Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name · WERCS STA-BIL® Fuel Stabilizer – Marine

Synonyms • 593302

Product Code • 22239; 22240; 22241; 22250; 22253; 22257; 22260; 22262; 22270; 22271; 22285;

22286; 22293; 22295; 22802; 22806; 22813

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use • Fuel stabilizer

Restrictions on use • Do NOT use in diesel fuel

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ManufacturerGold Eagle Co.

4400 S. Kildare Avenue Chicago, IL 60632-4372

United States

http://www.goldeagle.com/

Telephone (General) • 773-376-4400

Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer • 1-800-535-5053 - (INFOTRAC #22283)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

United States (US)

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012 • Flammable Liquids 4

Aspiration 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects

Carcinogenicity 2
Reproductive Toxicity 2

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

DANGER





Hazard statements · Combustible liquid

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention • Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response • In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

Call a PŎISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage/Disposal • Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or

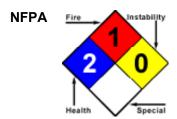
international regulations.

Other hazards

• Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication

Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Other information



Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

Composition									
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive					
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS :64742-47-8	83.75%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 4; Asp. Tox. 1; STOT SE 3: Narc.					
Sweetened middle distillate	CAS :64741-86-2	6.25%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012:					
Solvent naphtha	CAS :64742-94-5	4%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012:					
Isonox 133	CAS :60083-44-5	3%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012:					
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS:111-76-2	3%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012:					

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

 Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

Skin

 In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Donot remove clothing if adhering to skin. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.

Eve

 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contactlenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

 All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media • Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam and/or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Containers may explode when heated.

Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Combustible material: may burn but does not ignite readily.

Many liquids are lighter than water.

Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or

confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).

Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Water may cause frothing.

Hazardous Combustion Products

No data available

Advice for firefighters

Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

 Do not walk through spilled material. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Preparation Date: 08/March/2016 Format: GHS Language: English (US) Revision Date: 09/March/2016 OSHA HCS 2012 Page 3 of 8

Emergency Procedures

As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

Environmental precautions

• Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

· Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Use only in well ventilated areas. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources. Take
precautionary measures against static charges. Do not use sparking tools. All
equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear appropriate
personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid breathing. Avoid contact
with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and
before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Store in a tightly closed container. Keep away from incompatible materials. Store in a
well-ventilated place. Store in an area equipped with automatic sprinklers or fire
extinguishing system. Store below 150° F. Empty containers contain product
residues, assume emptied containers to have same hazards as full containers.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to
conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other
engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.
If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable
level. Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

 In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

Eye/Face

Wear chemical splash safety goggles.

Skin/Body

Wear appropriate gloves.

Environmental Exposure Controls

 Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

Key to abbreviations

Preparation Date: 08/March/2016

Revision Date: 09/March/2016

Page 4 of 8

Format: GHS Language: English (US)

OSHA HCS 2012

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description				
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Red liquid with a solvent odor.	
Color	Red	Odor	Solvent	
Odor Threshold	No data available			
General Properties			•	
Boiling Point	180 °F(82.2222 °C)	Melting Point/Freezing Point	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	рН	No data available	
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	= 0.8 Water=1	Water Solubility	Negligible < 0.1 %	
Viscosity 3 Centistoke (cSt, cS) or mm2/sec @ 40 °C(104 °F)		Explosive Properties	No data available	
Oxidizing Properties:	No data available			
Volatility	-		•	
Vapor Pressure	97 mmHg (torr)	Vapor Density	> 1 Air=1	
Evaporation Rate	> 1 n-Butyl Acetate = 1	VOC (Wt.)	100 %	
Volatiles (Vol.)	100 %			
Flammability	-	•	•	
Flash Point	> 141.5 °F(> 60.8333 °C)	UEL	0.8 %	
LEL	7 %	Autoignition	No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant.			
Environmental		•	•	
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	No data available			

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

· No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

· Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

· Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Excess heat. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

· Strong oxidants.

Hazardous decomposition products

• Excessive heating and/or incomplete combustion will produce carbon monoxide.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Preparation Date: 08/March/2016 Format: GHS Language: English (US) Revision Date: 09/March/2016 Page 5 of 8

Information on toxicological effects

GHS Properties	Classification	
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 • Aspiration 1	
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Carcinogenicity 2	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012 • Toxic to Reproduction 2	
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects	
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking	

Potential Health Effects Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

- May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.
- Chronic (Delayed)
- No data available.

Skin

Acute (Immediate)

- · Material is classified as non-irritant and non-corrosive using GHS criteria.
- Chronic (Delayed) No data available.

Eye

Acute (Immediate)

- · Material is classified as non-irritant using GHS criteria.
- **Chronic (Delayed)**
- · No data available.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

- Material may be aspirated into lungs during ingestion and/or subsequent vomiting. Aspiration of this material will cause severe lung injury, chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary edema or death.
- **Chronic (Delayed)**
- No data available.
- Carcinogenic Effects
- Suspected of causing cancer. This product contains components that are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC, NTP.

Reproductive Effects

Animal tests for components have shown adverse reproductive effects.

Key to abbreviations

LD = Lethal Dose TC = Toxic Concentration

MLD = Mild TD = Toxic Dose

SEV = Severe

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Toxicity

 Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Persistence and degradability

· Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Bioaccumulative potential

Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

Mobility in Soil

Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this

Other adverse effects

Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product waste

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing group	Environmental hazards
DOT	None applicable	Gasoline Additive, N.O.I.	NDA	NDA	NDA

Special precautions for user • None specified.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- No data available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute, Chronic

United States - California

Environment-

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

Not Listed

Other Information

 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Section 16 - Other Information

Revision Date

09/March/2016

Preparation Date

08/March/2016

Other Information

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

Key to abbreviations NDA = No Data Available

- Schedule B Number: 3811.90.0000.
- Information presented herein is believed to be factual, as it has been derived from the
 works and opinions of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing
 contained in this information is to be taken as warranty or representation for which the
 Gold Eagle Co. bears legal responsibility. The user should review any
 recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether
 they are appropriate.