

14 IN. CONCRETE CUT-OFF SAW WALK BEHIND 5.5 HP ITEM: 61057









OWNER'S MANUAL AND SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAVE THIS MANUAL: KEEP THIS MANUAL FOR SAFETY WARNINGS, PRECAUTIONS, ASSEMBLY, OPERATING, INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING PROCEDURES. WRITE THE PRODUCT'S SERIAL NUMBER ON THE BACK OF THE MANUAL NEAR THE ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM (OR MONTH AND YEAR OF PURCHASE IF PRODUCT HAS NO NUMBER)

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION



GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS

Read all safety warnings and instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury. Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

SAFETY

The warnings, precautions, and instructions discussed in this instruction manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator. Read carefully and understand all **ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS** before operating. Failure to follow the safety rules and other basic safety precautions may result in serious personal injury.

- Read and understand all instructions. Failure to follow all instructions may result in serious injury or property damage.
- DO NOT allow persons to operate or assemble the product until they have read this manual and have developed a thorough understanding of how it works.
- This equipment should not be operated by person under 18 years of age
- **NEVER** operate this equipment without proper protective clothing, shatter proof glasses, steel- toed boots and other protective devices required by the job.
- The manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any accident due to equipment modifications.
- Whenever necessary, replace nameplate, operation and safety decals when they become difficult to read.
- ALWAYS check the machine for loosened threads or bolts before starting.
- NEVER touch the hot exhaust manifold, muffler or cylinder. Allow these parts to cool before servicing
 engine or saw.
- High Temperatures allow the engine to cool before adding fuel or performing service and maintenance functions. Contact with hot components can cause serous bums.
- The engine section of this cutter requires an adequate free flow of cooling air NEVER operate the cutter
 in any enclosed or narrow area where free flow of the air is restricted. If the air flow is restricted it will
 cause serious damage to the saw or engine and may cause injury to people. Remember the cutter's
 engine gives off DEADLY carbon monoxide gas.
- ALWAYS refuel in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks and open flames.
- ALWAYS use extreme caution when working with flammable liquids. When refuelling, stop the engine
 and allow it to cool DO NOT smoke around or near the machine. Fire or explosion could result from fuel
 vapors, or if fuel is spilled on a hot engine.
- NEVER operate the cutter in an explosive atmosphere or near combustible materials. An explosion or fire could result causing severe bodily harm or even death.
- Topping-off to the fuel filler port is dangerous, as it tends to spill fuel.
- NEVER use fuel as a cleaning agent.

WARNING

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- ALWAYS read, understand, and follow procedures in operator's Manual before attempting to operate
 equipment.
- ALWAYS be sure to operator is familiar with proper safety precautions and operating techniques before
 using the cutter.
- Stop the engine when leaving the cutter unattended.
- Block the unit when leaving or when using on a slope.
- Maintain this equipment in a safe operating condition at all times.
- ALWAYS stop the engine before serving, adding fuel and oil.
- **NEVER** Run engine without air filter. Severe engine damage may occur.
- ALWAYS service air cleaner frequently to prevent carburetor malfunction.
- ALWAYS store equipment properly when it is not being used. Equipment should be stored in a clean, dry location out of the reach of children.
- **NEVER** operate this cutter in areas that contain combustible material or fumes. Fire and/or explosions may result from errant sparks from the equipment.
- DO NOT operate this equipment unless all guards and safety devices are attached and in place.
- Caution must be exercised while servicing this equipment. Rotating and moving pans can cause injury
 if contacted.
- Keep all inexperienced and unauthorized people away from the equipment at all times.
- Unauthorized equipment modifications will void all warranties.

DIAMOND BLADE SAFETY

- Use appropriate steel centered diamond blades manufactured for use on concrete cutters.
- **ALWAYS** inspect diamond blades before each use. The blade should exhibit no cracks, dings, or flaws in the steel centered core and/or rim. Center (arbor) hole must be undamaged and true.
- Examine blade flanges for damage, excessive wear and cleanliness before mounting blade. Blade should fit snugly on the shaft and against the inside/outside blade flanges
- Ensure that the blade is marked with an opera ting speed greater than the blade shaft speed of the cutter.
- Only cut the material that is specified by the diamond blade. Read the specifications of the diamond blade to ensure the proper tool has been matched to the material being cut.
- ALWAYS keep blade guards in place. Exposure of the diamond blade must not exceed 180 degrees,
- Ensure that the diamond blade does not come into contact with ground or surface during transportation.
 DO NOT drop the diamond blade on ground or surface.
- The engine governor is designed to permit maximum engine speed in a no-load condition. Speeds that exceed this limit may cause the diamond blade to exceed the maximum safe allowable speed.
- Ensure that the blade is mounted for proper operating direction.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

CUTTER TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

- Use the lifting bail and appropriate lifting equipment to ensure the safe movement of the cutter.
- DO NOT use the handle bars and/or front pointer as lifting points,
- NEVER tow the saw behind a vehicle.
- Ensure that both pointer bars are positioned appropriately to minimize their exposure during transportation.
- Safeguard against extreme cutter attitudes relative to level. Engines tipped to extreme angles may
 cause oil to gravitate into the cylinder head making the engine difficult to start.
- NEVER transport the cutter with the blade mounted.
- ALWAYS know the location of the nearest fire extinguisher and first aid kit. Know the location of the nearest telephone. Also know the phone numbers of the nearest ambulance, doctor and fire department.

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

- NEVER lubricate components or attempt service on a running machine.
- ALWAYS allow the machine a proper amount of time to cool before servicing.
- Keep the machinery in running condition.
- Fix damage to the machine immediately and always replace broken parts.
- Dispose of hazardous waste properly. Examples of potentially hazardous waste are used motor oil, fuel and fuel filters.



PRODUCT INFORMATION

This floor concrete cut saw machine designed specifically for this handheld gas power cutter and for multipurpose cutting. Its a depth-adjusted cutting machine with super rigid sturdy frame. The construction ensures concrete saw to straight cut.

Honda GX 160 engine: 5.5 HP

Fits bald size: 12 in. to 14 in.

Easy to fold up and transport

Concrete saw cut can be used for both wet and dry selection

High quality engine 5.5 HP powered concrete saw

Bare-tool included

No batteries included and required

Heavy-duty frame construction hinged blade guard

Multi-purpose cutting machine

Blade width: 5.9 in.

Blade length: 13.5 in.

Dimension: 37 in. x 32.7 in. x 19.7 in.

Item weight: 187.3 lbs.



Assembled Product Dimensions (L x W x H) 35.00 x 14.00 x 8.00 Inches

Assembled Depth (in.)	37"
Assembled Width (in.)	32.7"
Assembled Height (in.)	19.7"
Blade Diameter (in.)	12
Depth Adjustment	YES
Maximum Cutting Thickness (in.)	3
Tool weight (lb.)	187.3

LUBRICANTS

ENGINE OIL: SAE 10W/30

GENERAL GREASE: #1 LITHIUM

INSTALLATION

Introduction/Determining the Right Machine

The machines used for the primary purpose of "flat" sawing. This type of sawing is described as "flat" because the pavement is cut somewhere close to a horizontal plane. It is the most common type of diamond blade cutting. Concrete cutters in the industry are available in a variety of types, sizes and styles, they range from manual or self propelled in horsepower from 7-72hp. It is possible to cut both concrete (green or cured, with or without rebar) or asphalt with a concrete cutter.

INSTALLING THE BLADE

- 1. Be certain that the spark plug is disconnected or saw is unplugged.
- 2. Remove the blade shaft nut and take off outside blade shaft flange.
- **3.** Clean off any foreign particles on the clamping surfaces of flanges and on the mounting surface of the blade.
- **4.** Place the blade on the blade shaft, lining up the offset drive pin in the blade with the drive pin in the mounting collar (if the pin system is available on the machine). If your blade has a directional rotational arrow, position arrow for down cut (diamond tail trailing for down cut).
- **5.** Replace the outside blade shaft flange on the blade shaft. Drive pin on the inside collar must project through the drive hole in the blade and into the outside collar (if the pin system is available on the machine).
- **6.** Tighten the blade shaft nut securely against star washer and outside flange, using wrench supplied.
- 7. Reconnect the spark plug or (with switch "off") plug in the electric supply cord.

Types of Cutting

Cut speed depends entirely on using the correct blade for the material to be cut. Wet or dry, diamond blades of various specifications are available for cutting concrete or asphalt.

Before Starting/Cold Start/Hot Start

BEFORE STARTING

- 1. Use correct blade for cutting conditions.
- 2. Ensure arbors and flanges are clean and undamaged.
- 3. Mount blade and tighten securely using wrench.
- 4. When wet cutting, check water jets for adequate flow.
- 4. Align pointer with cutter blade.

CAUTION: Set unit up in en open area. Avoid close proximity to structures or other equipment. Failure to do so may cause Inadvertent injury to operator or other persons in the area.

COLD START: Open the fuel valve under the gas tank all the way. Position the engine stop switch located on the engine, to run. Open the throttle approximately half way and apply the choke. Pull the starter rope sharply. When the engine starts, open the choke and adjust the throttle as necessary to keep it running. Allow the engine to warm up for a few minutes before placing it under the load If the engine doesn't start after (3) pulls open choke slightly to prevent flooding. Always operate the engine at full throttle when under load.

OPERATION

NOTE: These starting instructions are general guidelines only. Since many engine options are available, consult the Engine Manual included with this unit for specific instructions.

CAUTION: Gasoline Engines: To improve the engine service life, allow the engine to idle without load for (2) to (5) minutes before shutting it down. When the idling period is up, use the stop switch located on the engine and turn it to stop. Close the fuel valve under the gas tank. Engine flooding can occur if the valve is left open during transport

TO START CUTTING

- 1. Start engine and let engine warm up. All cutting is done at full throttle.
- 2. Align blade and cutter with cut If wet cutting. Open water valve and turn water safety switch on
- **3.** Step on the left side of **PEDAL** until hear a "click", then turn on the **WHEEL HANDLE** on the top of the machine to remove the equipment forward and reverse step down the right side of **PEDAL** to change to "push" driving system.
- 4. Lower blade into cut slowly.
- 5. Cut as fast as blade will allow If blade climbs out of cut reduce forward speed or depth of cut.
- **6.** Use only enough side pressure on cutter handles to follow cutting line.

Cutting/Belts & Pulleys

CUTTING

Lower the blade into concrete to required depth by turning the tilt crank counterclockwise. Ease the saw slowly forward. Slow forward pressure if the saw begins to stall.

NOTE: For deeper cuts (4 inches/102mm or more) several cuts should be made in incremental steps of 1-1/2 inch (38mm) to 2 inches (51 mm) until the desired depth is reached.

Push the saw steadily forward using the front pointer as a guide. Exert enough forward pressure so that the engine/motor begins to labor,but does not slow down. If the saw begins to stall, retard forward movement until full RPM is restored to the blade. If saw stalls, raise the blade out of the cut before restarting. Avoid excessive side pressure or twisting of the blade in the cut.

BELTS & PULLEYS

NEVER MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO V_7 BELTS AND PULLEYS WHILE ENGINE IS RUNNING

- 1. The best tension for a v-belt drive is the lowest tension at which the belts will not slip under full load.
- **2.** Take up tension until the belts are snug in the grooves. Run the drive for about five (5) minutes to "sear" the belts. The impose the peak load. If the belts slip tighten them until they no longer slip at peak load. Most new belts will need additional tensioning after seating.
- 3. Remember, too much tension shortens belt and bearing life.
- **4.** Check the belt tension frequently during the first day of operation. Check the belt tension periodically thereafter and make any necessary adjustments.

TROUBLESHOOTING

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UNEVEN SEGMENT WEAR	In wet cutting: Insufficient	(Wet Cutting) Check water lines				
	water (usually on one side of					
	Equipment defects also can	Make sure flow is adequate on both sides of blade and				
	cause the segments to wear	there are no blockages				
	Saw head is misaligned	Use sufficient water to flush out the cut				
SEGMENT CRACKS	Blade is too hard for material	Use a blade with a softer bond/matrix				
	being cut					
	Blade overheats because of	(Wet Cutting) Check water lines.				
	lack of coolant(water or air).	<u> </u>				
	Core is worn from undercutting	Make sure flow is adequate on both sides of blade and				
		there are no blockages				
	Defective collars/flanges set	Use sufficient water to flush out the cut				
	blade out of alignment	ose someten water to mash out the tat				
	Blade is too hard for material	(Dry Cutting) Run blade free of cut periodically to air cool				
SEGMENT	Blade is cutting out of round,	Clean collars/flanges or replace if they are under				
LOSS	causing a pounding motion	recommended diameter				
	cost of positions motion	Use proper blade specification for material being cut				
		Replace worn bearings; realign blade shaft or replace worn				
		blade mounting arbor				
	Improper blade tension	When ordering blades match shaft speed of saw				
	p.cpc. 2.eee tension	Check spindle speed to ensure blade is running at correct				
		RPM				
		Avoid twisting or turning blade in the cut				
	Blade flutters in cut from	Tighten the blade shaft nut				
	losing blade tension					
CRACKS IN CORE	Blade specification is too hard	Make sure blade is running at proper speed and that drive				
	for the material being cut	pin is functioning properly				
		Use a softer bond/matrix to eliminate stress				
	Core overheating	Make certain blade RPM is correct				
	Core overheating as a result of	Check Water flow Distribution and lines				
	blade spinning on arbor	check frace from a substantial and fines				
	Core overheating from rubbing	Tighten the blade shaft nut. Make certain the drive pin is				
LOSS OF TENSION	the material being cut	functioning				
LOSS OF TENSION	Unequal pressure at blade	Properly align the saw to square cut				
	clamping collars/flanges	Collars/flanges must be identical in diameter and the				
	cramping contais/fidinges	recommended size				
	Blade is too hard for the	Use a softer bond/matrix to reduce stress				
	material being cut					

TROUBLESHOOTING

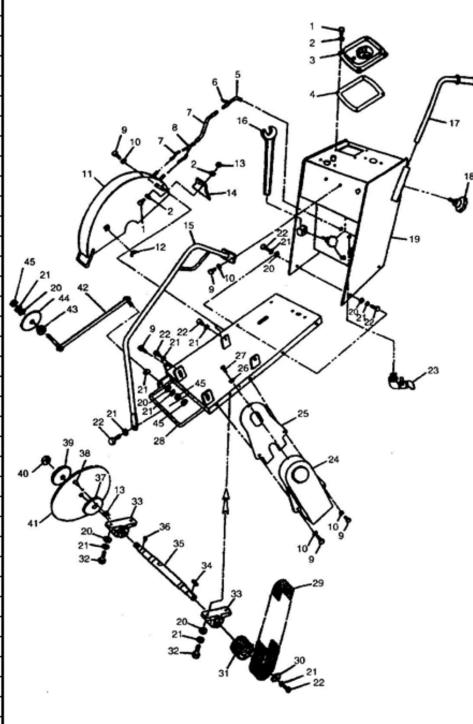
	Blade is on a damaged or worn saw	Check for bad bearings, bent shaft, or worn mounting arbor				
	2.222 is an a comaged of worm saw	Check collars/flanges to make sure they are clean fiat and of				
	Worn collar	correct diameter				
PROBLEM	Blade runs at an incorrect speed	Set engine at proper RPM				
BLADE WOBBLES	Collar/flange diameters are not identical	Use proper size blade collars/flanges				
	Blade is bent as a result of dropping or twisting	Use proper size blade collars/flanges				
	Blade is too hard for material being cut	Select proper blade for material being cut				
BLADE WILL NOT CUT	Blade has become dull	Sharpen by cutting on softer abrasive material to expose diamonds. If continually sharpening, the blade is too hard Sharpen by cutting on softer abrasive material				
	Blade does not cut material it was	Break-in on the material to be cut. If it does not dress itself.				
	specified for	Sharpen as you would a dull blade				
UNDERCUTTING	Abrasive wearing of the core faster	Break-in on the material to be cut. If it does not dress itself.				
THE CORE	than the segments	Sharpen as you would a dull blade				
THE CORE	than the segments	Use wear-restardant cores				
ARBOR HOLE OUT	Collars/flanges are not properly tightened permitting blade to rotate	Make certain the blade is mounted on the proper shaft diameter. Tighten the shaft nut with a wrench to make certain that the blade is secure				
OF	or vibrate on the shaft	Clean collars/flanges, make sure they are not worn.				
ROUND		Tighten arbor nut				
	Collars/flanges are worn or dirty. Blade is not properly mounted	Make sure the pin hole slides over drive pin				
	Shaft bearings are worn	Install new blade shaft bearings or blade shaft as required				
BLADE WORN	Surges occur because engine is not properly tuned	Tune engine according to manufacturer's manual				
OUT OF	Blade arbor hole is damaged from	If core is worn or arbor hole damaged. DO NOT USE Contact				
	incorrectly mounting the blade	blade manufacturer				
ROUND	Blade is too hard for material	Replace worn shaft or mounting arbor bushing				
	Blade is slipping, wearing one	Make certain that drive pin is functioning				
	half of blade more than other					

LUBRICATION AND SERVICE

- Check oil levels, wiring, hoses (air, fuel, water) and lubricate machine daily.
- Repair or replace all worn or damaged components immediately.
- Check drive belt tension, do not over-tension.
- Make sure machine has full set of matched belts.
- Check blade shaft make sure arbor and threads are not worn damaged or bent.
- Blade shaft bearings should be tight, no free play side-to-side or up and down.
- Grease blade shaft bearings daily.
- Blade collars should be clean, free of nicks and burrs. No diameter wear and not out of round.
- Drive pin not excessively worn or bent and free of gouges.
- Flush water through the pump and spray the assembly every night. This prolongs the pump and blade life.
- All fasteners and guards are tight and secure.

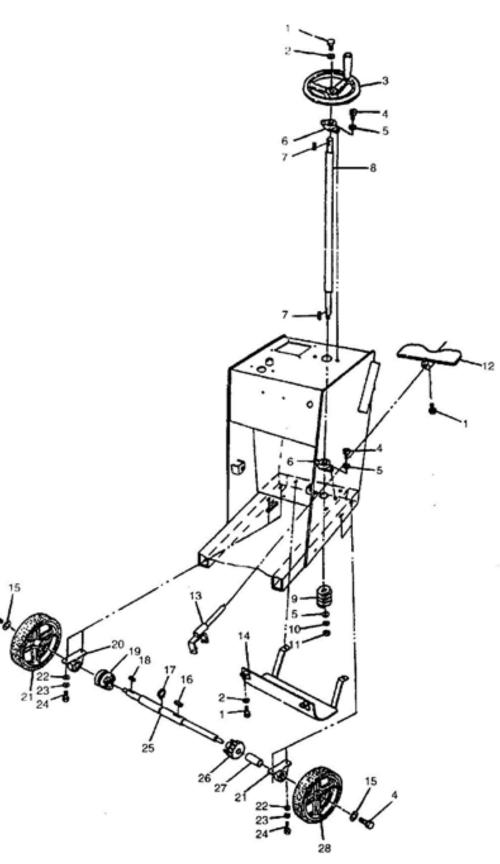
PARTS LIST - MAJOR COMPONENTS

#	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BOLT M8x25	3
2	WASHER 8	5
3	INJECTION MOUTH	1
4	SEAL RING	1
5	ELBOW	1
6	COCK	1
7	PLASTIC PIPE	3
8	TEE	1
9	M10X25	6
10	WASHER 10	5
11	BLADE GUARD	1
12	NUT (BUTTERFLY) M10	1
13	NUT M8	2
14	PROTECTIVE MAT	1
15	LIFTING HOOK	1
16	WRENCH	2
17	HANDLE	2
18	KNOB	3
19	WATER TANK	1
20	WASHER 12	15
21	SPRING WASHER	13
22	BOLT MI2×30	10
23	COCK	1
24	BELT GUARD	1
25	INNER GUARD	2
26	WASHER 6	1
27	SCREW M6×12	1
28	BASE ASSY.	1
29	BELT FOR DIESEL ENGINE	3
30	WASHER	1
31	PULLEY AXIS	4
32	BOLT M12 × 45	4
33	BEARING	2 4
34	KEY 8 × 35	
35	PRINCIPAL AXIS	1
36	PIN 6×10	1 1 2 1
37	BLADE FLANGE (INNER)	2
38	PIN	1
39	BLADE FLANGE (OUTER)	1
40	NUT	
41	BLADE	1
42	POINTER	1
43	NUT	1
44	POINTER WHEEL	1
45	NUT M12	1

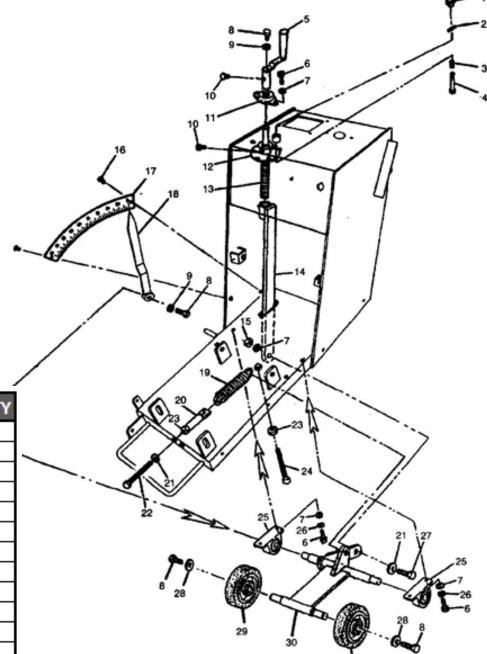


PARTS LIST - TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY

#	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	BOLT M8x25	6
2	WASHER 8	5
3	WHEEL HANDLE	1
4	BOLT MI0×30	6
5	WASHER 10	5
6	BEARING ASSY	2
7	KEY 6×30	2
8	MAIN SHAFT	1
9	STEM	1
10	SPRING WASHER M10	1
11	NUT MI0	1
12	PEDAL	1
13	LEVER	1
14	PROTECTIVE PLATE	1
15	WASHER M10	2
16	KEY 10×40	1
17	WASHER 35	1
18	KEY 8×40	1
19	SLEEVE FOR CLUTCH	1
20	BEARING ASSY	2
21	LEFT WHEEL	1
22	WASHER 12	4
23	SPRING WASHER 12	4
24	BOLT MI2×40	4
25	REAR AXIS	1
26	WORM	1
27	SLEEVE WORM	1
28	RIGHT WHEEL	1



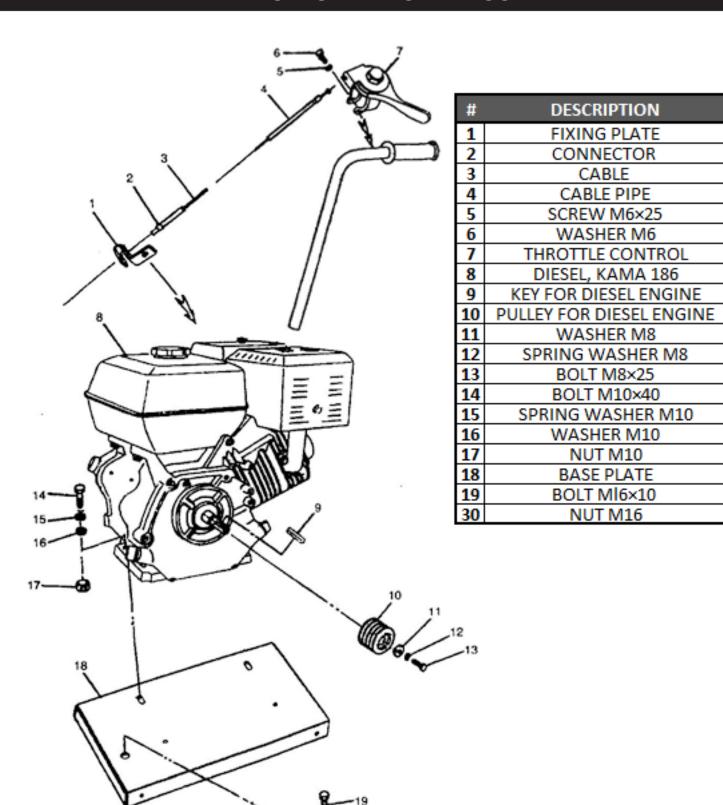
PARTS LIST - DEPTH ADJUSTING



#	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	PULLING NUT	3
2	SPRING PIN 4×16	1
3	SPRING	2
4	PIN	1
5	WHEEL HANDLE	1
6	BOLT M10×30	1
7	WASHER 10	1
8	BOLT M8×25	1
9	WASHER 8	1
10	BOLT M8×12	1
11	BEARING ASSY.	2
12	POSITION PLATE	2
13	SCREW STEM	1
14	CONNECTING STEM	1
15	NUT M10	4
16	RIVET	4
17	SCALE	3
18	POINTER	1
19	SPRING	1
20	CONNECTING PIPE	1
21	WASHER 12	1
22	BOLT M12×70	1
23	NUT M12	1
24	BOLT M12×10	2
25	BEARING ASSY.	2
26	SPRING WASHER 10	2
27	BOLT	1
28	WASHER	1
29	WHEEL	1
30	WHEEL RACK MODULE	1

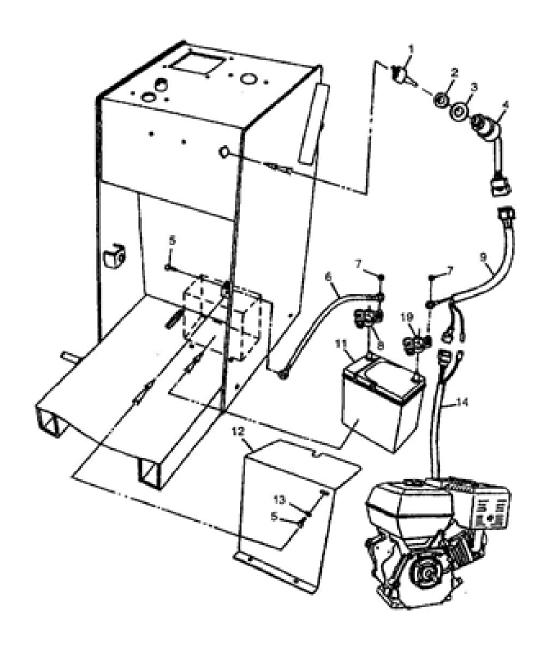
PARTS LIST - ENGINE ASSEMBLY

QTY



PARTS LIST - ELECTRIC ASSEMBLY

#	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	KEY	2
2	TIGHTENING SPACER	1
3	WASHER	1
4	ELECTRIC CONNECTOR	1
5	BOLT M8×20	4
6	ELECTRIC CABLE	4
7	NUT M6	2
8	PLUG NEGATIVE	1
9	WIRE	1
10	PLUG POSITIVE	1
11	BATTERY	1
12	BATTERY GUARD	1
13	WASHER M8	4
14	WIRE	1



WARRANTY

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO, OR ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

Re	cor	d Pro	odu	ict's	Serial	Num	ber	Here:.			

Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.

Note: Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only and are not available individually as replacement parts.



SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.



Questions, problems, missing parts?

Before returning to your retailer, our exceptional customer service is available.

Call us Tel: 909 628 4900

Hour: 9am To 3pm PST (Monday to Friday)

Email: info@starktoolsusa.com

PRODUCT MADE IN CHINA