#### **Common Product Questions**

## How do I unclog the ice dispenser chute?

Eliminate the frost of ice fragments by removing the ice bin and clearing the chute with a plastic utensil. Dispensing cubed ice can also help prevent frost or ice fragment buildup.

Make sure that the refrigerator doors are closed before attempting to dispense ice.

## Why are ice crystals and frost forming on my frozen food?

When the doors are opened often or for long periods of time, warm, humid air enters the compartment. This raises the temperature and moisture level within the compartment. Increased moisture will lead to frost and condensation. To lessen the effect, reduce the frequency and duration of door openings.

## How long will it take for my ice bin to fill completely?

Once the ice supply in the bin has been completely exhausted, it may take up to 90 minutes before additional ice is available, and approximately 24 hours to completely refill the bin.

### Why does my ice and water taste unusual?

It is recommended that you replace the water filter:

- Approximately every 6 months.
- When the water filter indicator turns on.
- When the water dispenser output decreases.
- When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.

If your refrigerator was recently installed, dispense 2.5 gallons (0.5 L) of water (flush for approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminants from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon (9.5 L) amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.

#### Noises You Might Hear

Noise	Possible Causes	Solutions
Clicking	The defrost control will click when the automatic defrost cycle begins and ends. The thermostat control (or refrigerator control on some models) will also click when cycling on and off.	Normal Operation
Rattling	Rattling noises may come from the flow of refrigerant, the water line on the back of the unit, or items stored on top of or around the refrigerator. Refrigerator is not resting solidly on the floor.	Normal Operation Floor is weak or uneven or leveling legs need to be adjusted. See the Door Alignment section.
	Refrigerator with linear compressor was jarred while running.	Normal Operation
Whooshing	Evaporator fan motor is circulating air through the refrigerator and freezer compartments.	Normal Operation
	Air is being forced over the condenser by the condenser by the condenser fan.	Normal Operation
Gurgling	Refrigerant flowing through the cooling system.	Normal Operation
Popping	Contraction and expansion of the inside walls due to changes in temperature.	Normal Operation
Sizzling	Water dripping on the defrost heater during a defrost cycle.	Normal Operation
Vibrating	If the side or back of the refrigerator	To eliminate the noise, make sure that the sides and back cannot vibrate against any wall or cabinet.
Dripping	Water running into the drain pan during the defrost cycle.	Normal Operation
Pulsating or high-pitched sound	Your refrigerator is designed to run more efficiently to keep your food items at the desired temperature. The high efficiency compressor may cause your new refrigerator to run longer than your old one, but it is still more energy efficient than previous models. While the refrigerator is running, it is normal to hear a pulsating or high- pitched sound.	Normal Operation

#### Before Calling for Service

Review this section before calling for service; doing so will save you both time and money.

Cooling		
Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Refrigerator and Freezer	The refrigerator control is set to OFF (some models).	Turn the control ON. Refer to the Setting the Controls section for proper temperature settings.
section are not cooling.	Refrigerator is set to Demo Mode	Demo Mode allows the lights and control display to work normally while disabling cooling, to save energy while the refrigerator is on the showroom floor. See the FAQs or the Setting the Controls
		section of this manual for instructions on how to disable Demo Mode.
	Refrigerator is in the defrost cycle.	During the defrost cycle, the temperature of each compartment may rise slightly. Wait 30 minutes and confirm the proper temperature has been restored once the defrost cycle has completed.
	Refrigerator was recently installed.	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment to reach the desired temperature.
	Refrigerator was recently relocated.	If the refrigerator was stored for a long period of time or moved on its side, it is necessary for the refrigerator to stand upright for 24 hours before connecting it to power.
Cooling System runs too much.	Refrigerator is replacing an older model.	Modern refrigerators require more operating time but use less energy due to more efficient technology.
	Refrigerator was recently plugged in or power restored.	The refrigerator will take up to 24 hours to cool completely.
	The door is opened often or a large amount of food / hot food was added.	Adding food and opening the door warms the refrigerator, requiring the compressor to run longer in order to cool the refrigerator back down. In order to conserve energy, try to get everything you need out of the refrigerator at once, keep food organized so it is easy to find, and close the door as soon as the food is removed. (Refer to the <b>Food Storage Guide</b> .)
	Doors are not closed completely.	Firmly push the doors shut. If they will not shut all the way, see the Doors will not close completely or pop open section in Troubleshooting.
	Refrigerator is installed in a hot location.	The compressor will run longer under warm conditions. At normal room temperatures 70°F(21°C) expect your compressor to run about 40% to 80% of the time. Under warmer conditions, expect it to run even more often. The refrigerator should not be operated above 110°F(43 °C).
	Condenser / back cover is clogged.	Use a vacuum cleaner with an attachment to clean the condenser cover and vents. Do not remove the panel covering the condenser coil area.

#### Cooling

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Refrigerator or	Refrigerator was recently	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment
Freezer section	installed.	to reach the desired temperature.
is too warm.	The air vents are blocked.	Locate air vents by using your hand to sense
		airflow and move all packages that block vents
		and restrict airflow. Rearrange items to allow air
		to flow throughout the compartment. (Refer to
		the Airflow diagram in the Using Your Refrigerator
	dividing the two sections.	section.)
		When the doors are opened often or for long
	long periods of time.	periods of time, warm, humid air enters the
		compartment. This raises the temperature and
		moisture level within the compartment. To lessen
		the effect, reduce the frequency and duration of
		door openings.
	Unit is installed in a hot	The refrigerator should not be operated in
	location.	temperatures above 110°F(43°C).
	A large amount of food or	Adding food warms the compartment requiring
		the cooling system to run. Allowing hot food to
	compartment.	cool to room temperature before putting it in the
		refrigerator will reduce this effect.
	Doors not closed correctly.	See the Doors will not close correctly or pop open
		section in Parts & Features Troubleshooting.
	Temperature control is not	If the temperature is too warm, adjust the
	set correctly.	control one increment at a time and wait for the
		temperature to stabilize. Refer to the Setting the
		Controls section for more information.
	Defrost cycle has recently	During the defrost cycle, the temperature of each
	completed.	compartment may rise slightly and condensation
		may form on the back wall. Wait 30 minutes and
		confirm the proper temperature has been restored
		once the defrost cycle has completed.
Refrigerator or		If the temperature is too cold, adjust the control
Freezer section	settings.	one increment at a time and wait for the
is too cold.		temperature to stabilize. Refer to the Setting the
		Controls section for more information.
Items in the	The Cheese & Butter and	This is normal. Items that you would like to keep
Cheese & Butter		cooler should be stored in the refrigerator section.
and Condiment	slightly warmer than the	
bins are not as	refrigerator compartment.	
cool as other		
items in the		
refrigerator.		

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Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Interior moisture	Doors are opened often or for	When the doors are opened often or for long
buildup.	long periods of time.	periods of time, warm, humid air enters the
		compartment. This raises the temperature and
		moisture level within the compartment. To lessen
		the effect, reduce the frequency and duration of
		door openings.
	Doors not closed correctly.	See the Doors will not close correctly section in
		the Troubleshooting section.
	Weather is humid.	Humid weather allows additional moisture to enter
		the compartments when the doors are opened
		leading to condensation or frost. Maintaining a
		reasonable level of humidity in the home will help
		to control the amount of moisture that can enter
		the compartments.
	Defrost cycle recently	During the defrost cycle, the temperature of each
	completed.	compartment may raise slightly and condensation
		may form on the back wall. Wait 30 minutes and
		confirm that the proper temperature has been
		restored once the defrost cycle has completed.
	Food is not packaged	Food stored uncovered or unwrapped, and damp
	correctly.	containers can lead to moisture accumulation
		within each compartment. Wipe all containers
		dry and store food in sealed packaging to prevent
		condensation and frost.
Food is	Food with high water content	Rearrange items with high water content away
freezing in the	was placed near an air vent.	from air vents.
refrigerator	Refrigerator temperature	If the temperature is too cold, adjust the
compartment.	control is set incorrectly.	control one increment at a time and wait for the
		temperature to stabilize. Refer to the Setting the
		Controls section for more information.
	Refrigerator is installed in a	When the refrigerator is operated in temperatures
	cold location.	below 41°F (5°C), food can freeze in the refrigerator
		compartment. The refrigerator should not be
		operated in temperatures below 55°F (13°C).
Frost or ice	Door is opened frequently or	When the doors are opened often or for long
crystals form	for long periods of time.	periods of time, warm, humid air enters the
on frozen food		compartment. This raises the temperature and
(outside of		moisture level within the compartment. Increased
package).		moisture will lead to frost and condensation.
		To lessen the effect, reduce the frequency and
		duration of door openings.
	Door is not closing properly.	Refer to the Doors will not close correctly or pop
		open section in the Troubleshooting section.

#### Cooling/Ice & Water

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Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Frost or ice	Condensation from food	This is normal for food items with a high water
crystals	with a high water content	content.
on frozen	has frozen inside of the	
food (inside	food package.	
of sealed	Food has been left in the	Do not store food items with high water content in
package).	freezer for a long period of	the freezer for a long period of time.
	time.	
Icemaker is	Demand exceeds ice	The icemaker will produce approximately 70-210
not making	storage capacity.	cubes in a 24 hour period.
enough ice.	House water supply is not	Connect the refrigerator to a cold water supply with
-	connected, valve is not	adequate pressure and turn the water shutoff valve
	turned on fully, or valve is	fully open.
	clogged.	If the problem persists, it may be necessary to
		contact a plumber.
	Water filter has been	Replacing the water filter is recommended:
	exhausted.	<ul> <li>Approximately every six months.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the water filter indicator turns on.</li> </ul>
		• When the water dispenser output decreases.
		• When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.
	Low house water supply	The water pressure must be between 20 and 120 psi
	pressure.	(138 - 827 kPa) on models without a water filter and
		between 40 and 120 psi (276 - 827 kPa) on models
		with a water filter.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.
	Reverse Osmosis filtration	Reverse osmosis filtration systems can reduce the
	system is used.	water pressure below the minimum amount and result
		in icemaker issues. (Refer to Water Pressure section.)
	Tubing connecting	The tubing can kink when the refrigerator is moved
	refrigerator to house supply	during installation or cleaning resulting in reduced
	valve is kinked.	water flow. Straighten or repair the water supply line
		and arrange it to prevent future kinks.
	Doors are opened often or	If the doors of the unit are opened often, ambient
	for long periods of time.	air will warm the refrigerator which will prevent the
		unit from maintaining the set temperature. Lowering
		the refrigerator temperature can help, as well as not
		opening the doors as frequently.
	Doors are not closed	If the doors are not properly closed, ice production
	completely.	will be affected. See the Doors will not close
		completely or pop open section in Parts & Features
		Troubleshooting for more information.
	The temperature setting for	The recommended temperature for the freezer
	the freezer is too warm.	compartment for normal ice production is 0°F(-18°C).
		If the freezer temperature is warmer, ice production
		will be affected.

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
-	Refrigerator was recently	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment to
making enough	installed or icemaker recently	reach the desired temperature and for the icemaker
ice (continued).	connected.	to begin making ice.
	Icemaker not turned on.	Locate the icemaker ON/OFF button on the display
		and confirm that it is set to the Ice On mode.
	The ice detecting sensor is	Foreign substances or frost on the ice-detecting
	obstructed.	sensor can interrupt ice production. Make sure
		that the sensor area is clean at all times for proper
		operation.
	The refrigerator is not	Connect the refrigerator to the water supply and
	connected to a water supply	turn the water shutoff valve fully open.
	or the supply shutoff valve is	
	not turned on.	
	Icemaker shutoff (arm or	If your icemaker is equipped with an ice shutoff
	sensor) obstructed.	arm, make sure that the arm moves freely. If
		your icemaker is equipped with the electronic ice
		shutoff sensor, make sure that there is a clear path
	Reverse osmosis water	between the two sensors.
		Reverse osmosis filtration systems can reduce the water pressure below the minimum amount
	filtration system is connected to your cold water supply.	and result in icemaker issues. (Refer to the Water
	to your cold water supply.	Pressure section.)
Ice has bad	Water supply contains	A water filter may need to be installed to eliminate
taste or odor.	minerals such as sulfur.	taste and odor problems. NOTE: In some cases, a
		filter may not help. It may not be possible to remove
		all minerals/odor/taste in all water supplies.
	Icemaker was recently	Ice that has been stored for too long will shrink,
	installed.	become cloudy, and may develop a stale taste.
		Throw away old ice and make a new supply.
	The food has not been	Rewrap the food. Odors may migrate to the ice if
	stored properly in either	food is not wrapped properly.
	compartment.	
	The interior of the refrigerator	See the Care and Cleaning section for more
	needs to be cleaned.	information.
	The ice storage bin needs to	Empty and wash the bin (discard old cubes).
	be cleaned.	Make sure that the bin is completely dry before
		reinstalling it.
Icemaker is	Icemaker shutoff (arm/sensor)	Empty the ice bin. If your icemaker is equipped
making too	is obstructed	with an ice shutoff arm, make sure that the arm
much ice.		moves freely. If your icemaker is equipped with the
		electronic ice shutoff sensor, make sure that there
		is a clear path between the two sensors. Reinstall
		the ice bin and wait 24 hours to confirm proper
		operation.

#### Ice & Water

#### Ice & Water

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
lce is not	Doors are not closed	Ice will not dispense if any of the refrigerator doors
dispensing.	completely.	are left open.
	Infrequent use of the	Infrequent use of the ice dispenser will cause
	dispenser.	the cubes to stick together over time, which will
		prevent them from properly dispensing. Check the
		ice bin for ice cubes clumping/sticking together.
		If they are, break up the ice cubes to allow for
		proper operation.
	The delivery chute is clogged	Eliminate the frost or ice fragments by removing
	with frost or ice fragments.	the ice bin and clearing the chute with a plastic
		utensil. Dispensing cubed ice can also help
	The dispenser display is	prevent frost or ice fragment buildup. Press and hold the Lock button for three seconds
	locked.	to unlock the control panel and dispenser.
	IOCKEU.	to unlock the control panel and dispensel.
	Ice bin is empty.	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment
		to reach the desired temperature and for the
		icemaker to begin making ice. Make sure that
		the shutoff (arm/sensor) is not obstructed. Once
		the ice supply in the bin has been completely
		exhausted, it my take up to 90 minutes before
		additional ice is available, and approximately 24
\ <b>\ /</b> - +	Maria - Charles - Lassa	hours to completely refill the bin.
Water is	Water filter has been exhausted.	Replacing the water filter is recommended:
dispensing slowly.	exhausted.	<ul><li>Approximately every six months.</li><li>When the water filter indicator turns on.</li></ul>
SIOVVIY.		<ul> <li>When the water dispenser output decreases.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.</li> </ul>
	Reverse osmosis filtration	Reverse osmosis filtration systems can reduce the
	system is used.	water pressure below the minimum amount and
		result in icemaker issues.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to
		contact a plumber or install a booster pump to
		compensate for the low pressure.
	Low house water supply	The water pressure must be between 20 and 120
	pressure.	psi ( 138 - 827 kPa) on models without a water
		filter and between 40 and 120 psi (276 - 827 kPa) on models with a water filter.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to
		contact a plumber or install a booster pump to
		compensate for the low pressure.

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Water is not	New installation or water line	Dispense 2.5 gallons (9L) of water (flush for
dispensing.	recently connected.	approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminants from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon (9L) amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds
	The dispenser panel is locked.	ON and 60 seconds OFF. Press and hold the <b>Lock</b> button for three seconds to unlock the control panel and dispenser.
	The dispenser is not set for water dispensing.	The dispenser can be set for ice or water. Make certain that the control panel is set for the proper operation. Press the Water button on the control panel to dispense water.
	Refrigerator or freezer doors are not closed properly.	Water will not dispense if any of the refrigerator doors are left open.
	Water filter has been recently removed or replaced.	After the water filter is replaced, dispense 2.5 gallons (9L) of water (flush for approxi- mately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminants from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon (9L) amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.
	Tubing connecting refrigerator to house supply valve is kinked.	The tubing can kink when the refrigerator is moved during installation or cleaning resulting in reduced water flow. Straighten or repair the water supply line and arrange it to prevent future kinks.
	The house water supply is not connected, the valve is not turned on fully, or the valve is clogged.	Connect the refrigerator to the water supply and turn the water shutoff valve fully open. If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.
Dispensing warm water.	Refrigerator was recently installed.	Allow 24 hours after installation for the water storage tank to cool completely.
	The water dispenser has been used recently and the storage tank was exhausted.	Depending on your specific model, the water storage capacity will range from approximately 20 to 30 oz (0.6-0.9 L).
	Dispenser has not been used for several hours.	If the dispenser has not been used for several hours, the first glass dispensed may be warm. Discard the first 10 oz (0.3 L).
	Refrigerator is connected to the hot water supply.	Make sure that the refrigerator is connected to a cold water pipe. <b>WARNING:</b> Connecting the refrigerator to a hot water line may damage the icemaker.

#### Ice & Water

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Water has bad	Water supply contains	A water filter may need to be installed to eliminate
taste or odor.	minerals such as sulfur.	taste and odor problems.
	Water filter has been	Replacing the water filter is recommended:
	exhausted.	<ul> <li>Approximately every six months.</li> </ul>
		• When the water filter indicator turns on.
		• When the water dispenser output decreases.
		• When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.
	Refrigerator was recently	Dispense 2.5 gallons (9L) of water (flush for
	installed.	approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and
		contaminants from the system. Do not dispense
		the entire 2.5 gallon (9L) amount continuously.
		Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles
		of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.
Doors will not	Food packages are blocking	Rearrange food containers to clear the door and
close correctly	the door open.	door shelves.
or pop open.	Ice bin, crisper cover, pans,	Push bins all the way in and put crisper cover,
	shelves, door bins, or	pans, shelves and baskets into their correct
	baskets are out of position.	positions. See the Using Your Refrigerator section
		for more information.
	The doors were removed	Remove and replace the doors according to the
	during product installation	Removing and Replacing Refrigerator Handles and
	and not properly replaced. Refrigerator is not leveled	Doors section. See Door Alignment in the Refrigeration
	properly.	Installation section to level refrigerator.
	property.	Installation section to lever reingerator.
Doors are	The gaskets are dirty or	Clean the gaskets and the surfaces that they
difficult to open.	sticky.	touch. Rub a thin coat of appliance polish or
		kitchen wax on the gaskets after cleaning.
	Door was recently closed.	When you open the door, warmer air enters the
		refrigerator. As the warm air cools, it can create
		a vacuum. If the door is hard to open, wait one
		minute to allow the air pressure to equalize, then
		see if it opens more easily.
Refrigerator	Leveling legs are not	Refer to the Leveling and Door Alignment section.
wobbles or	adjusted properly.	
seems unstable.	Floor is not level.	It may be necessary to add shims under the
		leveling legs or rollers to complete installation.
Lights do not	LED interior lighting failure.	The refrigerator compartment lamp is LED interior
work.		lighting, and service should be performed by
		a qualified technician. Refer to the Replacing
		Refrigerator Lights.

#### Ice & Water/Parts & Features

#### Parts & Features

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
The interior of	The refrigerator is located	Make sure that the refrigerator is not located
the refrigerator	near a fire source, such as a	near a fire source, such as a fireplace, chimney or
is covered with	fireplace, chimney, or candle.	candle.
dust or soot.		