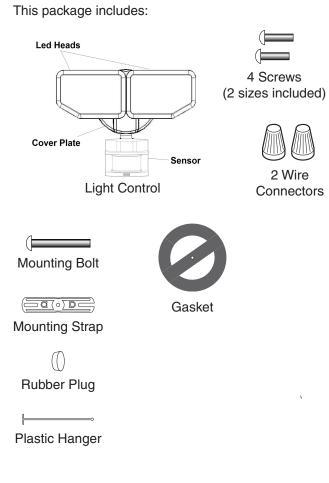
Motion Activated Security Light

Model SL5462

Features

- Turns on lighting when motion is detected.
- Automatically turns lighting off.
- Photocell keeps the lighting off during daylight hours.
- LED indicates motion was sensed (day or night).



Requirements

- The light control requires 120-volts AC.
- If you want to use Manual Mode, the control must be wired through a switch.
- Some codes require installation by a qualified electrician.
- This product is intended for use with the enclosed gasket and with a junction box marked for use in wet locations.

OPERATION

Mode:	On-Time	Works:	Day	Night
Test	5 Seconds		Х	х
Auto	1, 5, or 10 Minutes			х
Manual	To Dawn*			х

* resets to Auto Mode at dawn.

Note: When first turned on wait about 1 ¹/₂ minutes for the circuitry to calibrate.

TEST

Put the ON-TIME switch on the	ON-TIME
bottom of the sensor in the TEST position.	
F	TEST 1510

AUTO

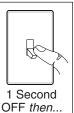
Put the ON-TIME switch in the 1, 5,	ON-TIME
or 10 minute position.	\leftarrow
	TEST 1510

MANUAL MODE

Manual mode only works at night because daylight returns the sensor to AUTO.

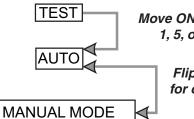
Flip the light switch off for one second then back on to toggle between AUTO and MANUAL MODE.

Manual mode works only with the ON-TIME switch in the 1, 5, or 10 position.





Mode Switching Summary



Move ON-TIME Switch to 1, 5, or 10 minutes

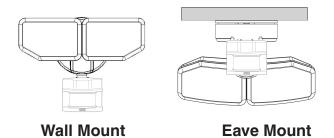
> Flip light switch off for one second then back on*

* If you get confused while switching modes, turn the power off for one minute, then back on. After the calibration time the control will be in the AUTO mode.

INSTALLATION

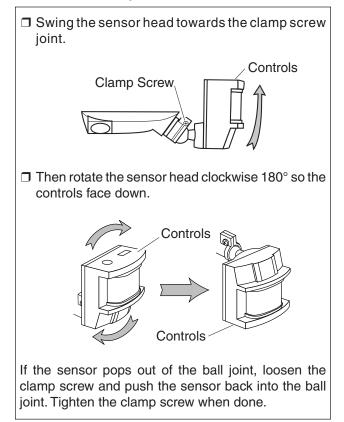
For easy installation, select an existing light with a wall switch for replacement.

For best performance, mount the fixture about 8 ft. (2.4 m) above the ground. **NOTE:** If fixture is mounted higher than 8 ft. (2.4 m), aiming the sensor down will reduce coverage distance.



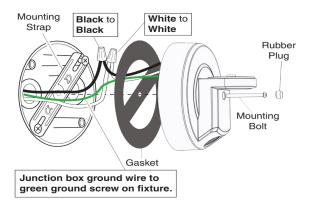
For under eave installation, the sensor head must be rotated as shown in the next two steps for proper operation and to avoid the risk of electrical shock.

For eave mount only:



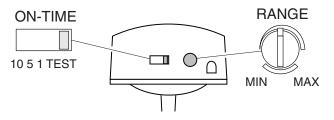
WARNING: Turn power off at circuit breaker or fuse.

- 1. Remove the existing light fixture.
- 2. Install the mounting strap as shown using two screws that fit your junction box.
- 3. The plastic hanger can be used to hold the fixture while wiring. The small end of the plastic hanger can be threaded through the hole in the center of the cover plate. The small end then goes into one of the slots on the mounting strap.
- 4. Route the light control's wires through the large gasket holes.
- 5. Twist the junction box wires and fixture wires together as shown. Secure with wire connectors.



TEST AND ADJUSTMENT

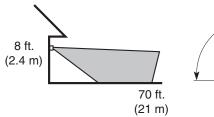
- 1. Turn on the circuit breaker and light switch.
- **NOTE:** Sensor has a 1 ¹/₂ minute warm up period before it will detect motion. When first turned on, wait 1 ¹/₂ minutes.
- 2. Turn the RANGE control to the medium position (halfway between MIN and MAX) and the ON-TIME control to the TEST position.



Bottom of Sensor

Avoid aiming the control at:

- Objects that change temperature rapidly, such as heating vents and air conditioners. These heat sources could cause false triggering.
- Areas where **pets or traffic** may trigger the control.
- Nearby large, light-colored objects reflecting light may trigger the shut-off feature. Do not point other lights at the sensor.

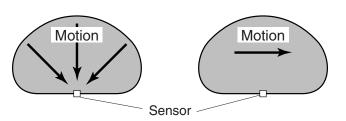


Maximum Range



180°

Maximum Coverage Angle **NOTE:** If fixture is mounted higher than 8 ft. (2.4 m), aiming the sensor down will reduce coverage distance. The detector is less sensitive to motion directly towards it.

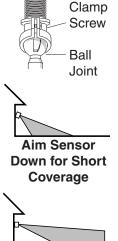


Least Sensitive

- Most Sensitive
- 3. Loosen the clamp screw in the sensor ball joint and gently rotate the sensor.
- 4. Walk through the coverage area noting where you are when the lights turn on (also, the LED will flash several times when motion is detected). Move the sensor head up, down, or sideways to change the coverage area. Keep the sensor at least 1" (25 mm) away from the bulbs.
- 5. Adjust the RANGE as needed. RANGE set too high may increase false triggering.
- Secure the sensor head by tightening the clamp screw.
 Do not overtighten the screw.
- 7. Set the amount of ON-TIME you want the lights to stay on after motion is detected (1, 5, or 10 minutes).
 NOTE: It is recommended to use the 10 minute ON-TIME setting when using CFL bulbs.

IMPORTANT: Do not leave ON-TIME switch in the TEST position. The frequent ON/OFF cycling of the bulb will reduce its life.

WARNING: Risk of fire. Do not aim the bulbs at a combustible surface within 3 ft. (1 m).



Aim Sensor Higher for Long Coverage

SPECIFICATIONS

Power requirements	120VAC,60Hz
Electrical load-LED	30 Watts
Light Output(Lumens)	2600Lm
Color Rendering Index(CRI)	84.8
Light Color(CCT)	5089 K (Daylight)
Range	Up to 70ft.(21.3m)(Varies with surrounding temperature)
Sensing angle	Up to 180°
Time delay	1,5,10 minutes
Operating modes	Test.Motion activated.Manual

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Lights will not come on.	 Light switch is turned off. Flood lamp is loose or burned out. Fuse is blown or circuit breaker is turned off. Daylight turn-off is in effect. Incorrect circuit wiring, if this is a new installation. Light control aimed in wrong direction. 	 Turn light switch on. Check flood lamp and replace if burned out. Replace fuse or turn circuit breaker on. Recheck after dark. Verify wiring is correct. Re-aim light control to cover desired area.
Lights come on in day- light.	 Light control may be installed in a relatively dark location. Light control is in TEST. 	 The fixture is operating normally under these conditions. Set control switch to 1, 5, or 10 minutes.
Lights come on for no apparent reason.	 Light control may be sensing small animals or auto- mobile traffic. Range is set too high. 	 Re-aim light control. Reduce range.
Lights turn off too late in Dusk-to-Dawn setting.	Light control may be installed in a relatively dark loca- tion.	Relocate light control, or use 3 hour or 6 hour setting.
Lights stay on continu- ously.	 A flood lamp is positioned too close to the light control or pointed at nearby objects that cause heat to trigger the light control. The light control may be picking up a heat source like an air vent, dryer vent, or brightly painted, heat- reflective surface. 	 Reposition the flood lamp away from the light control or nearby objects. Reduce range.
Lights flash on and off.	 Light control is in manual mode. Heat or light from the flood lamps may be turning the light control on and off. Heat being reflected from other objects may be turning the light control on and off. Light control is in the TEST mode and warming up. Light may be leaking through the flood lamp reflectors. 	 Switch light control to AUTO. Reposition the flood lamp away from the light control. Reposition light control. Flashing is normal under these conditions. Replace the flood lamps with new high quality PAR 38 lamps. (Make sure the metal lamp protectors are installed).
Lights flash once, then stay off in manual mode.	Light control is detecting its own lights.	Reposition flood lamps to keep area below the light control relatively dark.