Safety Data Sheet

* Trusted Quality Since 1921 *

www.rustoleum.com

| 1. Identification | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| Product Name: | AUTORF +SSPR VINYL & FABRC AERO CHRCL GY | Revision Date: | 5/6/2015 |
| Product Identifier: | 249308 | Supercedes Date: | New SDS |
| Product Use/Class: | Topcoat/Aerosols | | |
| Supplier: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA | Manufacturer: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |
| Emergency Telephone: | 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 | | |

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Harmful if swallowed. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Contents Under Pressure. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Causes eye irritation. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

76% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

| GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS | | |
|--|------|---|
| Flammable Aerosol, category 1 | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
| Flammable Liquid, category 1 | H224 | Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. |
| Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5 | H303 | May be harmful if swallowed. |
| Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5 | H313 | May be harmful in contact with skin. |
| Skin Irritation, category 2 | H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye Irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 | H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI | H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Aspiration Hazard, category 2 | H305 | May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Eye Irritation, category 2B | H320 | Causes eye irritation. |
| Flammable Aerosol, category 1 | H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| | | |

GHS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

| Date i filitea. 0/0/2010 | |
|--------------------------|---|
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| P220 | Keep/Store away from clothing//combustible materials. |
| P235 | Keep cool. |
| P251 | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| P375 | Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. |
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| P103 | Read label before use. |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| P234 | Keep only in original container. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. |
| P262 | Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. |
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required. |
| P285 | In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P351 | Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. |
| P374 | Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. |
| P402 | Store in a dry place. |
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. |
| P410+P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F. |
| P240 | Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. |
| P241 | Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting// equipment. |
| P242 | Use only non-sparking tools. |
| P243 | Take precautionary measures against static discharge. |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use for extinction. |
| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to |
| P321 | Specific treatment (see on this label). |
| P352 | Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| P362 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| P332+P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P337+P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P304+P340 | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P302+P350 | IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. |

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | CAS-No. | <u>Wt.%</u> Range | GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 25-50 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-336-319 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-336-319 |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-25 | | |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS06 | H225-331-335-319 |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 2.5-10 | | |
| Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 5131-66-8 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-302-315-319 |
| | | | | |

| Date Printed: 5/6/2015 Page 3 | , , , |
|---|-------|
| Xylene (mixed isomers) 1330-20-7 1.0-2.5 GHS02-GHS07 H226-312-332-315 | |
| Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 0.1-1.0 | |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.1-1.0 GHS02-GHS07 H225-332 | |
| Carbon Black 1333-86-4 0.1-1.0 GHS02 H251 | |

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately. Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

-

. .--

.

.

~ -

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. **STORAGE:** Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

| 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 40.0 | 500 ppm | 750 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 | 20.0 | 200 ppm | 300 ppm | 200 ppm | N.E. |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 15.0 | 1000 ppm | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | 15.0 | 20 ppm | 75 ppm | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 10.0 | 1000 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. | N.E. |
| Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 5131-66-8 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |

Date Printed: 5/6/2015

| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 5.0 | 100 ppm | 150 ppm | 100 ppm | N.E. |
|------------------------|------------|-----|-----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------|
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1.0 | 10 mg/m3 (Total Dust) | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 [Total Dust] | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | 125 ppm | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | 1.0 | 3 mg/m3 (Inhalable Dust) | N.E. | 3.5 mg/m3 | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| Appearance: | Aerosolized Mist | Physical State: | Liquid |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Odor: | Solvent Like | Odor Threshold: | N.E. |
| Relative Density: | 0.752 | pH: | N.A. |
| Freeze Point, °C: | N.D. | Viscosity: | N.D. |
| Solubility in Water: | Slight | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ | No. Information |
| Decompostion Temp., °C: | No Information | water: | No Information |
| Boiling Range, °C: | -11 - 752 | Explosive Limits, vol%: | 1.0 - 13.0 |
| Flammability: | Does not Support Combustion | Flash Point, °C: | -105 |
| Evaporation Rate: | Faster than Ether | Auto-ignition Temp., °C: | No Information |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than Air | Vapor Pressure: | N.D. |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde. By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: May form peroxides of unkown stability. This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage. Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B).

Date Printed: 5/6/2015

Overexposure to methyl ethyl ketone in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney and lung damage. Fetotoxic/embryotoxic effects from inhalation have been seen in rats exposed to >1000ppm during gestation. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| CAS-No. | Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Vapor LC50 |
|------------|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 74-98-6 | Propane | N.I. | N.I. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 2080 mg/kg Rat | >16000 mg/kg Rabbit | 8.2 mg/L Rat |
| 5131-66-8 | Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 1900 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | N.I. |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylene (mixed isomers) | 4300 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | 47635 mg/L Rat |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide | >10000 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | N.I. |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15354 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.2 mg/L Rat |

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

| | Domestic (USDOT) | International (IMDG) | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | <u>TDG (Canada)</u> |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1950 | 1950 | N.A. |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Paint Products in Limited Quantities | Aerosols | Aerosols | Paint Products in Limited Quantities |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 2.1 | 2.1 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

| Chemical Name | <u>CAS-No.</u> |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 |

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | |
| CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODU | UCTIVE TOXINS CAS-No. | |
| | | |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | |
| International Regulations: | | |
| | | |

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

Page 7 / 7

16. Other Information

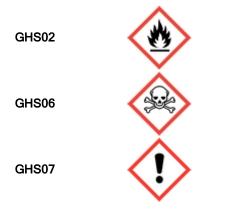
| HMIS RAT Health: | TINGS 2* | Flammability: | 4 | Physical Hazard: | 0 | Personal Protection: | х |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|------------------|---|----------------------|---|
| CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: AB5 D2A | | | | | | | |
| NFPA RA ⁻ Health: | TINGS 2 | Flammability: | 4 | Instability | 0 | | |
| VOLATILE | ORGA | NIC COMPOUN | DS, g/L: | 616 | | | |
| MSDS REVISION DATE: 5/6/20 | | | 5/6/2015 | | | | |
| REASON FOR REVISION: No Information | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. |
|------|------------------------------------|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H251 | Self-heating: may catch fire. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.