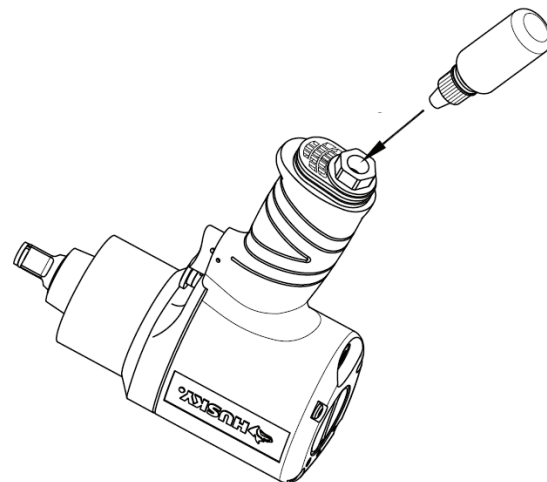


Maintenance

Ensure the air line is shut-off and drained of air before removing this tool for service or changing sockets. This will prevent the tool from operating if the throttle is accidentally engaged.

LUBRICATION

- An in-line filter-regulator-lubricator is recommended as it increases tool life and keeps the tool in sustained operation.
- Regularly check and fill the in-line lubricator with air tool oil. Avoid using excessive amounts of oil.
- Adjust the in-line lubricator by placing a sheet of paper next to the tool's exhaust ports and holding the throttle open approximately 30 seconds. The lubricator is properly set when a light stain of oil collects on the paper.
- If it is necessary to store the tool for an extended period of time (overnight, weekend, etc.), generously lubricate the tool through the air inlet. Run the tool for approximately 30 seconds to ensure the oil is evenly distributed throughout the tool. Store the tool in a clean and dry environment.
- Recommended lubricants: Air tool oil or any other high grade turbine oil containing moisture absorbent, rust inhibitors, metal wetting agents, and an EP (extreme pressure) additive.



Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The tool runs slowly or will not operate.	There is grit or gum in the tool.	Flush the tool with air tool oil or gum solvent.
	The tool is out of oil.	Lubricate the tool according to the lubrication instructions in this manual.
	The air pressure is low.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust the regulator on the tool to the maximum setting. <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust the compressor regulator to the tool's maximum setting of 90 psi.
	The air hose leaks.	Tighten and seal the hose fittings with pipe thread tape if leaks are found.
	The air pressure drops.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Ensure the hose is the proper size. Long hoses or tools using large volumes of air may require a hose with an I.D. of ½" or larger depending on the total length of the hose. <input type="checkbox"/> Do not use a multiple number of hoses connected together with a quick connect fitting. This causes additional pressure drops and reduces the tool power. Directly connect the hoses together.
	There is a worn rotor blade in the motor.	Replace the rotor blade.
	There is a worn ball bearing in the motor.	Remove and inspect the bearing for rust, dirt, and grit. Replace or clean and grease the bearing with bearing grease.
There is moisture blowing out of the tool's exhaust.	There is water in the tank.	Drain the tank. (See the air compressor manual for instructions.) Lubricate the tool and run it until water is not evident. Lubricate the tool again and run for 1-2 seconds.
The tool impacts slowly or not at all.	The tool needs lubricating.	Lubricate the air motor and the impact mechanism according to the lubrication instructions in this manual.
	The tool regulator setting is in the wrong position.	Adjust the regulator on the tool to the maximum setting.
The tool impacts rapidly, but will not remove bolts.	The tool has a worn impact mechanism.	Replace the worn impact mechanism components.
The tool does not impact.	The impact mechanism is broken.	Replace the broken impact mechanism components.

Service Parts

