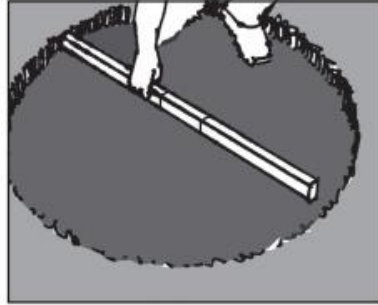


1. If putting your fire pit on a lawn, mark a 40-inch diameter circle and remove all sod and roots inside the circle. Dig approximately 2 inches deep. If putting your fire pit on a patio, mark the circle with chalk and skip ahead to step 4.



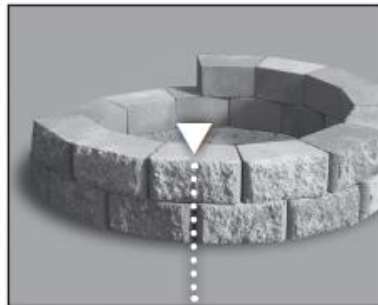
2. Check the level of the soil inside the circle in all directions. Remove soil from the high spots to bring it close to level.



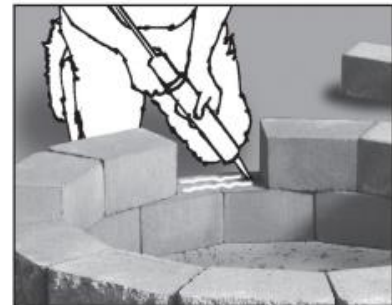
3. Add 1.5-2 inches of paver base to your circle and rake it level. Using a tamper, pack the entire area of paver base until firm. Make sure the surface is level before laying blocks.



4. Place 14 wall block units on top of paver base. Lay them tightly together to form the circle. Level each stone front-to-back and side-to-side. Make sure each stone is even with the previously leveled block. Use a rubber mallet to level.



5. After the 1st course is set and leveled, start the 2nd course by placing the center of the top block in alignment with the joint between the blocks below. Continue this all the way around the circle.



6. Once the 2nd course is all lined up, carefully remove one block at a time and apply two thick beads of concrete adhesive to the center of the blocks. Reinstall the block and push down firmly. Continue for all remaining blocks on 2nd course.



7. After the 2nd layer is finished, install the 3rd by placing the center of each block in line with the joint of the blocks below. When the 3rd course is all lined up, glue the blocks one-at-a-time as in step 6.



8. Next, lower the fire pit liner inside the blocks. The outside flange of the ring should be centered and rest on the inside edge of wall block units.



9. After the adhesive cure time has lapsed, pour lava rock into the fire pit until the level reaches the bottom of the fire ring liner.