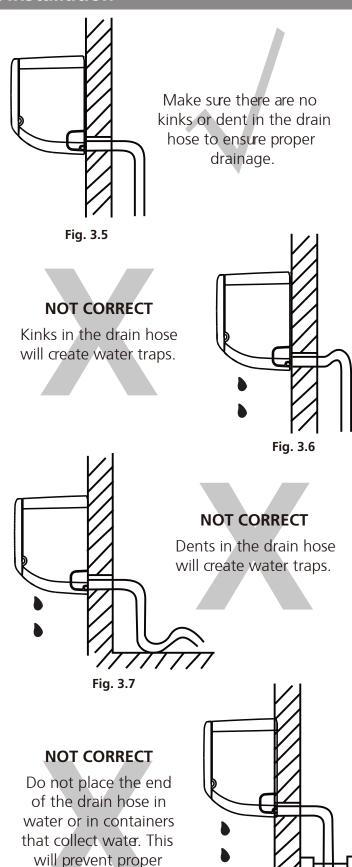


Make sure to arrange the drain hose according to **Fig. 3.5**.

- **DO NOT** kink the drain hose.
- **DO NOT** create a water trap.
- **DO NOT** put the end of drain hose in water or a container that will collect water.

PLUG THE UNUSED DRAIN HOLE

To prevent unwanted leaks you must plug the unused drain hole with the rubber plug provided.



drainage.

Fig. 3.8

Indoor Unit Installation

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BEFORE PERFORMING ELECTRICAL WORK, READ THESE REGULATIONS

- 1. All wiring must comply with local and national electrical codes, and must be installed by a licensed electrician.
- 2. All electrical connections must be made according to the Electrical Connection Diagram located on the panels of the indoor and outdoor units.
- 3. If there is a serious safety issue with the power supply stop work immediately. Explain your reasoning to the client, andrefuse to install the unit until the safety issue is poperly resolved.
- 4. Power voltage should be within 90-100% of rated voltage. Inficient power supply can cause malfunction, electrical shock, or fire.
- 5. **If connecting power to fixed wiring, install a surge protector** and main power switch with a capacity 1.5 times the maximum unit current.
- 6. If connecting power to fixed wiring, a switch or circuit breaker that disconnects all poles and has a contact separation of at least 1/8in (3mm) must be incorporated in the fixed wiring. The qualified technician must use an approved circuit breaker or switch.
- 7. Only connect the unit to an individual branch circuit outlet. Do not connect another appliance to that outlet.
- 8. Make sure to properly ground the air conditioner.
- 9. Every wire must be firmly connected. Loose wiring can cause the terminal to overheat, resulting in malfunction and possible fire.
- 10. Do not let wires touch orrest against refrigerant tubing, the compressor, or any moving parts within the unit.
- 11. If the unit has an auxiliary electric heat**e** it must be installed at least 40in (1 meter) away from combustible materials.



WARNING

BEFORE PERFORMING ANY ELECTRICAL OR WIRING WORK, TURN OFF THE MAIN POWER TO THE SYSTEM.

Step 6: Connect signal cable

The signal cable enables communication between the indoor and outdoor units. You must □rst choose the appropriate cable size before preparing it for connection.

Cable Types

• **Indoor Power Cable** (if applicable): H05W-F or H05V2V2-F

Outdoor Power Cable: H07RN-F

• **Signal Cable:** H07RN-F

Minimum Cross-Sectional Area of Power and Signal Cables

North America

Appliance Amps (A)	AWG
10	18
13	16
18	14
25	12
30	10

Other Regions

Rated Current of Appliance (A)	Nominal Cross-Sectional Area (mm²)
> 3 and ≤ 6	0.75
> 6 and ≤ 10	1
> 10 and≤ 16	1.5
> 16 and≤ 25	2.5
> 25 and≤ 32	4
> 32 and≤ 40	6

CHOOSE THE APPROPRIATE CABLE SIZE

The size of the power supply cable, signal cable, fuse, and switch needed is determined by the maximum unit current. The maximum unit current is indicated on the nameplate located on the side panel of the unit. Refer to this nameplate to choose the right cable, fuse, or switch.

TAKE NOTE OF FUSE SPECIFICATIONS

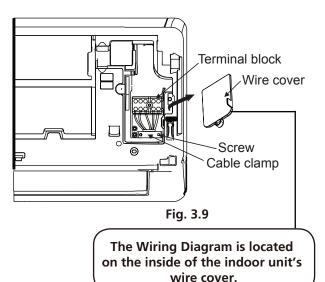
The air conditioner's circuit board (PCB) is designed with a fuse to provide overcurrent protection. The speci□cations of the fuse are printed on the circuit board, such as: T3.15A/250/AC, T5A/250/AC, etc.

- 1. Prepare the cable for connection:
 - a. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of signal cable to eveal about 1.57in (40mm) of the wes inside.
 - b. Strip the insulation from the ends of the wires.
 - c. Using wire crimper, crimp u-type lugs on the ends of the wies.

PAY ATTENTION TO LIVE WIRE

While crimping wires, make sure you clearly distinguish the Live ("L")Wire from other wires.

- 2. Open front panel of the indoor unit.
- 3. Using a screwdriver, open the wire box cover on the right side of the unit. This willeveal the terminal block.





WARNING

ALL WIRING MUST PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WIRING DIAGRAM LOCATED ON THE INSIDE OF THE INDOOR UNIT'S WIRE COVER.

- 4. Unscrew the cable clamp below the terminal block and place it to the side.
- 5. Facing the back of the unitremove the plastic panel on the bottom left-hand side.

- 6. Feed the signal wire through this slot, fom the back of the unit to therbnt.
- 7. Facing the front of the unit, match the we colors with the labels on the terminal block, connect the u-lug and and firmly screw each wire to its corresponding terminal.



CAUTION

DO NOT MIX UP LIVE AND NULL WIRES

This is dangerous, and can cause the air conditioning unit to malfunction.

- 8. After checking to make sue every connection is secure, use the cable clamp to fasten the signal cable to the unit. Scew the cable clamp down tightly.
- 9. Replace the wire cover on the font of the unit, and the plastic panel on the back.



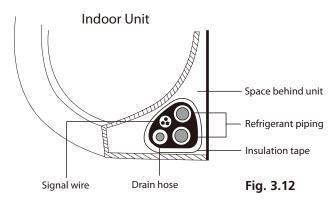
NOTE ABOUT WIRING

THE WIRING CONNECTION PROCESS MAY DIFFER SLIGHTLY BETWEEN UNITS.

Step 7: Wrap piping and cables

Before passing the piping, drain hose, and the signal cable through the wall hole, you must bundle them together to protect them, insulate them, and save space.

1. Bundle the drain hose,refrigerant pipes, and signal cable according to **Fig. 3.12**.



DRAIN HOSE MUST BE ON BOTTOM

Make sure that the drain hose is at the bottom of the bundle. Putting the drain hose at the top of the bundle can cause the drain pan to over □ow, which may lead to □re or water damage.

DO NOT INTERTWINE SIGNAL CABLE WITH OTHER WIRES

While bundling these items together, do not intertwine or cross the signal cable with any other wiring.

- 2. Using adhesive vinyl tape, attach the drain hose to the underside of therefrigerant pipes.
- 3. Using insulation tape, wrap the signal we, refrigerant pipes, and drain hose tightly together. Double-check that all items æ bundled in accordance with Fig. 3.12.

DO NOT WRAP ENDS OF PIPING

When wrapping the bundle, keep the ends of the piping unwrapped. You need to access them to test for leaks at the end of the installation process (refer to **Electrical Checks and Leak Checks** section of this manual).

Step 8: Mount indoor unit

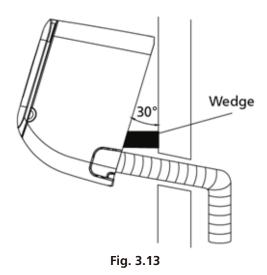
If you installed new connective piping to the outdoor unit, do the following:

- 1. If you have already passed the refrigerant piping through the hole in the wall, poceed to Step 4.
- 2. Otherwise, double-check that the ends of the refrigerant pipes are sealed to prevent dirt or foreign material from entering the pipes.
- 3. Slowly pass the wrapped bundle of refrigerant pipes, drain hose, and signal wre through the hole in the wall.
- 4. Hook the top of the indoor unit on the upper hook of the mounting plate.
- 5. Check that unit is hooked firmly on mounting plate by applying slight pressure to the left and right-hand sides of the unit. The unit should not jiggle or shift.
- 6. Using even pressure, push down on the bottom half of the unit. Keep pushing down until the unit snaps onto the hooks along the bottom of the mounting plate.
- 7. Again, check that the unit is □rmly mounted by applying slight pressure to the left and the right-hand sides of the unit.

Indoor Unit Installation

If refrigerant piping is already embedded in the wall, do the following:

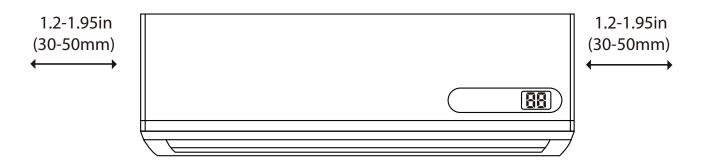
- 1. Hook the top of the indoor unit on the upper hook of the mounting plate.
- 2. Use a bracket or wedge to pop up the unit, giving you enough room to connect the refrigerant piping, signal cable, and drain hose. Refer to Fig. 3.13 for an example.



- 3. Connect drain hose andrefrigerant piping (refer to **Refrigerant Piping Connection** section of this manual for instructions).
- Keep pipe connection point exposed to perform the leak test (efer to Electrical Checks and Leak Checks section of this manual).
- 5. After the leak test, wrap the connection point with insulation tape.
- 6. Remove the bracketor wedge that is propping up the unit.
- 7. Using even pressure, push down on the bottom half of the unit. Keep pushing down until the unit snaps onto the hooks along the bottom of the mounting plate.

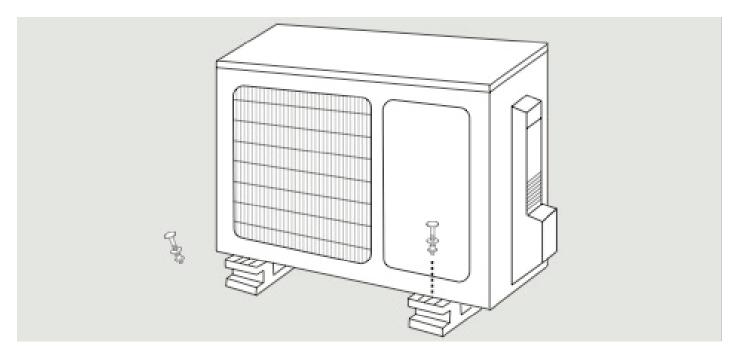
UNIT IS ADJUSTABLE

Keep in mind that the hooks on the mounting platere smaller than the holes on the back of the unit. If you □nd that you do't have ample room to connect embedded pipes to the indoor unit, the unit can be adjusted left or right by about 1.25-1.95in (30-50mm), depending on the model. (See **Fig. 3.14**.)



Move to left or right

Fig. 3.14



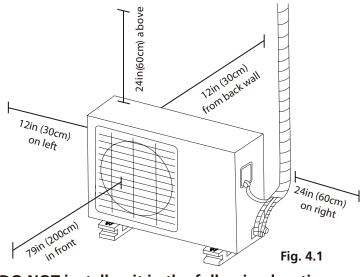
Installation Instructions – Outdoor Unit

Step 1: Select installation location

Before installing the outdoor unit, you must choose an appropriate location. The following standards will help you choose an appropriate location.

Proper installation locations meet the following standards:

- ☑ Meets all spatialrequirements shown in Installation Space Requirements (Fig. 4.1)
- ☑ Good air circulation and ventilation
- ☑ Firm and solid location that can support the unit and will cause vibration.
- ☑ Noise from the unit will not disturb others
- ☑ Protected from prolonged periods of direct sunlight or rain



$\underline{\text{DO NOT}}$ install unit in the following locations:

- Near an obstacle that will block air inlets and outlets
- Near a public street, crowded areas, or where noise from the unit will disturb others
- Near animals or plants that will be harmed by hot air discharge
- Near any source of combustible gas
- In a location that is exposed to large amounts of dust
- In a location exposed to a excessive amounts of salty air

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR EXTREME **WEATHER**

If the unit is exposed to heavy wind:

Install unit so that air outlet fan is at a 90° angle to the direction of the wind. If needed, build a barrier 2. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base in front of the unit to protect it from extremely heavy winds. Ensure the wind barrier does not block necessary air flow.

See Fig. 4.2 and Fig. 4.3 below.

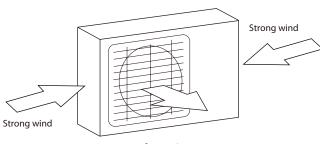
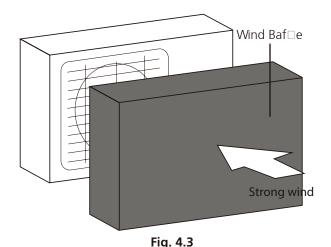


Fig. 4.2



If the unit is frequently exposed to heavy rain or snow:

Build a shelter above the unit it to potect it from the rain or snow. Be careful not to obstruct air □ow round the unit.

If the unit is frequently exposed to salty air (seaside):

Use an outdoor unit that is specially designed to resist salt corrosion.

Step 2: Install drain joint

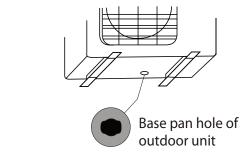
Heat pump units require a drain joint. Before bolting the outdoor unit in place, you must install the drain joint at the bottom of the unit. Note that there are two different types of drain joints depending on the type of outdoor unit.

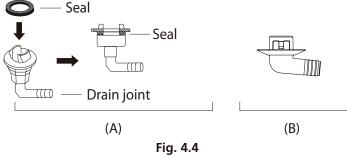
If the drain joint comes with a rubber seal (see Fig. 4.4 - A), do the following:

- 1. Fit the rubber seal on the end of the drain joint that will connect to the outdoor unit.
- pan of the unit.
- 3. Rotate the drain joint 90° until it clicks in place facing the front of the unit.
- 4. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint toredirect water from the unit during heating mode.

If the drain joint doesn't come with a rubber seal (see Fig. 4.4 - B), do the following:

- 1. Insert the drain joint into the hole in the base pan of the unit. The drain joint will click in place.
- 2. Connect a drain hose extension (not included) to the drain joint toredirect water from the unit during heating mode.





IN COLD CLIMATES

In cold climates, make sure that the drain hose is as vertical as possible to ensure swift water drainage. If water drains too slow, it can freeze in the hose and flood the unit.

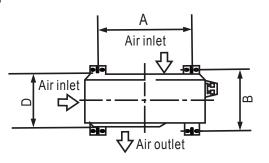
Step 3: Anchor outdoor unit

The outdoor unit can be anchoed to the ground or to a wall-mounted bracket.

UNIT MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

The following is a list of different outdoor unit sizes and the distance between their mounting feet.

Prepare the installation base of the unit according to the dimensions below.



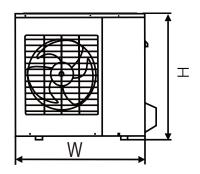


Fig. 4.5

Outdoor Unit Dimensions (in/mm)	Mounting Dimensions	
WxHxD	Distance A (in/mm)	Distance B (in/mm)
26.8"x17"x11.2" (681x434x285)	18.10" (460)	11.49" (292)
27.5"x21.6"x10.62" (700x550x270)	17.7" (450)	10.24" (260)
30.7"x21.25"x9.85" (780x540x250)	21.6" (549)	10.85" (276)
33.25"x27.5"x12.6" (845x700x320)	22" (560)	13.2" (335)
31.9"x22"x12.2" (810x558x310)	21.6" (549)	12.8" (325)
27.5"x21.6"x10.82" (700x550x275)	17.7" (450)	10.24" (260)
30.3"x21.85"x11.81" (770x555x300)	19.2" (487)	11.73" (298)
31.5"x21.8"x13.1" (800x554x333)	20.24" (514)	13.39" (340)
33.25"x27.63"x14.29" (845x702x363)	21.26" (540)	13.8" (350)
35.4"x33.85"x12.4" (900x860x315)	23.2" (590)	13.1" (333)
37.2"x31.9"x15.55" (945x810x395)	25.2" (640)	15.95" (405)
37.21"x31.9"x16.53" (946x810x420)	26.5" (673)	15.87" (403)
37.21"x31.9"x16.14" (946x810x410)	26.5" (673)	15.87" (403)

If you will install the unit on the ground or on a concrete mounting platform, do the following:

- 1. Mark the positions for four expansion bolts based on dimensions in the Unit Mounting Dimensions chart.
- 2. Pre-drill holes for expansion bolts.
- 3. Clean concrete dust away fom holes.
- 4. Place a nut on the end of each expansion bolt.
- 5. Hammer expansion bolts into the pe-drilled holes.

- 6. Remove the nuts from expansion bolts, and place outdoor unit on bolts.
- 7. Put washer on each expansion bolt, then replace the nuts.
- 8. Using a wrench, tighten each nut until snug.



WARNING

WHEN DRILLING INTO CONCRETE, EYE PROTECTION IS REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES.

If you will install the unit on a wall-mounted bracket, do the following:

0

CAUTION

Before installing a wall-mounted unit, make sure that the wall is made of solid brick, concrete, or of similarly stong material. **The** wall must be able to support at least four times the weight of the unit.

- Mark the position of bracket holes based on dimensions in the Unit Mounting Dimensions chart.
- 2. Pre-drill the holes for the expansion bolts.
- 3. Clean dust and debris away from holes.
- 4. Place a washer and nut on the end of each expansion bolt.
- 5. Thread expansion bolts through holes in mounting brackets, put mounting brackets in position, and hammer expansion bolts into the wall.
- 6. Check that the mounting brackets **æ** level.
- 7. Carefully lift unit and place its mounting feet on brackets.
- 8. Bolt the unit firmly to the brackets.

TO REDUCE VIBRATIONS OF WALL-MOUNTED UNIT

If allowed, you can install the wall-mounted unit with rubber gaskets to reduce vibrations and noise.

Step 4: Connect signal and power cables

The outside unit's terminal block is protected by an electrical wiring cover on the side of the unit. A comprehensive wiring diagram is printed on the inside of the wiring cove.

BEFORE PERFORMING ELECTRICAL WORK, READ THESE REGULATIONS

- 1. All wiring must comply with local and national electrical codes, and must be installed by a licensed electrician.
- 2. All electrical connections must be made according to the Electrical Connection Diagram located on the side panels of the indoor and outdoor units.
- 3. If there is a serious safety issue with the power supply, stop work immediately. Explain your reasoning to the client, andrefuse to install the unit until the safety issue is properly resolved.
- 4. Power voltage should be within 90-100% of rated voltage. Insuf □ cient power supply can cause electrical shock or re.
- 5. If connecting power to fixed wiring, install a surge protector and main power switch with a capacity of 1.5 times the maximum curent of the unit.
- 6. If connecting power to □xed wiring, a switch or circuit breaker that disconnects all poles and has a contact separation of at least 1/8in (3mm) must be incorporated in the □xed wiring. The quali□ed technician must use an approved circuit breaker or switch.
- 7. Only connect the unit to an individual branch circuit outlet. Do not connect another appliance to that outlet.
- 8. Make sure to properly ground the air conditioner.
- 9. Every wire must be firmly connected. Loose wiring can cause the terminal to overheat, resulting in product malfunction and possible fire.
- 10. **Do not** let wires touch orrest against refrigerant tubing, the compressor, or any moving parts within the unit.
- 11.If the unit has an auxiliary electric heate it must be installed at least 40in(1 meter) away from any combustible materials.

WARNING

BEFORE PERFORMING ANY ELECTRICAL OR WIRING WORK, TURN OFF THE MAIN POWER TO THE SYSTEM.

1. Prepare the cable for connection:

USE THE RIGHT CABLE

 Indoor Power Cable (if applicable): H05V-F or H05V2V2-F

Outdoor Power Cable: H07RN-F

• Signal Cable: H07RN-F

Minimum Cross-Sectional Area of Power and Signal Cables

North America

Appliance Amps (A)	AWG
10	18
13	16
18	14
25	12
30	10

Other Regions

Rated Current of Appliance (A)	Nominal Cross- Sectional Area (mm²)
> 3 and≤ 6	0.75
> 6 and≤ 10	1
> 10 and≤ 16	1.5
> 16 and≤ 25	2.5
> 25 and≤ 32	4
> 32 and≤ 40	6

- a. Using wire strippers, strip the rubber jacket from both ends of cable toreveal about 1.57in (40mm) of the wes inside.
- b. Strip the insulation from the ends of the wires.
- c. Using a wire crimper, crimp u-lugs on the ends of the wires.

PAY ATTENTION TO LIVE WIRE

While crimping wires, make sure you clearly distinguish the Live ("L")Wire from other wires.

A

WARNING

ALL WIRING MUST PERFORMED STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WIRING DIRGRAM LOCATED INSIDE THE OUTDOOR UNIT'S WIRE COVER.

- 2. Unscrew the electrical wiring cover and remove it.
- 3. Unscrew the cable clamp below the terminal block and place it to the side.
- 4. Match the wire colors/labels with the labels on the terminal block, and firmly screw the u-lug of each wire to its corresponding terminal.
- 5. After checking to make sume every connection is secure, loop the wires around to prevent rain water fom flowing into the terminal.
- 6. Using the cable clamp, fasten the cable to the unit. Sorew the cable clamp down tight.
- 7. Insulate unused wires with PVC electrical tape. Arrange them so that they do not touch any electrical or metal parts.
- 8. Replace the wire cover on the side of the unit, and screw it in place.

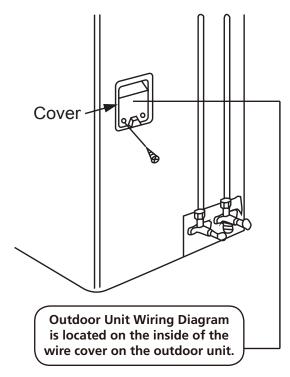
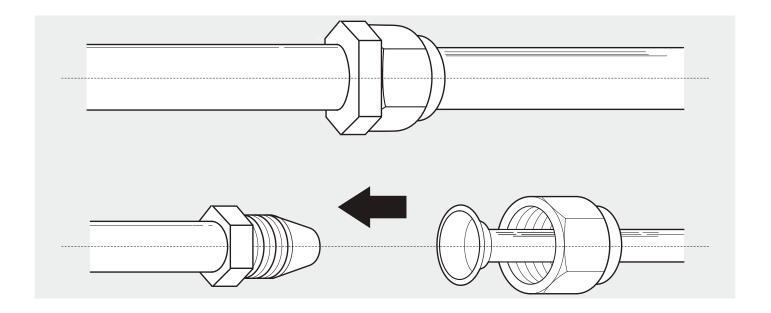


Fig. 4.6



Note on Pipe Length

The length of refrigerant piping will affect the performance and energy ef □ ciency of the unit. Nominal ef □ ciency is tested on units with a pipe length of 16.5ft (5 meters).

Refer to the table below for speci cations on the maximum length and to height of piping.

Maximum Length and Drop Height of Refrigerant Piping per Unit Model

Model	Capacity (BTU/h)	Max. Length (ft/m)	Max. D orp Height (ft/m)
	< 15,000	82ft (25)	33ft (10)
R410A Inverter Split Air	≥ 15,000 and < 24,000	98.5ft (30)	66ft (20)
Conditioner	≥ 24,000 and < 36,000	164ft (50)	82ft (25)
	≥ 36,000 and 60,000	213ft (65)	98.5ft (30)

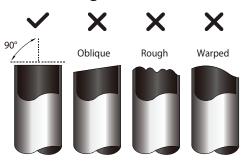
Connection Instructions – Refrigerant Piping

Step 1: Cut pipes

When preparing refrigerant pipes, take extra cae to cut and are them properly. This will ensure efacient operation and minimize the need for future maintenance.

1. Measure the distance between the indoor and outdoor units.

- 2. Using a pipe cutter, cut the pipe a little longer than the measured distance.
- 3. Make sure that the pipe is cut at a perfect 90° angle. Refer to **Fig. 5.1** for bad cut examples.



Fia. 5.1

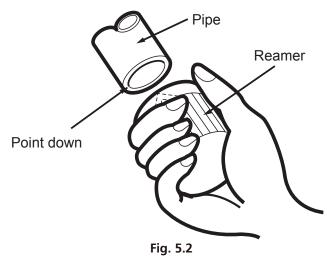
DO NOT DEFORM PIPE WHILE CUTTING

Be extra careful not to damage, dent, or deform the pipe while cutting. This will drastically reduce the heating efficiency of the unit.

Step 2: Remove burrs

Burrs can affect the air-tight seal of refrigerant piping connection. They must be completely removed.

- 1. Hold the pipe at a downwad angle to prevent burrs from falling into the pipe.
- 2. Using a reamer or deburring tool,remove all burrs from the cut section of the pipe.



Step 3: Flare pipe ends

Proper \square aring is essential to achieve an airtight seal.

- 1. After removing burrs from cut pipe, seal the ends with PVC tape to pevent foreign materials from entering the pipe.
- 2. Sheath the pipe with insulating material.
- 3. Place flare nuts on both ends of pipe. Make sure they are facing in the right direction, because you can't put them on or change their direction after flaring. See **Fig. 5.3**.

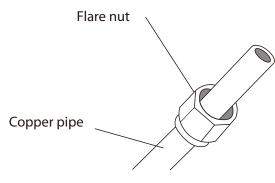


Fig. 5.3

- 4. Remove PVC tape from ends of pipe when ready to perform flaring work.
- 5. Clamp flare form on the end of the pipe.
 The end of the pipe must extend beyond the edge of the flare form in accordance with the dimensions shown in the table below.

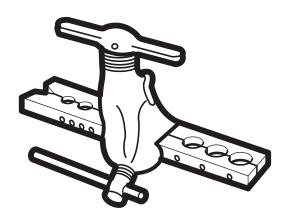
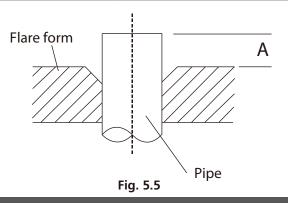


Fig. 5.4

PIPING EXTENSION BEYOND FLARE FORM

Outer Diameter of	A (in/mm)		
Pipe (in/mm)	Min.	Max.	
Ø 0.25" (Ø 6.35)	0.0275" (0.7)	0.05" (1.3)	
Ø 0.375" (Ø 9.52)	0.04" (1.0)	0.063" (1.6)	
Ø 0.5" (Ø 12.7)	0.04" (1.0)	0.07" (1.8)	
Ø 0.63" (Ø 16)	0.078" (2.0)	0.086" (2.2)	



Refrigerant Piping Connection

- 6. Place flaring tool onto the form.
- 7. Turn the handle of the flaring tool clockwise until the pipe is fully flared.
- 8. Remove the flaring tool and flare form, then inspect the end of the pipe for cracks and even flaring.

Step 4: Connect pipes

When connecting refrigerant pipes, be careful not to use excessive tarque or to deform the piping in any way. You should \Box rst connect the low-pressure pipe, then the high-pressure pipe.

MINIMUM BEND RADIUS

When bending connective refrigerant piping, the minimum bending radius is 10cm. See **Fig 5.6**.

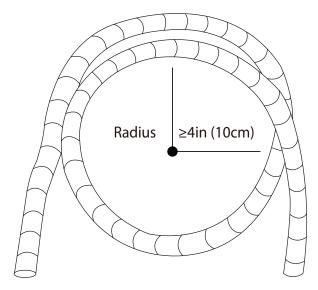


Fig. 5.6

Instructions for Connecting Piping to Indoor Unit

1. Align the center of the two pipes that you will connect. See **Fig. 5.7**.

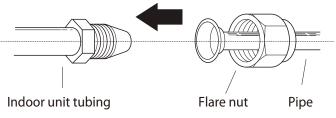


Fig. 5.7

- 2. Tighten the flare nut as tightly as possible by hand.
- 3. Using a spanner, grip the nut on the unit tubing.
- 4. While firmly gripping the nut on the unit tubing, use a torque wrench to tighten the flare nut according to the torque values in the **Torque Requirements** table below. Loosen the flaring nut slightly, then tighten again.

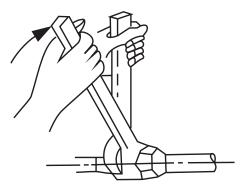


Fig. 5.8

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS

Outer Diameter of Pipe (in/mm)	Tightening Torque (N•cm)	Add. Tightening Torque (N•m)
Ø 0.25" (Ø 6.35)	1,500 (11lb•ft)	1,600 (11.8lb•ft)
Ø 0.375" (Ø 9.52)	2,500 (18.4lb•ft)	2,600 (19.18lb•ft)
Ø 0.5" (Ø 12.7)	3,500 (25.8lb•ft)	3,600 (26.55lb•ft)
Ø 0.63" (Ø 16)	4,500 (33.19lb•ft)	4,700 (34.67lb•ft)



DO NOT USE EXCESSIVE TORQUE

Excessive force can break the nut or damage therefrigerant piping. You must not exceed torque requirements shown in the table above.

Instructions for Connecting Piping to Outdoor Unit

1. Unscrew the cover fom the packed valve on the side of the outdoor unit. (Se**Fig. 5.9**)

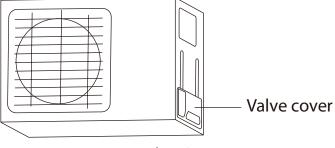


Fig. 5.9

- 2. Remove protective caps from ends of valves.
- 3. Align flared pipe end with each valve, and tighten the flare nut as tightly as possible by hand.
- 4. Using a spanner, grip the body of the valve. Do not grip the nut that seals the service valve. (See **Fig. 5.10**)

USE SPANNER TO GRIP MAIN BODY OF VALVE

Torque from tightening the flare nut can snap off other parts of valve.

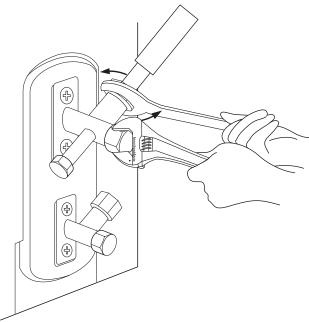
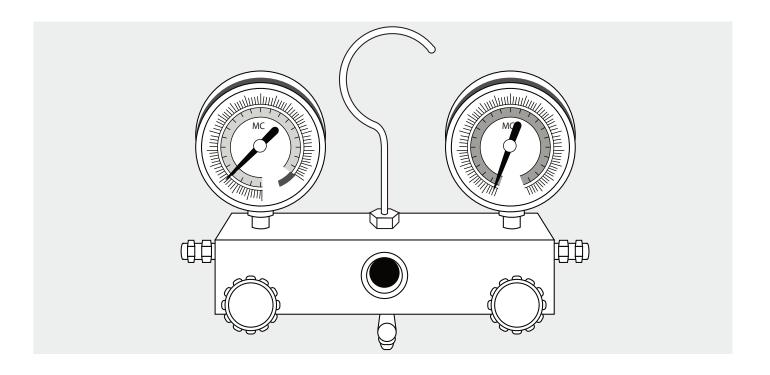


Fig. 5.10

- 5. While firmly gripping the body of the valve, use a torque wrench to tighten the flare nut according to the correct torque values.
- 6. Loosen the flaring nut slightly, then tighten again.
- 7. Repeat Steps 3 to 6 for the emaining pipe.



Preparations and Precautions

Air and foreign matter in therefrigerant circuit can cause abnormal rises in pressure, which can damage the air conditioner, reduce its ef ciency, and cause injury. Use a vacuum pump and manifold gauge to evacuate therefrigerant circuit, removing any non-condensable gas and moisture from the system.

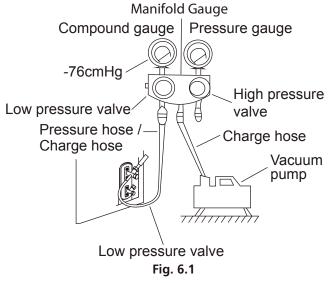
Evacuation should be performed upon initial installation and when unit is relocated.

BEFORE PERFORMING EVACUATION

- Check to make sure that both highpressure and low-pressure pipes between the indoor and outdoor units are connected properly in accordance with the Refrigerant Piping Connection section of this manual.
- Check to make sure all wiring is connected properly.

Evacuation Instructions

Before using the manifold gauge and vacuum pump, read their operation manuals to familiarize yourself with how to use them poperly.



- 1. Connect the charge hose of the manifold gauge to service port on the outdoor unis low pressure valve.
- 2. Connect another charge hose from the manifold gauge to the vacuum pump.

Air Evacuation

- 3. Open the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge. Keep the High Pressure side closed.
- 4. Turn on the vacuum pump to evacuate the system.
- 5. Run the vacuum for at least 15 minutes, or until the Compound Meterreads -76cmHG $(-10^5 Pa)$.
- 6. Close the Low Pressure side of the manifold gauge, and turn off the vacuum pump.
- 7. Wait for 5 minutes, then check that the has been no change in system pressure.
- 8. If there is a change in system pressure, refer to Gas Leak Check section for information on how to check for leaks. If thre is no change in system pressure, unscrew the cap from the packed valve (high pressure valve).
- Insert hexagonal wrench into the packed valve (high pressure valve) and open the valve by turning the wrench in a 1/4 counterclockwise turn. Listen for gas to exit the system, then close the valve after 5 seconds.
- 10. Watch the Pressure Gauge for one minute to make sure that there is no change in pressure. The Pressure Gauge shouldread slightly higher than atmospheric pressure.

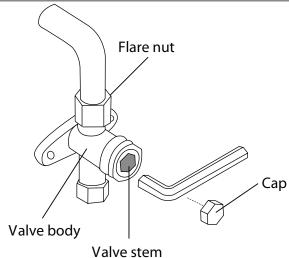


Fig. 6.2

- 11. Remove the charge hose from the service port.
- 12. Using hexagonal wrench, fully open both the high pressure and low pressure valves.
- 13. Tighten valve caps on all three valves (service port, high pressure, low pressure) by hand. You may tighten it further using a toque wrench if needed.

OPEN VALVE STEMS GENTLY

When opening valve stems, tun the hexagonal wrench until it hits against the stoppe. Do not try to force the valve to open further.

Note on Adding Refrigerant

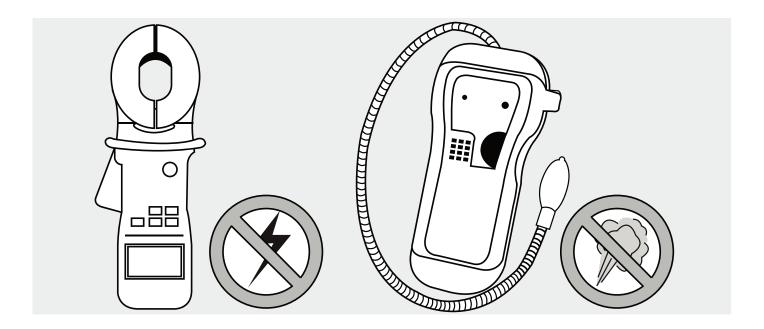
Some systems require additional charging depending on pipe lengths. The standed pipe length varies according to local regulations. For example, in North America, the standed pipe length is 25ft (7.5m). In other areas, the standard pipe length is 16ft (5m). The additional efrigerant to be charged can be calculated using the following formula:

ADDITIONAL REFRIGERANT PER PIPE LENGTH					
Connective Pipe Length (m)	Air Purging Method	Additional Refrigerant			
≤ Standard pipe length	Vacuum Pump	N/A			
		Liquid Side: Ø 0.25" (ø 6.35)	Liquid Side: Ø 0.375" (ø 9.52)		
> Standard pipe length	Vacuum Pump	R22: (Pipe length – standard length) x 30g/m (Pipe length – standard length) x 0.32oZ/ft Inverter R410A: (Pipe length – standard length) x 15g/m (Pipe length – standard length) x 0.16oZ/ft	R22: (Pipe length – standard length) x 60g/m (Pipe length – standard length) x 0.64oZ/ft Inverter R410A: (Pipe length – standard length) x 30g/m (Pipe length – standard length) x 0.32oZ/ft		
		Fixed-frequency R410A: (Pipe length – standard length) x 20g/m (Pipe length – standard length) x 0.21oZ/ft	Fixed-frequency R410A: (Pipe length – standard length) x 40g/m (Pipe length – standard length) x 0.42oZ/ft		



CAUTION

DO NOT mix refrigerant types.



Electrical Safety Checks

After installation, con □rm that all electrical wiring is installed in accordance with local and national regulations, and according to the Installation Manual.

BEFORE TEST RUN

Check Grounding Work

Measure grounding resistance by visual detection and with grounding resistance tester. Grounding resistance must be less than 4.

Note: This may not be required for some locations in the US.

DURING TEST RUN

Check for Electrical Leakage

During the **Test Run**, use an electoprobe and multimeter to perform a compehensive electrical leakage test.

If electrical leakage is detected, tun off the unit immediately and call a licensed electrician to $\Box nd$ and resolve the cause of the leakage.

Note: This may not berequired for some locations in the US.

WARNING – RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

ALL WIRING MUST COMPLY WITH LOCAL AND NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODES, AND MUST BE INSTALLED BY A LICENSED ELECTRICIAN.

Gas Leak Checks

There are two different methods to check for gaseous leaks.

Soap and Water Method

Using a soft brush, apply soapy water or liquid detergent to all pipe connection points on the indoor unit and outdoor unit. The pesence of bubbles indicates a leak.

Leak Detector Method

If using leak detector, refer to the devices operation manual for proper usage instructions.

AFTER PERFORMING GAS LEAK CHECKS

After con ☐rming that the all pipe connection points DO NOT leak, replace the valve cover on the outside unit.

Test Run



Before Test Run

Only perform test run after you have completed the following steps:

- **Electrical Safety Checks** Con□rm that the electrical system is safe and operating properly
- Gas Leak Checks Check all □æ nut connections and con□rm that the system is not leaking
- Con ☐rm that gas and liquid (high and low pressure) valves are fully open

Test Run Instructions

You should perform the **Test Run** for at least 30 minutes.

- 1. Connect power to the unit.
- 2. Press the **ON/OFF** button on theremote controller to turn it on.
- 3. Press the **MODE** button to soroll through the following functions, one at a time:
- COOL Select lowest possible temperature
- HEAT Select highest possible temperature
- 4. Let each function run for 5 minutes, and perform the following checks:

List of Checks to Perform	PASS	/FAIL
No electrical leakage		
Unit is properly grounded		
All electrical terminals properly covered		
Indoor and outdoor units are solidly installed		
All pipe connection points do not leak	Outdoor (2)	Indoor (2):
Water drains properly from drain hose		
All piping is properly insulated		
Unit performs COOL function properly		
Unit performs HEAT function properly		
Indoor unit louvers rotate properly		
Indoor unit responds to remote controller		

DOUBLE-CHECK PIPE CONNECTIONS

During operation, the pressure of the refrigerant circuit will increase. This may reveal leaks that were not present during your initial leak check. Take time during the Test Run to double-check that all refrigerant pipe connection points do not have leaks. Refer to **Gas Leak Check** section for instructions.

- 5. After the Test Run is successfully complete, and you confirm that all checks points in List of Checks to Perform have PASSED, do the following:
 - a. Using remote control, return unit to normal operating temperature.
 - b. Using insulation tape, wrap the indoor refrigerant pipe connections that you left uncovered during the indoor unit installation process.



You can't use theremote controller to turn on the COOL function when the ambient temperature is below 63°F. In this instance, you can use the **MANUAL CONTROL** button to test the COOL function.

- 1. Lift the front panel of the indoor unit, and raise it until it clicks in place.
- The MANUAL CONTROL button is located on the right-hand side of the unit. Pess it 2 times to select the COOL function. Se Fig 8.1.
- 3. Perform Test Run as normal.

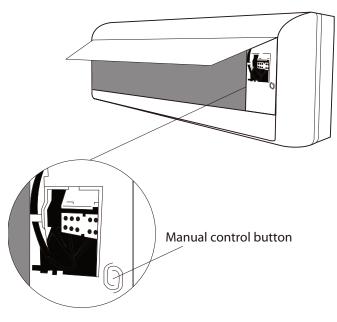


Fig. 8.1

EU Disposal Guidelines



This appliance contains refrigerant and other potentially hazadous materials. When disposing of this appliance, the lawrequires special collection and treatment. **Do not** dispose of this product as household waste or unsorted municipal waste.

When disposing of this appliance, you have the following options:

- Dispose of the appliance at a designated municipal electronic waste collection facility.
- When buying a new appliance, the retailer will receive the old appliance free of charge.
- The manufacturer will receive the old appliance free of charge.
- Sell the appliance to certified scrap metal dealers.

Special notice

Disposing of this appliance in the foest or other natural suroundings endangers your health and is bad for the environment. Hazardous substances may leak into the gound water and enter the food chain.





Advantage Series

The design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice. Consult with the sales agency or manufacturer for details.