

SAFETY DATA SHEET

TION Gray					
Gray					
Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on UseRecommended UseGeneral purpose textured gray sealant for sealing small cracks in Masonry & Concrete.					

Classification

This chemical does not meet the hazardous criteria set forth by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). However, this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of this product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health

Appearance Gray paste

Physical State Textured paste

Odor Mild acrylic

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	<55
Acrylic Emulsion	82539-93-3	<38
Crystalline silica	14808-60-7	<15
Benzoate Ester	WPS1532772	<7
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<1
Ammonium Hydroxide	7664-41-7	<1
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	<1
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	64742-48-9	<1

* Unlisted ingredients are not considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). (Calcium Carbonate, Titanium Dioxide, Carbon Black and Silica) Inhalation of particulates unlikely due to product's physical state. (Carbon Black) May be present in colors other than White.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures				
General Advice	Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.			
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.			
Skin Contact	Wash w/ soap & water for @ least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. Remove & wash contaminated clothing.			
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, leave area to obtain fresh air. If breathing remains difficult, get medical attention.			
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward to maintain an open airway & prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention.			
Most Important Symptoms and	d Effects, both Acute and Delayed			
Symptoms	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in dermatitis (red, dry skin). Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness and discomfort. Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach if ingested. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhea, and vomiting. Overexposure to vapors during application and curing may mildly irritate respiratory tract and result in coughing and sneezing.			
Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed				
Note to Physicians	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Dermatitis or other pre-existing skin conditions may be aggravated by overexposure to this product.			
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES				

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray (fog). Foam. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Product is combustible & may ignite if exposed to high temperature or direct flame.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon, titanium & iron oxides, depending upon formulation.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personal Precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
Other Information	 Small Spills: 1 drum or less – Level D Equipment (gloves, chemical resistant apron, boots & eye protection). Large Spills: Rubber gloves, rubber boots, face shield & Tyvek suit as a minimum. Minimum level of PPE for releases in which the oxygen level is < 19.5% or is unknown, should be Level B: triple gloves (rubber gloves & nitrile gloves over latex gloves), chemical resistant suit, fire-retardant clothing & boots, hard hat & self-contained breathing apparatus. 	
For Emergency Responders	Restrict access to spill area.	
Environmental Precautions	Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination. Prevent spill or rinse from contaminating storm drains, sewers, soil or groundwater. Do not allow discharge containing this material to enter streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance w/ requirements of National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit & permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not allow discharge containing this material to enter sewer systems w/o previously notifying local sewage treatment plant authority. For information, contact State Water Board or EPA Regional Office Other: U.S. regulations may require reporting of spills of this material reaching surface waters if sheen is formed.	
Methods and Material for Containm	ent and Cleaning Up	
Methods for Containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Use absorbent material to contain spill.	
Methods for Cleaning Up	Sweep up absorbed material and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Wash area with soap and water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on Safe Handling

Avoid breathing vapors. Use only with adequate ventilation. Open windows & doors to ensure fresh air cross-ventilation during application and curing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. While handling product keep out of reach of children and pets. Do not eat or drink while handling this material. See section 6 of this SDS for clean up instructions.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Close container after each use. Store containers away from excessive heat & freezing. Do not store @ temperatures above 120 °
	F. Protect from direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials. To maximize shelf life, store @ temperatures below 26C (80F).
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure guidelines / protective equipment are for routine handling and accidental spills

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Calcium Carbonate 1317-65-3	-	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ total dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable dust
Crystalline silica 14808-60-7	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	(vacated) TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ respirable dust : (30)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m ³ TWA total dust : (250)/(%SiO2 + 5) mppcf TWA respirable fraction : (10)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction	IDLH: 50 mg/m ³ respirable dust TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ respirable dust
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
Ammonium Hydroxide 7664-41-7	STEL: 35 ppm TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 35 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 35 ppm (vacated) STEL: 27 mg/m ³	IDLH: 300 ppm TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 18 mg/m ³ STEL: 35 ppm STEL: 27 mg/m ³
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ inhalable fraction	TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 3.5 mg/m³	IDLH: 1750 mg/m ³ TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons PAH
Petroleum Hydrocarbon 64742-48-9	ACGIH TWA: 5 mg/m ³ ; ACGIH STEL: 10 mg/m ³	-	-

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering Controls Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection	Use approved safety goggles or safety glasses. If necessary, refer to appropriate regulations & standards.
Skin and Body Protection	Skin: Wear chemical impervious gloves (eg: Nitrile or Neoprene). Use triple gloves for spill response. If necessary, refer to appropriate regulations & standards.
	Body: Use protection appropriate for task (eg: lab coat, coveralls, Tyvek suit). If necessary, refer to OSHA Technical Manual (Sec. VII: Personal Protective Equipment)or appropriate Standards of Canada. Use foot protection, as described in appropriate regulations & standards.
Respiratory Protection	If mists or sprays are created, use appropriate respiratory protection. Oxygen levels below 19.5% considered IDLH by OSHA. In such instances, use full-facepiece pressure demand SCBA or a full facepiece, supplied air respirator w/ auxillary self-contained air supply.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Appearance Color	Textured paste Gray paste Gray	Odor Odor Threshold	Mild acrylic Not determined
<u>Property</u>	Note: The information below is not intended for use in preparing	Remarks • Method	
	product specifications		
рН	7.0-9.0		
Melting Point/Freezing Point	< 0 °C / <32 °F		
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	Not Established		
Flash Point	> 93.33 °C / > 200 °F		
Evaporation Rate	Not determined		
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not determined		
Upper Flammability Limits	Unknown		
Lower Flammability Limit	Unknown		
Vapor Pressure	Not established		
Vapor Density	Heavier than air		
Relative Density (Specific Gravity)	~1.50-2.00	@ 25 °C (77 °F)	
Water Solubility	Appreciable before cure		
Solubility in Other Solvents	Not determined		
Partition Coefficient	Not determined		
Autoignition Temperature	Unknown		
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined		
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined		
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined		
Explosive Properties	Not determined		
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined		
VOC Content (%) VOC Content	<1.5%		
VOC COMEM	<25 g/L		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Cures upon contact with air.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible Materials. Excessive heat or cold.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition can generate irritating dust, fumes and toxic gases (carbon, titanium, and iron oxides, depending upon formulation).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Product Information	
Eye Contact	Eye contact may result in tearing, redness & pain.
Skin Contact	Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation. Repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.
Inhalation	Overexposure to vapors during application & curing may mildly irritate respiratory tract & result in coughing & sneezing.
Ingestion	May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhea, and vomiting.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Crystalline silica 14808-60-7	= 500 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Ammonium Hydroxide 7664-41-7	= 350 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 5.1 mg/L (Rat) 1 h = 2000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	> 15400 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3 g/kg (Rabbit)	-
Petroleum Hydrocarbon 64742-48-9	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg(Rabbit)	-

Information on Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Effects

Symptoms

Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and Immediate Effects as well as Chronic Effects from Short and Long-term Exposure

Sensitization Not known to be human skin or respiratory sensitizers.

CarcinogenicityThe table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.
Titanium dioxide is a possible carcinogen when it appears as a respirable dust. Carbon
black is a possible carcinogen when it appears as a respirable dust. Crystalline Silica is
considered to be a human carcinogen when in respirable form (dust / powder). Trace
residual Formaldehyde present in base emulsion viewed as possible cancer hazard.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Crystalline silica 14808-60-7	A2	Group 1	Known	Х
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		Group 2B		Х
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	A3	Group 2B		X

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Target Organ Effects

Acute: Eyes & Skin. Chronic: Skin.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

PRACTICES SHOULD BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

Product not tested for aquatic or animal toxicity. Release of product to terrestrial, atmospheric & aquatic environments should be avoided.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Ammonium Hydroxide 7664-41-7		0.44: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50 0.26 - 4.6: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 1.17: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 0.73 - 2.35: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 5.9: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 1.5: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 1.19: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static		25.4: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L LC50
Carbon Black 1333-86-4				5600: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Petroleum Hydrocarbon 64742-48-9		2200: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50		2.6: 96 h Chaetogammarus marinus mg/L LC50

Persistence and Degradability

Not tested for persistence & biodegradability

Bioaccumulation

Not tested for bio-accumulation potential

<u>Mobility</u>

Not tested for mobility in soil

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient	
Ammonium Hydroxide	-1.14	
7664-41-7		

Other Adverse Effects

Environmental Exposure Controls: Should be maintained so as to prevent release to the environment (atmospheric release, release to waterways & spills)

<u>Ozone</u>

Not expected to produce any ozone depletion

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
US EPA Waste Number	Not applicable.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note	Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.
DOT	Not regulated
IATA	Not regulated
<u>IMDG</u>	Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Listed
Listed
Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Ammonium Hydroxide 7664-41-7	100 lb	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

<u>SARA 313</u>

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Ammonium Hydroxide - 7664-41-7	7664-41-7	<0.12	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Ammonium Hydroxide 7664-41-7(<0.12)	100 lb			Х

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Crystalline silica - 14808-60-7	Carcinogen
Titanium dioxide - 13463-67-7	Carcinogen
Carbon Black - 1333-86-4	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Calcium Carbonate 1317-65-3	Х	X	Х
Crystalline silica 14808-60-7	Х	X	Х
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	Х	X	Х
Ammonium Hydroxide 7664-41-7	Х	X	Х
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	Х	X	Х

16. OTHER INFORMATION				
<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability 0	Special Hazards
HMIS_	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Personal Protection
	1	1	0	Not determined
Issue Date	08-May-	2013		
Revision Date	01-Oct-2	2017		
Revision Note	New for	nat		

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet