

Report No.: DGC140110027FE

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# **MSDS**

# **Compliant with**

# Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006&1272/2008

Applicant: Address:	NEATA BATTERY MANUFACTURE CO., LTD. West Zone, Industrial Park, Xiaolan Town, Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, China
Product Name:	Valve Regulated Lead Acid Battery
Issue date:	January 15, 2014
Edited by:	Accurate Technology Co., Ltd.

Written by:



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Approved by:



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#### Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Valve Regulated Lead Acid Battery

Model No.: 2V4.5Ah.2V5.0Ah.2V6.0Ah.4V3.0Ah.4V3.2Ah.4V3.5Ah.4V4.0Ah.4V4.5Ah.4V5.0Ah. 4V5.5Ah,4V6.0Ah,4V6.5Ah,4V7.0Ah,4V7.5Ah,4V8.0Ah,4V9.0Ah,4V9.5Ah,4V12Ah, 4V20Ah,6V1.0Ah,6V1.2Ah,6V1.3Ah,6V2.0Ah,6V2.3Ah,6V2.8Ah,6V3.2Ah,6V3.5Ah, 6V3.6Ah,6V4.0Ah,6V4.2Ah,6V4.5Ah,6V5.0Ah,6V5.2Ah,6V5.4Ah,6V5.5Ah,6V6.0Ah, 6V6.5Ah,6V6.8Ah,6V7.0Ah,6V7.2Ah,6V7.5Ah,6V8.0Ah,6V8.2Ah,6V8.5Ah,6V9.0Ah, 6V10Ah,6V12Ah,6V13Ah,6V14Ah,12V0.8Ah,12V1.2Ah,12V1.3Ah,12V1.9Ah,12V2.0Ah, 12V2.2Ah, 12V2.3Ah, 12V2.5Ah, 12V2.6Ah, 12V2.8Ah, 12V2.9Ah, 12V3.0Ah, 12V3.2Ah, 12V3.5Ah,12V3.6Ah,12V4.0Ah,12V4.2Ah,12V4.5Ah,12V5.0Ah,,12V5.5Ah,12V6.0Ah, 12V6.5Ah,12V7.0Ah,12V7.2Ah,12V7.5Ah,12V8.0Ah,12V8.5Ah,12V9.0Ah,12V9.5Ah, 12V10Ah,12V12Ah,12V13Ah,,12V14Ah,12V15Ah,12V17Ah,12V18Ah,12V20Ah,12V22Ah, 12V24Ah,12V26Ah,12V28Ah,12V33Ah,12V38Ah,12V40Ah,12V42Ah,12V45Ah,12V50Ah, 12V55Ah,12V60Ah,12V65Ah,12V70Ah,12V75Ah,12V80Ah,12V90Ah,12V100Ah,12V105Ah, 12V110Ah,12V120Ah,12V134Ah,12V135Ah,12V145Ah,12V150Ah,12V160Ah,12V180Ah, 12V200Ah,12V220Ah,12V225Ah,12V230Ah,12V240Ah,12V250Ah,12V260Ah,6V100Ah, 6V105Ah,6V150Ah,6V160Ah,6V180Ah,6V200Ah,6V220Ah,6V225Ah,2V50Ah,2V100Ah, 2V150Ah,2V200Ah,2V300Ah,2V400Ah,2V500Ah,2V600Ah,2V800Ah,2V1000Ah,2V1500Ah, 2V2000Ah,2V3000

**Tel:** /

Emergency Telephone: 0760-86163737

Chemical Name		cal Name	Specific gravity	CAS No.
Plate		Lead dioxide		1309-60-0
	Lead		58%~70%	7439-92-1
AGM		GM	1.5%~3%	65997-17-3
Electrolyte (dilute sulphuric acid)		ite sulphuric acid)	20%~30%	7664-93-9
Battery container (ABS plastic)		ner (ABS plastic)	5%~10%	9003-56-9
Epoxide-resin glue		-resin glue	0.3%~0.8%	
Red marking glue		irking glue	0.01%~0.05%	
Black marking glue		arking glue	0.01%~0.05%	
Terminal	Copper	0%~0.15%	7440-50-8	
	Silver		7440-22-4	
Safety valve (EPDM)		lve (EPDM)	0.01%~0.12%	25038-36-2
Electroysis lead 1#		sis lead 1#	surplus	7439-92-1

#### Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredient



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#### Section 3 - Hazards Identification

#### Invasive ways: inhalation

**Health harm:** The chemical substances of the battery can cause imitation of the skin and eyes. Exposure to the electrolyte contained inside the battery may result in corrosion or chemical burns. Inhalation of electrolyte vapors may cause imitation of the upper respiratory tract and lungs. Lead dioxide may lead to damage of unborn babies, and weaken the reproductive ability.

**Environment hazard:** Batteries no matter in the atmosphere or buried in deep underground, the heavy metals will overflow with the exudate, may cause the pollution of groundwater bodies, soil, serious harm to human health.

Burning explosion harm: Inflammable and explosive

#### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Skin:** If electrolyte leakage occurs and makes contact with skin, immediately remove contaminated clothing, scrub with a dry cloth first, then wash with plenty of water, wash with 3%-5% NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution finally. Get medical aid.

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical.

**Inhalation:** Immediately move to fresh air, maintain the airway smooth. Difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. If breathing stops, artificial respiration should begin immediately. Get medical aid. **Intake: Ingestion:** The product will not be human intake.

#### Section 5 – Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

**Fire disaster/Explosion risk:** Generally, security, no fire and no explosion. While, severe impact and high fever may cause explode.

Extinguishing agent: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam extinguishers.

**Fire extinguishing methods:** 1. Fire personnel are required to wear self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid breathing irritant fumes. Wear protective clothing and equipment to prevent body contact with electrolyte solution. 2. Rapid evacuation of emergency personnel to leave the fire, quickly cut off the fire source. 3. To mist cooling the tanks or containers exposed to fire. 4. If the spill has not ignited, water spray mist to spread the steam and to protect personnel attempting to stop the leak. 5. Large area of the large fire, use water spray control of unmanned aircraft operated or automatic swinging fire hose. **Fire-fight notes :** 1. Move containers as far as possible from the fire scene to department. 2. In imposing the upper hand to avoid the risk of steam and toxic decomposition products. 3. Tank safety



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valve has been sounded, or discoloration due to fire and immediately evacuated.

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Clean-up methods:** 1. Isolate leakage pollution area, access restricted. 2. Recommend emergency personnel to wear self positive pressure respirator and acid-base proofing overalls. 3. Do not contact with the leakage directly, if the chemical substances leaked outside of battery, wipe clean with cloth ,wash with plenty of water. Put the broken battery in a heavy-duty plastic bag or other non-metallic container, properly recycle all battery residue and parts.

**Note:** 1. Leakage region ventilation. 2. Fight or remove all ignition sources. 3. To prevent leakage of material into the sewer or confined space. 4. Notify the government health and safety and environmental protection-related units.

#### Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling Precautions: 1. With closed operation, provide a good natural ventilation. The operator must go through specialized training, strict compliance with operating rules. 2. Keep away from heat, ignition sources and no smoking. Use non-sparking ventilation explosion-proof type equipment. 3. Do not crush, short (+) and (-) battery terminals with conductive (i.e. metal) goods. 4.Do not directly heat or solder. Do not throw into fire or the place where may be submerged by water. 5. Do not be installed in sealed equipments. 6. Make sure than the connection between batteries is correct. 7. Do not use the battery in places where are full of dust (it should be regular checked when used in dusty environment). 8. Use tools which are with insulating bush when handling. 9. Do not clean the battery with diluent, gasoline, kerosene or composite liquid. 10. Slow handling when disassembly. 11. Do not cover the battery with materials which can produce static electricity. 12. Battery do not be thrown away, put in as much as possible separated from other garbage. 13. Pay special attention to be not smash foot. Storage Precautions: 1. Stored in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place, keep batteries in non-conductive (i.e. plastic) trays. Storage areas should be clearly marked "no obstacles." 2. Away from combustibles areas. Away from heat, ignition sources. Avoid overheating and supercooling. Avoid contacting with metal containers directly, adopt acid proofing and flame resistant materials. 3. Near the storage areas have adequate fire extinguishers and spill clean-up equipment. 4. Avoid storing large quantities of indoor, as much as possible stored in the isolation of the fire building. 5.Small parts, avoid contact with children, to avoid being swallowed children.

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#### Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering controls: Keep good conditions for natural ventilation.

**Respiratory protection:** Not necessary under normal use. In case of battery rupture, use self-contained full-face respiratory equipment, equipment with type ABEK filter.

**Eye protection:** Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye irritation. Where eye contact may be likely wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment available. **Hand protection:** Use insulated rubber gloves

**Body protection:** Use rubber overalls and protective working in case of handling of a ruptured battery. **Other protection:** In the workplace non-smoking or eating. After work, take a bath. Separate storage of contaminated clothing, washed standby. Pay attention to personal hygiene.

**Hygiene measures:** Follow correct safety rules, do not reuse the container that repair or without trade processed. Refer to the MSDS measures, even an empty container handling.

#### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: solid Color: N/A Odor: Odorless Mechanical resistance: N/A

#### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal use, hazardous reactions occuring under specific conditions.

Avoid material: Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong acids

Avoid contact with conditions: When a battery cell is exposed to an external short-circuit, crushes,

modification, high temperature above 100  $^{\circ}$ C, it will be the cause of heat generation and ignition. Direct sunlight and high humidity.

Hazardous decomposition products: Acrid or harmful gas is emitted during fire.

#### Section 11 - Toxicological Information

N/A

#### Section 12 - Ecological Information

Lead dioxide is very toxic to aquatic organisms, it may lead to bad influence on aquatic environment.



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Leaking metals will easily penetrate the soil, polluting groundwater, and then into the fish life, crops, the destruction of the human living environment, an indirect threat to human health. More importantly, the contaminated soil will be permanently lose its use value.

The waste batteries contain heavy metals can not be biodegradable and can accumulate in vivo.

#### Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

The nature of waste: Hazardous waste

**Waste disposal methods:** Dispose of batteries according to government regulations. Recommend sent to a special recycling bins of used batteries.

Notes waste: Do not waste batteries and garbage mixed together, to be dealt with separately.

#### Section 14 - Transport Information

In the case of transportation, confirm no leakage and no overspill form a container. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles and wet by rain. The container must be handle carefully. Do not give shocks that result in a mark of hitting on a cell.

#### Section 15 - Regulatory Information

N/A

#### Section 16 - Additional Information

#### References: N/A

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein.

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