

## Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

#### **1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER**

| Product Name: | Prism® SureColor® Stain Resistant Grout |
|---------------|---|
|---------------|---|

Product Code: Not Available

#### **1.2 RECOMMENDED USE OF CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE**

Product Use:

#### 1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEETS

Grout

| Name/Address:     | Custom Building Products<br>13001 Seal Beach Blvd.<br>Seal Beach, CA 90740 |
|-------------------|--|
| Telephone Number: | (562)-598-8808   |

#### **1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

| Emergency Telephone | INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (US and Canada) |
|---------------------|---|
| Number:             | INTERNATIONAL + 1-352-323-3500          |

## Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE CHEMICAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH (d) OF 29 CFR

### 1910.1200 (OSHA HAZCOM2012)

| Skin Irritation           | Category 2              |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Eye Irritation            | Category 2A             |
| STOT-SE                   | Category 3              |
| STOT-RE                   | Category 1              |
| Carcinogenicity           | Category 1A             |
| Reproductive Toxicity     | Category 1B             |
| Respiratory Sensitization | Category 1 <sup>1</sup> |
| Skin Sensitization        | Category 1 <sup>1</sup> |

<sup>1</sup> Prism SureColor Grout – Only the following colors contain cobalt compounds which is a known respiratory and skin sensitizer.

- #190 Bayleaf
- #387 Captains Blue
- #415 Concorde Grape
- #389 N Sea Green



#### 2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS ACCORDING TO OSHA HAZCOM2012

### 2.2a SIGNAL WORD:

DANGER!

### 2.2b HAZARD STATEMENTS

Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May cause cancer May damage fertility or the unborn child May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled<sup>1</sup> May cause an allergic skin reaction<sup>1</sup>

## <sup>1</sup> See Footnote on page 1 under Section 2.1

### 2.2c HAZARD PICTOGRAMS



#### 2.2d PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

| i. PREVENTION | Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe<br>dust/fume/gas/mist/ vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or<br>smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a<br>well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before<br>use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been<br>read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective<br>clothing/eye protection/face protection. Contaminated work<br>clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.   |
|---------------|---|
| ii. RESPONSE  | If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off<br>contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin<br>irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.<br>If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.<br>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.<br>Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical<br>advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air<br>and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing<br>respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If<br>exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| iii. STORAGE  | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.   |
| iv. DISPOSAL  | Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations.  |



#### 2.3 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- 2.3a HNOC HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED Not applicable
- **2.3b UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY** 54% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

#### 2.3c WHMIS CLASSIFICATION

Class D2B – Skin/Eye Irritant Class D2A – Chronic Toxic Effects Class D2A - Carcinogenicity

#### 2.3d LABEL ELEMENTS ACCORDING TO WHMIS

### i. WHMIS HAZARD SYMBOLS



## Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **3.1 MIXTURES**

| Chemical Name                 | CAS Number | Weight %                   |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals    | 65997-16-2 | 30 - 60%                   |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz    | 14808-60-7 | 15 – 40%                   |
| Glass, oxide                  | 65997-17-3 | 10 – 30%                   |
| Gypsum                        | 10101-41-4 | 3 – 7%                     |
| Coal Ash                      | 68131-74-8 | 1 – 5%                     |
| Portland cement               | 65997-15-1 | 1 – 5%                     |
| Lithium carbonate             | 554-13-2   | 0.5 – 1.5%                 |
| Carbon Black <sup>2</sup>     | 1333-86-4  | 1 – 5%                     |
| Iron Oxide Red                | 1309-37-1  | 1 – 5%                     |
| Cobalt Compounds <sup>1</sup> | 7440-48-4  | 0.1 – 1.0%                 |
| Titanium Dioxide              | 13463-67-7 | 1 – 5%/3 – 7% <sup>3</sup> |

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

<sup>1</sup> Prism SureColor Grout – Only the following colors contain cobalt compounds which is a known respiratory and skin sensitizer.

- #190 Bayleaf
- #387 Captains Blue
- #415 Concorde Grape



#### • #389 N Sea Green

<sup>2</sup> Prism SureColor Grout – Only #60 Charcoal contains carbon black.
 <sup>3</sup>This ingredient will fall within one of the ranges specified depending upon color.

## Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

## 4.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE FIRST-AID MEASURES

| ROUTES OF EXPOSURE | DESCRIPTION  |
|--------------------|--|
| Eye Contact:       | In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.                       |
| Skin Contact:      | In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.<br>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before<br>reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops and persists. |
| Inhalation:        | If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in<br>a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if<br>you feel unwell.                           |
| Ingestion:         | If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.                         |

#### 4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED

| ROUTES OF EXPOSURE | DESCRIPTION   |
|--------------------|---|
| Eye Contact:       | Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.   |
| Skin Contact:      | Causes skin irritation. Handling can cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction <sup>1</sup> .   |
| Inhalation:        | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if<br>inhaled <sup>1</sup> . May cause respiratory tract irritation. Causes damage to<br>organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. This product<br>contains crystalline silica. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of<br>respirable crystalline silica from this product can cause silicosis, a<br>serious disabling and fatal lung disease. Please see section 4.3 for<br>further information. |
| Ingestion:         | May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause discomfort and/or distress, nausea or vomiting.  |

<sup>1</sup> See Footnote on page 1 under Section 2.1



### 4.3 INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

| Note to Physicians: | <ul> <li>The three types of silicosis include:</li> <li>Simple chronic silicosis – which results from long-term exposure (more than 20 years) to low amounts of respirable crystalline silica. Nodules of chronic inflammation and scarring provoked by the respirable crystalline silica form in the lungs and chest lymph nodes. This disease may feature breathlessness and may resemble chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).</li> <li>Accelerated silicosis – occurs after exposure to larger amounts of respirable crystalline silica over a shorter period of time (5-15 years). Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis.</li> <li>Acute silicosis – results from short-term exposure to very large amounts of respirable crystalline silica. The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels.</li> </ul> |  |
|---------------------|--|--|
|                     |  |  |
|                     | Progressive massive fibrosis may occur in simple or accelerated silicosis, but is more common in the accelerated form. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures.   |  |
| Special Treatments: | In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).   |  |

## Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 FLAMMABILITY

Flammability:

Not Flammable by WHMIS/OSHA HAZCOM2012 Criteria

#### **5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

- **5.2a.** Suitable Extinguishing Media: Treat for surrounding material.
- 5.2b. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not available.

## 5.3 SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL



#### 5.3a. Products of Combustion:

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon, cobalt, and Iron

#### 5.3b. Explosion Data

- i. Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not available.
- ii. Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not available.

#### 5.4 SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

## Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES** Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to

unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

#### 6.2 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

| Methods for Containment: | Recover all usable material. Pick up large pieces, then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). |
|--------------------------|--|
| Methods for Cleaning-Up: | Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container.<br>Dispose of unwanted material properly in accordance with all local,<br>regional, national and international regulations.        |

## Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

| Handling:               | Use in well-ventilated areas. Wear chemical resistant gloves and<br>eye protection. Do not mix with other chemical products. Do not get<br>in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe fumes. Do<br>not take internally. Good housekeeping is important to prevent<br>accumulation of dust. |
|-------------------------|---|
|                         | To prevent burial or suffocation, do not enter a confined space,<br>such as a silo, bin, bulk truck, or other storage container or vessel<br>that stores or contains this product.  |
| General Hygiene Advice: | Use good industrial hygiene practices and wear recommended personal protection. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking.   |



#### 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

#### Storage:

Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store at room temperature and keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Keep dry until use.

### Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

| Occupational Exposure Limits |                                     |                              |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Chemical Name                | OSHA-PEL                            | ACGIH-TLV                    |
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals   | Not available                       | Not available                |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz   | 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>      |
| Glass, oxide                 | 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)        | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Total) |
| Gypsum                       | 5 mg/m³ (Resp.)<br>15 mg/m³ (Total  | 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>      |
| Coal Ash                     | Not available                       | Not available                |
| Portland cement              | 5 mg/m³ (Resp.)<br>15 mg/m³ (Total) | 10 mg/m³ (Resp.)             |
| Lithium carbonate            | Not available                       | Not available                |
| Carbon Black                 | 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>          |
| Iron Oxide Red               | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Fume)          | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Fume)   |
| Cobalt Compounds             | Not available                       | Not available                |
| Titanium Dioxide             | Not available                       | 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA     |

#### 8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

**Engineering Controls:** 

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

### 8.3 INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES

- 8.3a. Personal Protective Equipment:
  - i. **Eye/Face Protection:** Wear approved eye [properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles/face (face shield)] protection
  - ii. Skin Protection:
    - 1. Hand Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.
    - 2. Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing
- iii. **Respiratory Protection:** A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be



exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

iv. General Health and Safety Measures: Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

## Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): | Solid Powder (Various Colors) |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Odor:                                     | Not available                 |
| Odor Threshold:                           | Not available                 |
| pH:                                       | ~11 – 11.5                    |
| Melting point/Freezing point:             | Not available                 |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range:  | Not available                 |
| Flash point:                              | > 212°F                       |
| Evaporation rate (Water=1):               | Not available                 |
| Flammability:                             | Not flammable                 |
| Upper Flammability/Explosive Limit:       | Not available                 |
| Lower Flammability/Explosive Limit:       | Not available                 |
| Vapor Pressure                            | Not available                 |
| Vapor Density:                            | Not available                 |
| Relative Density:                         | 1.56 – 1.62 (Wet Density)     |
| Solubility in Water:                      | Slightly Soluble              |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:   | Not available                 |
| Auto-ignition temperature:                | Not available                 |
| Decomposition Temperature:                | Not available                 |
| Viscosity (cps):                          | Not available                 |
| VOC Content:                              | 0 g/L (0%)                    |

## Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. REACTIVITY

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### **10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY**

Stable under normal storage conditions. Keep dry in storage.

#### 10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTION

Reacts with water to form alkaline solution (condition of normal use)

#### **10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID**

Heat. Incompatible materials.

#### **10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS**

Acids, Aluminum, Ammonium salts, Alkali and alkaline earth metals.

#### **10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS**

Upon decomposition, this product may yield oxides of carbon, cobalt, and iron

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## Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Skin contact, skin absorption, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.

#### 11.2. SYMPTOMS RELATED TO PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL/TOXICOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

| Eye Contact:  | Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.   |
|---------------|---|
| Skin Contact: | Causes skin irritation. Handling can cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction <sup>1</sup> .   |
| Inhalation:   | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if<br>inhaled <sup>1</sup> . May cause respiratory tract irritation. Causes damage to<br>organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. This product<br>contains crystalline silica. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of<br>respirable crystalline silica from this product can cause silicosis, a<br>serious disabling and fatal lung disease. Please see section 4.3 for<br>further information. |
| Ingestion:    | May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause discomfort and/or distress, nausea or vomiting.  |

## <sup>1</sup> See Footnote on page 1 under Section 2.1

| Acute Toxicity             |                          |  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Chemical Name              | LC50                     | LD50                                       |
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals | Not available            | Oral: >2,000 mg/kg (Practically non-toxic) |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz | Not available            | Not available                              |
| Glass, oxide               | Not available            | Not available                              |
| Gypsum                     | Not available            | Not available                              |
| Coal Ash                   | Not available            | Not available                              |
| Portland cement            | Not available            | Not available                              |
| Lithium carbonate          | >2 mg/L/4hrs             | Dermal: >2,000 mg/kg<br>Oral: 640 mg/kg    |
| Carbon Black               | Not available            | Dermal: >3,000 mg/kg<br>Oral: >8,000 mg/kg |
| Iron Oxide Red             | Not available            | Oral: >5,000 mg/kg                         |
| Cobalt compounds           | <0.05 mg/L               | Dermal: >2,000 mg/kg<br>Oral: 550 mg/kg    |
| Titanium Dioxide           | >6.82 mg/L (Dusts/Mists) | Dermal: >5,000 mg/kg                       |



| Chemical Name              | Chemical Listed as Carcinogens or<br>Potential Carcinogen<br>(NTP,IARC,OSHA,ACGIH,CP65) |
|----------------------------|---|
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals | Not Listed  |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz | N-A2, I-1, O-1, CP65  |
| Glass, oxide               | N-2, I-2B, CP65   |
| Gypsum                     | Not Listed  |
| Coal Ash                   | Not Listed  |
| Portland cement            | Not Listed  |
| Lithium carbonate          | CP65  |
| Carbon Black               | I-2B, O, CP65, ACGIH-A3   |
| Iron Oxide Red             | I-3, ACGIH-A4   |
| Cobalt compounds           | I-2A/2B, CP65, ACGIH-A3,O   |
| Titanium Dioxide           | I-2B, CP65, ACGIH-A4, O, NIOSH  |

## 11.3. DELAYED, IMMEDIATE, AND CHRONIC EFFECTS OF SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE

| SHORT-TERM                        |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation:        | Causes skin irritation   |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:    | Causes serious eye irritation  |
| Respiratory Sensitization:        | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled <sup>1</sup> |
| Skin Sensitization:               | May cause an allergic skin reaction <sup>1</sup>                                       |
| STOT-Single Exposure:             | May cause respiratory irritation   |
| Aspiration Hazard:                | Not available  |
| LONG-TERM                         |  |
| Carcinogenicity:                  | May cause cancer   |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity:           | Not available  |
| Reproductive Toxicity:            | May damage fertility or the unborn child   |
| STOT-Repeated Exposure:           | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure                         |
| Synergistic/Antagonistic Effects: | Not available  |

<sup>1</sup> See Footnote on page 1 under Section 2.1

## Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1. ECOTOXICITY

May cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment. Keep from entry into sewers and waterways.

|                            | Ecotoxicity             |                        |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Chemical Name              | EC50/NOEC-48 Hours      | LC50/NOEC-96 Hours     |
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals | Not available           | Not available          |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz | Not available           | Not available          |
| Glass, oxide               | Not available           | >1,000 mg/L Zebra fish |
| Gypsum                     | Not available           | Not available          |
| Coal Ash                   | LC50 > 100 mg/L Daphnia | LC50: > 100 mg/L       |

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|                   | Magna                       |                             |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Portland cement   | Not available               | Not available               |
| Lithium carbonate | EC50 - 33.2 mg/L Daphnia    | LC50 - 30.3 mg/L            |
|                   | Magna (No mortality)        | NOEC - 19.1 mg/L            |
| Carbon Black      | EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water | LC50 - > 1,000 mg/l – Zebra |
|                   | flea) - > 5,600 mg/l - 24 h | fish                        |
| Iron Oxide Red    | Not available               | Not available               |
| Cobalt compounds  | Not available               | Not available               |
| Titanium Dioxide  | LC50 > 10,000 mg/L          | LC50 > 1,000 mg/L           |
|                   |                             | NOEC ≥ 1,000 mg/L           |

#### 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY Not available

- 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL Not available
- 12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

Not available

12.5. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS Not available

## Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1. DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations

### **13.2. OTHER DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Not available

## Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| DOT (U.S.)                     | TDG (CANADA)                   |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| UN NUMBER:                     | UN NUMBER:                     |
|                                |                                |
| Not regulated                  | Not regulated                  |
| UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:       | UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:       |
|                                |                                |
| Not regulated                  | Not regulated                  |
| TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS (ES):   | TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS (ES):   |
| Not see lated                  | Nuclear Advant                 |
| Not regulated                  | Not regulated                  |
| PACKING GROUP (if applicable): | PACKING GROUP (if applicable): |
| Not regulated                  | Not regulated                  |

SUMMARY: Product is not regulated under DOT/TDG and other transportation regulations.



## 14.1. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Not available

#### 14.2. TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE Not available

#### 14.3. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

## Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATIONS SPECIFIC FOR THE CHEMICAL

**Canada:** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

US: MSDS prepared pursuant to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

#### **15.2. US FEDERAL INFORMATION:**

SARA TITLE III: Section 302, Extremely Hazardous Substances, 40 CFR 355:

**SARA TITLE III: Section 311 and 312,** MSDS Requirements, 40 CFR 370 Hazard Classes: Fire Hazard; Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard; Chronic Health Hazard; Under SARA Sections 311 and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds for the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous substances and 10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

**SARA TITLE III: Section 313**, Toxic Chemicals Notification, 40 CFR 372: This product may be subject to SARA notification requirements if it contains Toxic Chemical Constituents above their de minimus concentrations.

| SARA TITLE III             |                 |              |            |             |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| CHEMICAL NAME              | SECTION 302     | SECTION 304  | CERCLA RQ  | SECTION 313 |
|                            | (EHS) TPQ (LBS) | EHS RQ (LBS) | (LBS)      | (TRI)       |
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Glass, oxide               | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Gypsum                     | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Coal Ash                   | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Portland cement            | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Lithium carbonate          | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Listed      |
| Carbon Black               | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Iron Oxide Red             | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |
| Cobalt compounds           | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | &          | Listed      |
| Titanium Dioxide           | Not Listed      | Not Listed   | Not Listed | Not Listed  |

#### Clean Air Act – Not available



"&" - Indicates that no RQ is assigned to this generic or broad class, although the class is a CERCLA hazardous substance. See 50 Federal Register 13456 (April 4, 1985).

### 15.3. US STATE RIGHT TO KNOW LAWS:

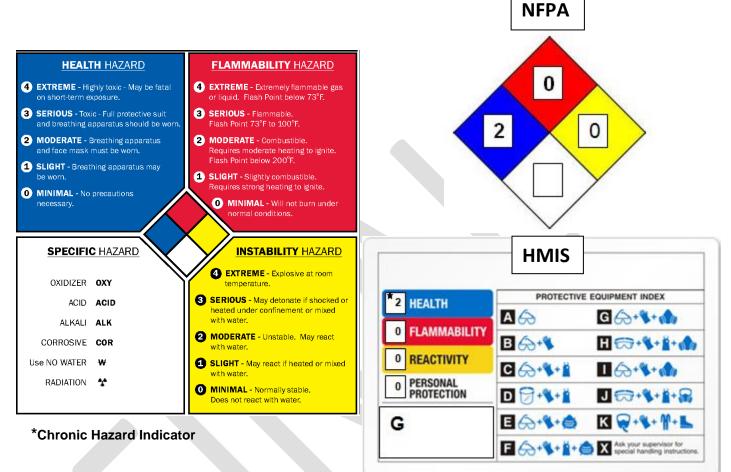
| California Proposition 65:               | WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to<br>the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or<br>other reproductive harm (Crystalline Silica, Lithium<br>Carbonate) |
|--|---|
| Other U.S. States "Right to Know" Lists: |   |
| New Jersey:                              | CEMENT, ALUMINA, CHEMICALS: CAS#65997-16-2<br>SILICA, QUARTZ: CAS#14808-60-7<br>GLASS, OXIDE: CAS#65997-17-3<br>GYPSUM (CALCIUM SULFATE): CAS#10101-41-4<br>COAL ASH: CAS#68131-74-8  |
| Pennsylvania:                            | CEMENT, ALUMINA, CHEMICALS: CAS#65997-16-2<br>SILICA, QUARTZ: CAS#14808-60-7<br>GLASS, OXIDE: CAS#65997-17-3<br>GYPSUM (CALCIUM SULFATE): CAS#10101-41-4<br>COAL ASH: CAS#68131-74-8  |
| Massachusetts:                           | QUARTZ: CAS#14808-60-7<br>PORTLAND CEMENT: CAS#65997-15-1<br>GYPSUM (CALCIUM SULFATE): CAS#10101-41-4<br>CARBON BLACK: CAS#1333-86-4<br>LITHIUM CARBONATE: CAS#554-13-2               |
| Minnesota:                               | SILICA, QUARTZ: <b>CAS#14808-60-7</b><br>PORTLAND CEMENT: <b>CAS#65997-15-1</b><br>GYPSUM (CALCIUM SULFATE): <b>CAS#7778-18-9</b><br>CARBON BLACK: <b>CAS#1333-86-4</b>               |
| Florida:                                 | Not Available   |
| Michigan:                                | Not Available   |

## **15.4. GLOBAL INVENTORIES**

| Chemical Name              | USA TSCA | Canada<br>DSL/NDSL |
|----------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| Cement, Alumina, Chemicals | Yes      | DSL                |
| Crystalline Silica, Quartz | Yes      | DSL                |
| Glass, oxide               | Yes      | DSL                |
| Gypsum                     | Yes      | DSL                |
| Coal Ash                   | Yes      | DSL                |
| Portland cement            | Yes      | DSL                |
| Lithium carbonate          | Yes      | DSL                |
| Carbon Black               | Yes      | DSL                |
| Iron Oxide Red             | Yes      | DSL                |
| Cobalt compounds           | Yes      | DSL                |
| Titanium Dioxide           | Yes      | DSL                |



## 15.5. NFPA AND HMIS RATINGS:



### 15.6. SOURCE AGENCY CARCINOGEN CLASSIFICATIONS:

| CP65      | California Proposition 65   |
|-----------|---|
| OSHA (O)  | Occupational Safety and Health Administration   |
| ACGIH (G) | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists   |
|           | A1 – Confirmed human carcinogen   |
|           | A2 – Suspected human carcinogen   |
|           | A3 – Animal carcinogen  |
|           | <ul> <li>A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen</li> </ul>   |
|           | <ul> <li>A5 – Not suspected a human carcinogen</li> </ul>   |
| IARC (I)  | International Agency for Research on Cancer   |
|           | <ul> <li>1 – The agent (mixture) is carcinogenic to humans</li> </ul>   |
|           | <ul> <li>2A – The agent (mixture) is probably carcinogenic to humans; there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient</li> </ul>    |
|           | evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.  |
|           | <ul> <li>2B – The agent (mixture) is possibly carcinogenic to humans; there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans in the absence of</li> </ul> |



|         | <ul> <li>sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.</li> <li>3 – The agent (mixture, exposure circumstance) is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.</li> <li>4 – The agent (mixture, exposure circumstance) is probably not carcinogenic to humans.</li> </ul> |  |
|---------|--|--|
| NTP (N) | National Toxicology Program  |  |
|         | <ul> <li>1 – Known to be carcinogens</li> </ul>  |  |
|         | <ul> <li>2 – Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens</li> </ul>   |  |

| Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION |                |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Date of Preparation:          | April 28, 2014 |  |  |  |
| Version:                      | 1.0            |  |  |  |
| Revision Date:                | N/A            |  |  |  |

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# End of Safety Data Sheet