

1. Identification

Product identifier	BEHR® Premium Semi-Transparent Penetrating Oil - Chocolate	
Other means of identification		
Product code	4629	
Recommended use	Architectural Coating	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Supplier	Behr Process Corp. 1801 E. St. Andrew Place Santa Ana, CA 92705	
Telephone	714-545-7101	
Emergency telephone	+1 760 476 3962 +1 866 519 4752	
Access code	335213	

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 4
Health hazards	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (central nervous system)
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	Combustible liquid. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.	
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Rags, steel wool, or waste contaminated with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.	
Supplemental information	None.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	45 - 70
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10 - 30
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	3 - 7
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	1 - 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1
Mildewcide	55406-53-6	0.1 - 1
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	0.1 - 1

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

The manufacturer has claimed the exact percentage as trade secret under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Rags, steel wool, or waste contaminated with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Combustible liquid. Will burn if involved in a fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool, or waste in a sealed water-filled metal container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate (CAS 64741-65-7)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3.5 mg/m ³	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m ³	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Dust and fume.
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate (CAS 64741-65-7)	TWA	400 mg/m ³	
		100 ppm	
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)	STEL	10 mg/m ³	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Mist.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Color Brown.

Odor Solvent.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	144.0 °F (62.2 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	15 - 30 (Seconds, #1 Zahn Cup)
Other information	
Density	7.44 lb/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Kinematic viscosity	0.113 St
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	211 g/l (Material) 243 g/l (Coating)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Mildewcide (CAS 55406-53-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1 g/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
<i>Aerosol</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	NA1993
UN proper shipping name	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Paint)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	- Combustible Liquid
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB3, T1, T4, TP1
Packaging non bulk	241
Packaging bulk	203

IATA

UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	9L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (3-Iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	
Subsidiary risk	9
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	III
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-A, S-F
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are listed on or exempt from the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate (CAS 64741-65-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Mildewcide (CAS 55406-53-6)
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate (CAS 64741-65-7)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
White mineral oil (petroleum) (CAS 8042-47-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate (CAS 64741-65-7)
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	30-October-2019
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0
List of abbreviations	DOT: Department of Transportation (49 CFR 172.101). IATA: International Air Transport Association. IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk. IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%. LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%. MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit. STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit. TWA: Time Weighted Average Value.
References	HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
Disclaimer	Behr Process Corp cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.