

USE AND CARE



- **NEVER** store a spare LP cylinder under or near the grill appliance or in an enclosed area.



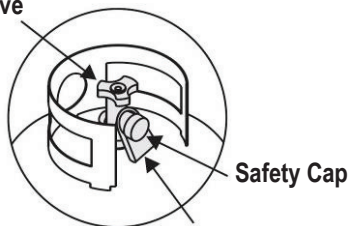
- **Never fill a cylinder beyond 80% full.**
- **If the information in the two points above is not followed exactly, a fire causing death or serious injury may occur.**
- **An over filled or improperly stored cylinder is a hazard due to possible gas release from the safety relief valve. This could cause an intense fire with risk of property damage, serious injury or death.**
- **If you see, smell or hear gas escaping, immediately get away from the LP cylinder and grill appliance and call your fire department.**

LP Tank Removal, Transport and Storage

- Turn OFF all control knobs and LP tank valve. Turn coupling nut counterclockwise by hand only - do not use tools to disconnect. Lift LP tank wire upward off of LP tank collar, then lift LP tank up and off of support bracket. Install safety cap onto LP tank valve. Always use cap and strap supplied with valve.

Failure to use safety cap as directed may result in serious personal injury and/or property damage.

LP Tank Valve



Retainer Strap

- A disconnected LP tank in storage or being transported must have a safety cap installed (as shown). Do not store an LP tank in enclosed spaces such as a carport, garage, porch, covered patio or other building. Never leave an LP tank inside a vehicle which may become overheated by the sun.

- Do not store an LP tank in an area where children play.

LP Cylinder

- **The LP cylinder used with your grill must meet the following requirements:**
- Use LP cylinders only with these required measurements: 12" (30.5cm) (diameter) x 18" (45.7 cm) (tall) with 20 lb. (9 kg.) capacity maximum.
- LP cylinders must be constructed and marked in accordance with specifications for LP cylinders of the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) or for Canada, CAN/CSA-B339, cylinders, spheres and tubes for transportation of dangerous goods. Transport Canada (TC). See LP cylinder collar for marking.
- LP cylinder valve must have:
 - Type 1 outlet compatible with regulator or grill.
 - Safety relief valve.
 - UL listed Overfill Protection Device (OPD). This OPD safety feature is identified by a unique triangular hand wheel. **Use only LP cylinders equipped with this type of valve.**
- LP cylinder must be arranged for vapor withdrawal and include collar to protect LP cylinder valve. Always keep LP cylinders in upright position during use, transit or storage.



OPD Hand Wheel



LP cylinder in upright position for vapor withdrawal

LP (Liquefied Petroleum Gas)

- LP gas is nontoxic, odorless and colorless when produced. **For Your Safety**, LP gas has been given an odor (similar to rotten cabbage) so that it can be smelled.
- LP gas is highly flammable and may ignite unexpectedly when mixed with air.

LP Cylinder Filling

- Use only licensed and experienced dealers.
- LP dealer **must purge new cylinder** before filling.
- Dealer should **NEVER** fill LP cylinder more than 80% of LP cylinder volume. Volume of propane in cylinder will vary by temperature.
- A frosty regulator indicates gas overfill. Immediately close LP cylinder valve and call local LP gas dealer for assistance.
- Do not release liquid propane (LP) gas into the atmosphere. This is a hazardous practice.
- To remove gas from LP cylinder, contact an LP dealer or call a local fire department for assistance. Check the telephone directory under "Gas Companies" for nearest certified LP dealers.

LP Tank Exchange

• Many retailers that sell grills offer you the option of replacing your empty LP tank through an exchange service. Use only those reputable exchange companies that inspect, precision fill, test and certify their cylinders. **Exchange your tank only for an OPD safety feature-equipped tank as described in the "LP Tank" section of this manual.**

• Always keep new and exchanged LP tanks in upright position during use, transit or storage.

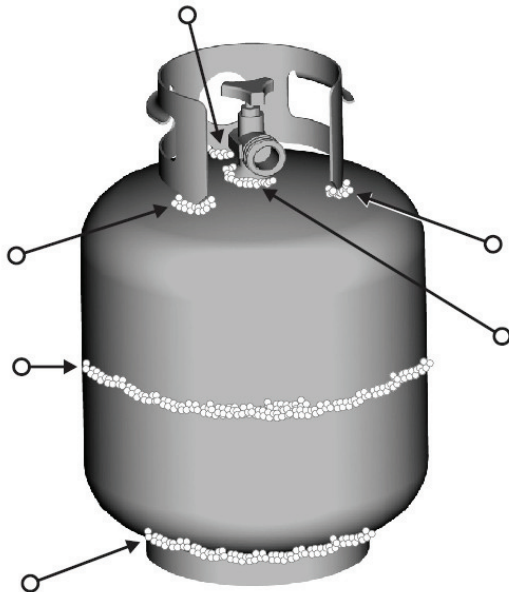
• **Leak test new and exchanged LP tanks BEFORE connecting to grill.**

LP Tank Leak Test For your safety

- Leak test must be repeated each time LP tank is exchanged or refilled.
- Do not smoke during leak test.
- Do not use an open flame to check for gas leaks.
- Grill must be leak tested outdoors in a well-ventilated area, away from ignition sources such as gas fired or electrical appliances. During leak test, keep grill away from open flames or sparks.
- Use a clean paintbrush and a 50/50 mild soap and water solution. Brush soapy solution onto areas indicated by arrows in figure below. Leaks are indicated by growing bubbles.

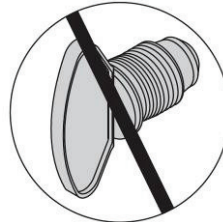
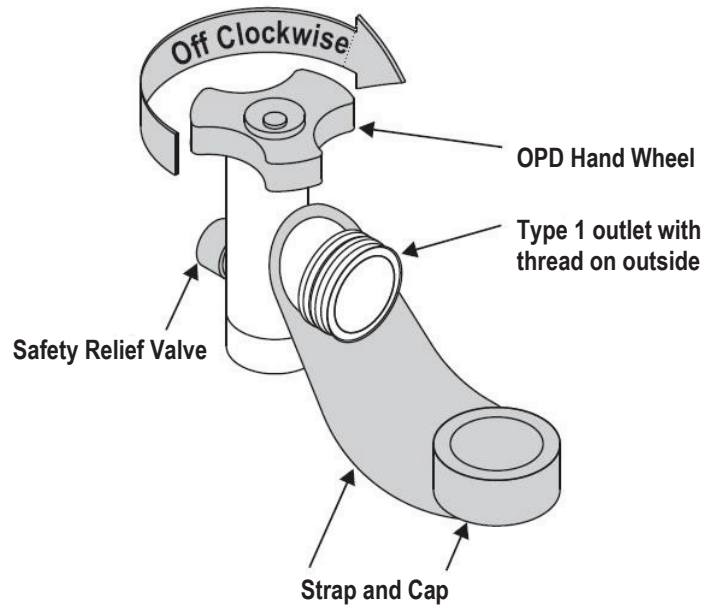
	<h1>WARNING</h1>	
<p>If "growing" bubbles appear do not use or move the LP tank. Contact an LP gas supplier or your fire department!</p>		

▲ **Do not use household cleaning agents.** Damage to gas train components (valve/hose/regulator) can result.



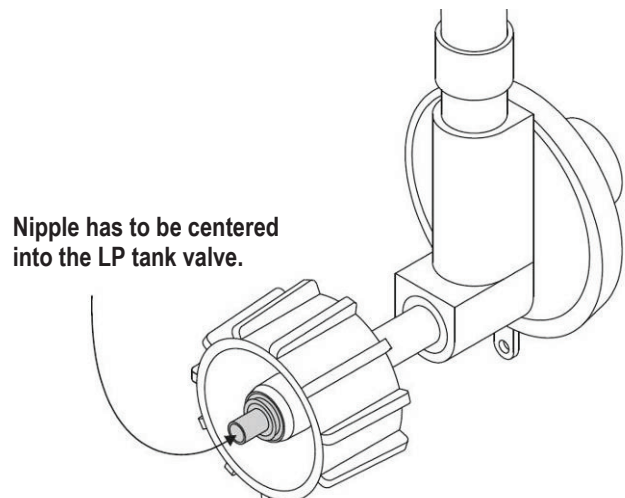
Connecting Regulator To The LP Tank

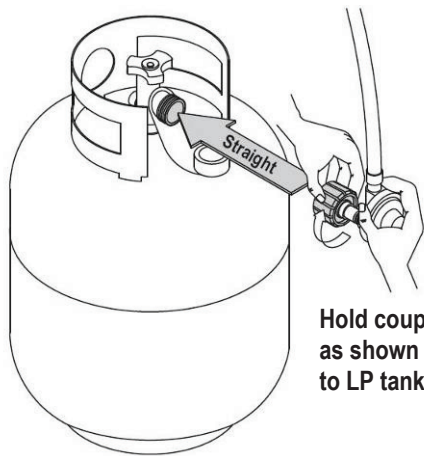
1. LP tank must be properly secured onto grill. (Refer to assembly section.)
2. Turn all control knobs to the OFF position.
3. Turn LP tank OFF by turning OPD hand wheel clockwise to a full stop.
4. Remove the protective cap from LP tank valve. Always use cap and strap supplied with valve.



Do not insert a POL transport plug (plastic part with external threads) into the Type 1 tank valve outlet. It will defeat the Safety Relief Valve feature.

5. Hold regulator and insert nipple into LP tank valve. Hand-tighten the coupling nut, holding regulator in a straight line with LP tank valve so as not to crossthread the connection.





Hold coupling nut and regulator as shown for proper connection to LP tank valve.

- Turn the coupling nut clockwise and tighten to a full stop. The regulator will seal on the back-check feature in the LP tank valve, resulting in some resistance. **An additional one-half to three-quarters turn is required to complete the connection. Tighten by hand only – do not use tools.**

NOTE:

If you cannot complete the connection, disconnect regulator and repeat steps 5 and 6. If you are still unable to complete the connection, **do not use this regulator! Call 1-888-804-7455 for assistance.**



- Do not insert any tool or foreign object into the valve outlet or safety relief valve. You may damage the valve and cause a leak. Leaking propane may result in explosion, fire, severe personal injury, or death.

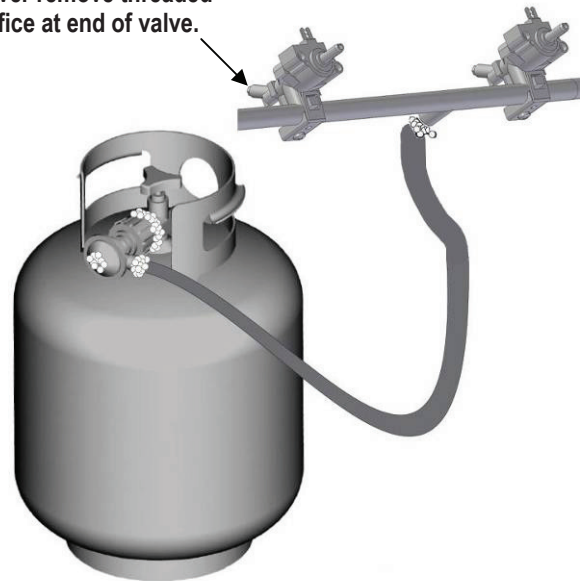


- Outdoor gas appliance is not intended to be installed in or on a boat.
- Outdoor gas appliance is not intended to be installed in or on an RV.
- Never attempt to attach this grill to the self-contained LP gas system of a camper trailer or motor home.
- Do not use grill until leak-tested.
- If a leak is detected at any time, STOP and call the fire department.
- If you cannot stop a gas leak, *immediately* close LP cylinder valve and call LP gas supplier or your fire department!

Leak Testing Valves, Hose and Regulator

- Turn all grill control knobs to OFF.
- Be sure regulator is tightly connected to LP tank.
- Completely open LP tank valve by turning OPD hand wheel counterclockwise. If you hear a *rushing sound*, turn gas off immediately. There is a major leak at the connection. **Correct before proceeding by calling 1-888-804-7455.**
- Brush soapy solution onto areas where bubbles are shown in picture below:

▲ Never remove threaded orifice at end of valve.



- If “growing” bubbles appear, there is a leak. Close LP tank valve immediately and retighten connections. **If leaks cannot be stopped do not try to repair. Call 1-888-804-7455.**
- Always close LP tank valve after performing leak test by turning hand wheel clockwise.

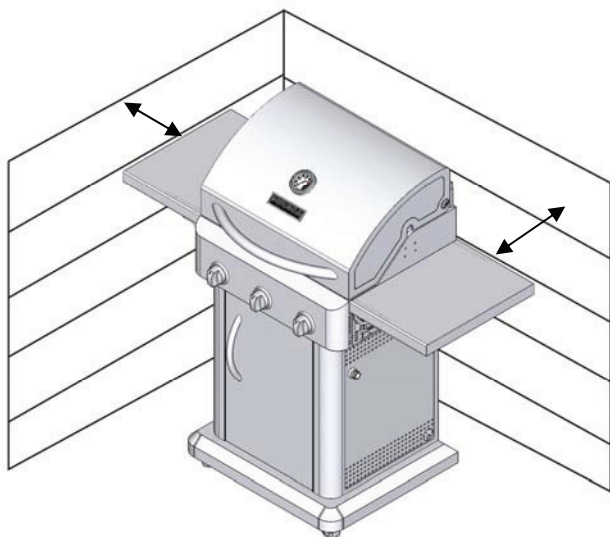


WARNING



For Safe Use of Your Grill and to Avoid Serious Injury:

- Do not let children operate or play near grill.
- Keep grill area clear and free from materials that burn.
- Do not block holes in sides or back of grill.
- Check burner flames regularly.
- Use grill only in well-ventilated space. NEVER use in enclosed space such as carport, garage, porch, covered patio, or under an overhead structure of any kind.
- Do not use charcoal or ceramic briquets in a gas grill. *(Unless briquets are supplied with your grill.)*
- **Use grill at least 3 ft. from any wall or surface.** Maintain 10 ft. clearance to objects that can catch fire, or to sources of ignition such as pilot lights on water heaters, live electrical appliances, etc.



• Apartment Dwellers:

- Check with management to learn the requirements and fire codes for using an LP gas grill in your apartment complex. If allowed, use outside on the ground floor with a three (3) foot clearance from walls or rails. Do not use on or under balconies.
- **NEVER attempt to light burner with lid closed. A buildup of non-ignited gas inside a closed grill is hazardous.**
- **Never operate grill with LP cylinder out of correct position specified in assembly instructions.**
- **Always close LP cylinder valve and remove coupling nut before moving LP cylinder from specified operation position.**

Safety Tips

- ▲ Before opening LP cylinder valve, check the coupling nut for tightness.
- ▲ When grill is not in use, turn off all control knobs and LP cylinder valve.
- ▲ Never move grill while in operation or still hot.
- ▲ Use long-handled barbecue utensils and oven mitts to avoid burns and splatters.
- ▲ Maximum load for sideburner and side shelf is 10 lbs.
- ▲ The grease tray **must** be inserted into grill and emptied after each use. Do not remove grease tray until grill has completely cooled.
- ▲ Clean grill often, preferably after each cookout. If a bristle brush is used to clean any of the grill cooking surfaces, ensure no loose bristles remain on cooking surfaces prior to grilling. It is not recommended to clean cooking surfaces while grill is hot.
- ▲ If you notice grease or other hot material dripping from grill onto valve, hose or regulator, turn off gas supply at once. Determine the cause, correct it, then clean and inspect valve, hose and regulator before continuing. Perform a leak test.
- ▲ Keep ventilation openings in cylinder enclosure (grill cart) free and clear of debris.
- ▲ Do not store objects or materials inside the grill cart enclosure that would block the flow of combustion air to the underside of either the control panel or the firebox bowl.
- ▲ The regulator may make a humming or whistling noise during operation. This will not affect safety or use of grill.
- ▲ If you have a grill problem see the "Troubleshooting Section".
- ▲ If the regulator frosts, turn off grill and LP cylinder valve immediately. This indicates a problem with the cylinder and it should not be used on any product. Return to supplier!



WARNING



GREASE FIRE HAZARD

- Putting out grease fires by closing the grill lid is not possible. Grills are well ventilated for safety reasons.
- Do not use water on a grease fire. Serious personal injury may result. If a grease fire develops, wear gloves to protect hands and turn knobs and LP cylinder off.
- Do not leave grill unattended while preheating or burning off food residue on HI. If grill has not been regularly cleaned, a grease fire can occur that may damage the product.

NOTICE: Using a water spray bottle to extinguish flame flare-ups can cause thermal shock to firebox porcelain surfaces, and create “feathering” cracks in the porcelain. Water can seep through the cracks and cause the underlying metal to rust.

Ignitor Lighting the Grill

1. Read instructions before lighting your grill.
2. Open lid during lighting.
3. Open LP cylinder or natural gas valve.
4. Push any burner control knob in and turn the knob to the left to “HI” position. You will hear a clicking sound from all burners. Keep pressing the knob until the burner is lit.
5. If ignition does not occur in 5 seconds, turn the burner control off, wait 5 minutes for gas to clear away, and repeat the lighting procedure.

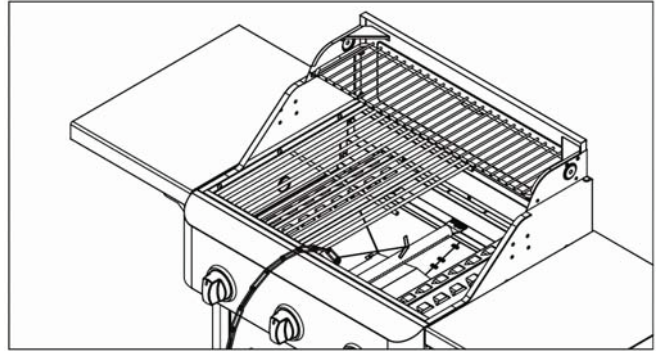
6. To light other burners, repeat step 4.

NOTE: If ignitor does not work, follow Match Lighting instructions.

Main Burner Match Lighting

▲ **Do not lean over grill while lighting.**

1. **Open lid during lighting.**
2. Place match into match holder (hanging from side of cart). Light match, place into the firebox.
3. Push in and turn right knob to HIGH position. Be sure burner lights and stays lit.
4. Light other burners by pushing knob in and turning to HI position.

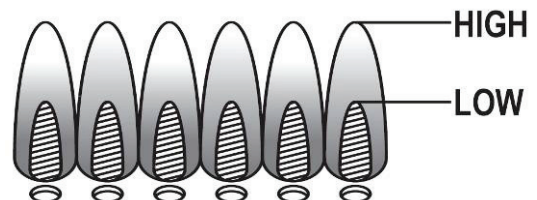


	WARNING	
<p>Turn off controls and tank or gas supply when not in use. Please make sure the drip tray and drip cup are properly installed before turning burners on. Drip tray is hot when burner is on and after grilling. Do not touch the drip tray when it is hot.</p>		

	CAUTION	
<p>If ignition does not occur in 5 seconds, turn the burner control off, wait 5 minutes, and repeat the lighting procedure. If the burner does not ignite with the valve open, gas will continue to flow out of the burner and could accidentally ignite with risk of injury.</p>		

Burner Flame Check

•Remove cooking grates and heat diffusers. Light burners, rotate knobs from HIGH to LOW. You should see a smaller flame in LOW position than seen on HIGH. Perform burner flame check on sideburner, also. Always check flame prior to each use.



Turning Grill Off

- Turn all knobs to position. Turn LP cylinder off by turning hand-wheel clockwise to a full stop.

Ignitor Check

- **Turn gas off at LP cylinder.** Push the control knob in and turn the knob to the left to "HI" position. "Clicking" should be heard and spark seen each time between collector box or burner and electrode. See "Troubleshooting" if no click or spark.

Valve Check


- **Important: Make sure gas is off at LP cylinder before checking valves.** Knobs lock in **OFF** position. To check valves, first push in knobs and release, knobs should spring back. If knobs do not spring back, replace valve assembly before using grill. Turn knobs to **LOW** position then turn back to **OFF** position. Valves should turn smoothly.

Hose Check


- Before each use, check to see if hoses are cut or worn. Replace damaged hoses before using grill. Use only identical replacement part valve/hose/regulator as specified in the Parts List of this Use and Care Guide.

General Grill Cleaning

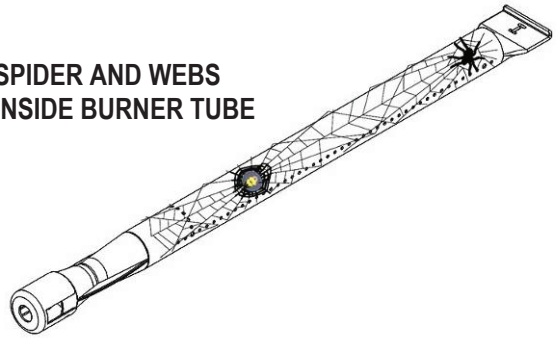
- Do not mistake brown or black accumulation of grease and smoke for paint. Interiors of gas grills are not painted at the factory (**and should never be painted**). Apply a strong solution of detergent and water or use a grill cleaner with scrub brush on insides of grill lid and bottom. Rinse and allow to completely air dry. **Do not apply a caustic grill/oven cleaner to painted surfaces.**
- **Plastic parts:** Wash with warm soapy water and wipe dry. Do not use citrisol, abrasive cleaners, degreasers or a concentrated grill cleaner on plastic parts. Damage to and failure of parts can result.
- **Porcelain surfaces:** Because of glass-like composition, most residue can be wiped away with baking soda/water solution or specially formulated cleaner. Use nonabrasive scouring powder for stubborn stains.
- **Painted surfaces:** Wash with mild detergent or nonabrasive cleaner and warm soapy water. Wipe dry with a soft nonabrasive cloth.
- **Stainless steel surfaces:** To maintain your grill's high quality appearance, wash with mild detergent and warm soapy water and wipe dry with a soft cloth after each use. Baked-on grease deposits may require the use of an abrasive plastic cleaning pad. Use only in direction of brushed finish to avoid damage. Do not use abrasive pad on areas with graphics.
- **Cooking surfaces:** If a bristle brush is used to clean any of the grill cooking surfaces, ensure no loose bristles remain on cooking surfaces prior to grilling. It is not recommended to clean cooking surfaces while grill is hot.



CAUTION



SPIDER ALERT!



**SPIDER AND WEBS
INSIDE BURNER TUBE**

If you notice that your grill is getting hard to light or that the flame isn't as strong as it should be, take the time to check and clean the burner tubes.

Spiders or small insects have been known to create "flashback" problems. The spiders spin webs, build nests and lay eggs in the grill's burner tubes obstructing the flow of gas to the burner. The backed-up gas can ignite in the burner tube behind the control panel. This is known as a flashback and it can damage your grill and even cause injury.

To prevent flashbacks and ensure good performance the burner and burner tube assembly should be removed from the grill and cleaned before use whenever the grill has been idle for an extended period.

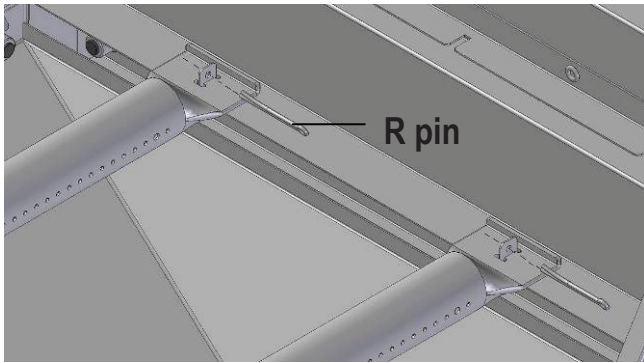
Storing Your Grill

- Clean cooking grates.
- Store in dry location.
- When LP cylinder is connected to grill, store outdoors in a well-ventilated space and out of reach of children.
- Cover grill if stored outdoors. Choose from a variety of grill covers offered by manufacturer.
- Store grill indoors **ONLY** if LP cylinder is turned off and disconnected, removed from grill and stored outdoors.
- When removing grill from storage, follow “*Cleaning the Burner Assembly*” instructions before starting grill.

Cleaning the Burner Assembly

Follow these instructions to clean and/or replace parts of burner assembly or if you have trouble igniting grill.

1. **Turn gas off at control knobs and LP cylinder.**
2. Remove cooking grates and heat diffusers.
3. Remove R pins from rear of burners.
4. Carefully lift each burner up and away from valve openings.



We suggest three ways to clean the burner tubes. Use the one easiest for you.

(A) Bend a stiff wire (a light weight coat hanger works well) into a small hook. Run the hook through each burner tube several times.

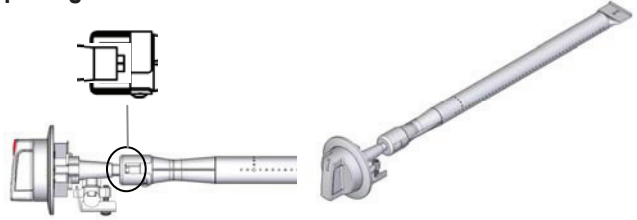


(B) Use a narrow bottle brush with a flexible handle (do not use a brass wire brush), run the brush through each burner tube several times.

(C) Wear eye protection: Use an air hose to force air into the burner tube and out the burner ports. Check each port to make sure air comes out each hole.

5. Wire brush entire outer surface of burner to remove food residue and dirt.
6. Clean any blocked ports with a stiff wire such as an open paper clip.
7. Check burner for damage, due to normal wear and corrosion some holes may become enlarged. If any large cracks or holes are found replace burner.

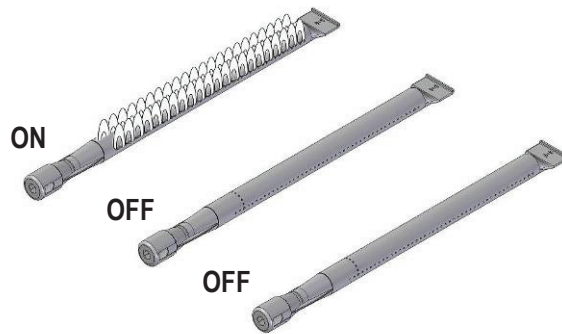
VERY IMPORTANT: Burner tubes must reengage valve openings.



Correct burner-to-valve engagement

Indirect Cooking

Poultry and large cuts of meat cook slowly to perfection on the grill by indirect heat. Place food over unlit burner(s); the heat from lit burners circulates gently throughout the grill, cooking meat or poultry without the touch of a direct flame. This method greatly reduces flare-ups when cooking extra fatty cuts because there is no direct flame to ignite the fats and juices that drip during cooking.

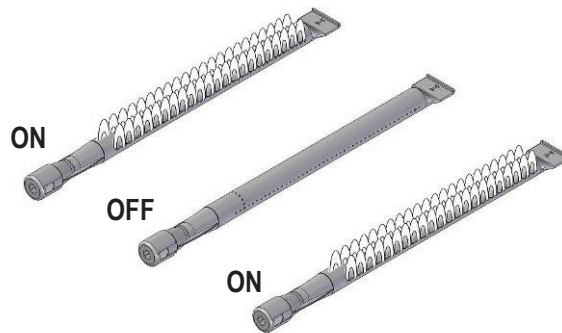


1 Burner Cooking

Cook with direct or indirect heat.
Best for smaller meals or foods.
Consumes less fuel.

Indirect Cooking Instructions

- Always cook with the lid closed.
- Due to weather conditions, cooking times may vary. During cold and windy conditions the temperature setting may need to be increased to insure sufficient cooking temperatures.
- Place food over unlit burner(s)



2 Burner Cooking

Great indirect cooking on low.
Produces slow, even heating.
Ideal for slow roasting and baking.

Food Safety

Food safety is a very important part of enjoying the outdoor cooking experience. To keep food safe from harmful bacteria, follow these four basic steps:

Clean: Wash hands, utensils, and surfaces with hot soapy water before and after handling raw meat and poultry.

Separate: Separate raw meats and poultry from ready-to-eat foods to avoid cross contamination. Use a clean platter and utensils when removing cooked foods.

Cook: Cook meat and poultry thoroughly to kill bacteria. Use a thermometer to ensure proper internal food temperatures.

Chill: Refrigerate prepared foods and leftovers promptly.

How To Tell If Meat Is Grilled Thoroughly

- Meat and poultry cooked on a grill often browns very fast on the outside. Use a meat thermometer to be sure food has reached a safe internal temperature, and cut into food to check for visual signs of doneness.
- Whole poultry should reach 180° F; breasts, 170° F. Juices should run clear and flesh should not be pink.
- Hamburgers made of any ground meat or poultry should reach 160° F, and be brown in the middle with no pink juices. Beef, veal and lamb steaks, roasts and chops can be cooked to 145°F. All cuts of pork should reach 160° F.
- NEVER partially grill meat or poultry and finish cooking later. Cook food completely to destroy harmful bacteria.
- When reheating takeout foods or fully cooked meats like hot dogs, grill to 165° F, or until steaming hot.

WARNING: To ensure that it is safe to eat, food must be cooked to the minimum internal temperatures listed in the table below.

USDA* Recommended Safe Minimum Internal Temperatures	
Beef, Veal, Lamb and Pork – Whole Cuts**	145° F
Fish	145° F
Beef, Veal, Lamb and Pork – Ground	160° F
Egg Dishes	160° F
Turkey, Chicken & Duck – Whole, Pieces & Ground	165° F

* United States Department of Agriculture

**Allow meat to rest three minutes before carving or consuming.

Gas Requirements

LP Gas

If your grill is for LP Gas, the regulator supplied is set for an 11-in. water column (WC) and is for use with LP gas only. The factory-supplied regulator and hose must be used with a 20-lb. LP gas tank.

Excess Flow Control and Low Heat

The propane regulator assembly incorporates an excess flow device designed to supply the grill with sufficient gas flow under normal conditions yet control excess gas flow. Rapid changes in pressure can trigger the excess flow device providing a low flame and low temperature. If the tank valve is turned open to allow gas flow while a burner valve is open, the surge of pressure will cause the device to activate. The device will remain closed until the pressure is equalized. This should occur within 5 seconds.

To ensure this does not cause difficulty in lighting the grill, follow these instructions:

1. Make sure all burner valves are "OFF".
2. Open the tank valve and wait 5 seconds.
3. Light the burners one at a time following the lighting instructions.

Helpful Care and Maintenance Hints

Before grilling, pre-heat grill for 15 minutes on "HI" with hood down. To avoid uncontrolled flare-ups or grease fires, grill meats with hood open. Close hood if meats are thick or weather is cold, or if you are using a rotisserie or indirect cooking.

Always protect your hand with a pot holder or cooking glove when coming into contact with a hot surface.

Hood up when grilling meats, especially chicken. Hood down when indirect or rotisserie cooking.

NEVER leave your grill unattended while cooking.

After use, close hood, turn burners to HI for 15 min. for self-cleaning, grease burn off.

Care and Maintenance Time Table Chart

Grill Item	Frequency Based on Normal Use	Cleaning Method
Painted surface	Twice yearly	Car wax
Stainless surface	Twice yearly	Stainless cleaner
All grates	After each use	Burn off and wipe
Stainless grates	15 days	Wire brush/ Dishwasher safe
Porcelain grates	15 days	Scrub pad soapy water /Dishwasher safe
Burner heat tents	30 days	Wire brush
Burners	90 days	Wire brush
Burner box interior	120 days	Interior grill cleaning products