

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
Scotchgard™ Marine Liquid Wax, PN 09061, 09062

Product Identification Numbers 60-4550-6948-8, 60-4550-6949-6

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use Enhances and protects fiberglass/gelcoat, marine topside paints, painted aluminum and metal parts., Marine

1.3. Supplier's details MANUFACTURER: DIVISION:

Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: Telephone: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

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Flammable Liquid: Category 3. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2. Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Warning

Symbols Flame | Health Hazard |



Hazard Statements Flammable liquid and vapor.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements General: Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precauations have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Keep container tightly closed.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
Wear protective gloves.

Response:
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
In case of fire. Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

4% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 9% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	40 - 70 Trade Secret *
Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	5 - 15 Trade Secret *
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	< 13 Trade Secret *
Calcined Kaolin	92704-41-1	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	540-97-6	< 10 Trade Secret *
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Siloxanes And Silicones, Di-Me,	71750-80-6	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
[[[3-[(2-Aminoethyl)Amino]Propyl]Dimethoxysilyl]Oxy		
]-Terminated		
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Siloxanes And Silicones, Di-Me, Hydroxy-Terminated,	69430-37-1	0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret *
Reaction Products With Trimethoxymethylsilane And		
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)Propyl]-1,2-Ethanediamine		
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	< 0.5 Trade Secret *
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	< 0.5 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

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Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed: Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Formaldehyde Condition During Combustion During Combustion Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Such special protective actions for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/host surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is
recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially
available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dy. Remember, adding an absorbent
material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible
using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue
with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow

safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spary. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from areas where product may come into contact with food or pharmaceuticals.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 mg/m3	A4: Not class, as human
			-	carcin
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	AIHA	TWA:10 ppm	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon	A3: Confirmed animal
			vapor, non-aerosol):200	carcin., SKIN
			mg/m3	
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	SKIN
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	OSHA	TWA:260 mg/m3(200 ppm)	
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:400 ppm	A4: Not class, as human
				carcin
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	OSHA	TWA:980 mg/m3(400 ppm)	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	OSHA	TWA:2900 mg/m3(500 ppm)	
ACGIH: American Conference of Govern		Hygienists		
AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Asso				
CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recomm				
OSHA : United States Department of Labo	r - Occupational S	safety and Health	Administration	
WA: Time-Weighted-Average				
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit CEIL: Ceiling				

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure
Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection None required.

Skin/hand protection

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half accepiece of full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties
General Physical Form: Liqu
Specific Physical Form: Visc
Odor, Color, Grade: Opa

Opaque colored viscous liquid; Slightly fragrant

Odor threshold pH Melting point Boiling Point Flash Point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) Vapor Pressure No Data Available
7.5 - 8.5
No Data Available
212 °F
139 °F [Fest Method:Closed Cup]
No Data Available
Not Applicable
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available Vapor Density No Data Available

Density Specific Gravity 1.024 g/ml 1.024 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Solubility- non-water Negligible No Data Available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available
7,000 - 13,000 centipoise
0,06 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method:Calculated]
Not Applicable
138 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
13.3 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
73.4 % weight
358 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ wate Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Hazardous Air Pollutants Molecular weight Volatile Organic Compounds Volatile Organic Compounds Percent volatile VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Heat Light Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

 $Based \ on \ test \ data \ and/or \ information \ on \ the \ components, this \ material \ may \ produce \ the \ following \ health \ effects:$

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity	- n		17.1
	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
	Vapor(4 hr)		
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE>5,000 mg/kg
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 8.7 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 24,134 mg/kg
Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcined Kaolin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Calcined Kaolin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 50,000 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation-		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
	Vapor		
Stoddard Solvent	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Siloxanes And Silicones, Di-Me,	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
[[[3-[(2-Aminoethyl)Amino]Propyl]Dimethoxysilyl]Oxy]-Termin			
ated			
Isopropyl Alcohol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 12,870 mg/kg
Isopropyl Alcohol	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 72.6 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Isopropyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,710 mg/kg
Siloxanes And Silicones, Di-Me, Hydroxy-Terminated, Reaction	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Products With Trimethoxymethylsilane And	1		
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)Propyl]-1,2-Ethanediamine			
Siloxanes And Silicones, Di-Me, Hydroxy-Terminated, Reaction	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Products With Trimethoxymethylsilane And	1		
N-[3-(Trimethoxysilyl)Propyl]-1,2-Ethanediamine Titanium Dioxide	Dermal	D 112	I D50 - 10 000 - 4
	Dermal Inhalation-	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation- Dust/Mist	Kat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/1
	Dust/Mist	1	

	(4 hours)		
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Methyl Alcohol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation-		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
·	Vapor		-
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritatio

Skin Corrosion/Irritation			
Name	Species	Value	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation	
Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant	
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation	
Stoddard Solvent	Rabbit	Irritant	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Multiple	No significant irritation	
	animal		
	species		
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation	
Methyl Alcohol	Rabbit	Mild irritant	

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value			
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation			
Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant			
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation			
Stoddard Solvent	Rabbit	No significant irritation			
Isopropyl Alcohol	Rabbit	Severe irritant			
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation			
Mathed Alaskal	D-LL:	M-d			

Skin Sensitization

Skin Sensitization		
Name	Species	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Mouse	Not classified
Light Petroleum Distillates	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Stoddard Solvent	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Titanium Dioxide	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Methyl Alcohol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitization
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Light Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Stoddard Solvent	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Stoddard Solvent	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Isopropyl Alcohol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Isopropyl Alcohol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Alcohol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Methyl Alcohol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
·		sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Stoddard Solvent	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		and	sufficient for classification
		animal	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		enecies	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
Isopropyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Isopropyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 9	during

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				mg/l	gestation
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,600	21 days
·	-	-		mg/kg/day	
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000	during
·	-			mg/kg/day	organogenesis
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3	during
		-		mø/l	organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Methyl Alcohol

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

 Name
 Route
 Target Organ(s)
 Value Test Result Species Exposure Duration NOAEL No available Light Petroleum Distillates Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

May cause drowsiness or dizziness NOAEL Not available Light Petroleum Distillates NOAEL Notavailable Light Petroleum Distillates central nervous system depression Ingestion nt Human and animal Stoddard Solvent central nervous system depression NOAEL Not available respiratory irritation Stoddard Solvent NOAEL Not available Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Not classified Stoddard Solvent NOAEL 6.5 mg/l NOAEL Not Stoddard Solvent central nervous system depression May cause drowsiness or dizziness available central nervous system depression respiratory irritation Isopropyl Alcohol nt Human NOAEL Not May cause drowsiness or Inhalation dizziness Some positive data exist, but th data are not sufficient for NOAEL Not available Isopropyl Alcohol Isopropyl Alcohol NOAEL 13.4 central nervous system depression blindness pig Human mg/l NOAEL Not Ingestion Isopropyl Alcohol May cause drowsiness or NOAEL Not Methyl Alcohol exposure not available available NOAEL Not Methyl Alcohol central nervous May cause drowsiness or Human Inhalation system depression respiratory irritatio dizziness
Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Causes damage to organs available NOAEL Not available Methyl Alcohol NOAEL Not Ingestion

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure						
Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Decamethylcyclopentasilo	Dermal	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	28 days

May cause drowsiness or

central nervo

system depression

Ingestion

and/or abuse

NOAEL Not

available

Human

xane		system eyes			1.600	
******	1			l	mg/kg/day	1
Decamethylcyclopentasilo	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42	2 years
xane		system respiratory			mg/l	- ,
		system liver eyes			-	
		kidney and/or				
		bladder				
Decamethylcyclopentasilo	Ingestion	liver immune	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
xane		system respiratory			1,000	
		system heart			mg/kg/day	
		hematopoietic				
		system kidney				
		and/or bladder				
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	28 days
oxane		liver respiratory			1,000	
		system nervous			mg/kg/day	
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	system nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAFL 4.6	6 months
Stoddard Solvent	innaiation	nervous system	Not classified	Kat	mg/l	6 months
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	LOAFL 19	13 weeks
Stoddard Sorvent	imaation	bladder	Not classified	Rat	mg/l	15 weeks
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL 0.6	90 days
				animal	mg/l	may -
				species		
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails,	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6	12 weeks
		and/or hair blood			mg/l	
		liver muscles				
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL 1.3	90 days
				animal	mg/l	
				species		
Isopropyl Alcohol	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 12.3	24 months
		bladder			mg/l	
Isopropyl Alcohol	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 12	13 weeks
		kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	mg/l NOAFL 400	12 weeks
Isopropyl Alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat		12 weeks
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	mg/kg/day LOAEL 0.01	2 years
Hamum Dioxide	mnaiauon	respiratory system	data are not sufficient for	Rat	mg/l	2 years
			classification		mg/i	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
		ramoning moiosis			available	exposure
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.55	4 weeks
				l	mg/l	1
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 13.1	6 weeks
·					mg/l	
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	liver nervous	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
	1	system		l	2,500	1
	1	1		1	mg/kg/day	l

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value		
Light Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard		
Stoddard Solvent	Aspiration hazard		

 $Please\ contact\ the\ address\ or\ phone\ number\ listed\ on\ the\ first\ page\ of\ the\ SDS\ for\ additional\ toxicological\ information\ on\ this\ material\ and/or\ its\ components.$

SECTION 12: Ecological information

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Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

 $\label{lem:complex} For Transport Information, please visit $http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call $1-800-364-3577$ or $651-737-6501$.$

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

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15.2. State Regulations Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

C.A.S. No. 98-82-8 13463-67-7 67-56-1 Listing
Carcinogen
Carcinogen
Developmental Toxin Ingredient Cumene Titanium Dioxide Methyl Alcohol

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the materies of the theories of the materies of the materie

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® IV) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards

in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® IV ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® IV program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

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