

## Genetron® 410A

Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012 Version 2

#### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Genetron® AZ-20 (R-410A)

MSDS Number 00000009881 Product Use Description Refrigerant

Honeywell International, Inc. Company

101 Columbia Road

Morristown, NJ 07962-1057

For more information call 800-522-8001

(Monday-Friday, 9:00am-5:00pm)

In case of emergency call : Medical: 1-800-498-5701 or +1-651-523-0309

Transportation: 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887

(24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview** 

Form : Liquefied gas

Color : colourless

Odor : weak

Hazard Summary : Warning! Container under pressure. This product is not

> flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing. Causes asphyxiation in high concentrations. The victim will not realize that he/she is suffocating. Inhalation may cause

central nervous system effects. May cause cardiac arrhythmia. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Do not breathe vapour. Irritating to eyes and skin. Avoid contact with skin, eves and clothing. At higher temperatures, (>250 C), decomposition products may include hydrofluoric acid (HF) and carbonyl halides. The ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2007) for Hydrogen Fluoride are TLV-TWA 0.5 ppm and

Ceiling Exposure Limit 2 ppm.

**Potential Health Effects** 

Skin : Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).



Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

May cause frostbite. Irritating to skin.

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause frostbite.

Ingestion : Unlikely route of exposure.

Effects due to ingestion may include:

Gastrointestinal discomfort

Inhalation : Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Causes asphyxiation in high concentrations. The victim will

not realize that he/she is suffocating.

Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Chronic Exposure : None known.

### Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Substance

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Pentafluoroethane	354-33-6	50.00%
Difluoromethane	75-10-5	50.00%

#### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Move to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is present. Call a physician. Do

not give drugs from adrenaline-ephedrine group.

Skin contact : After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

If there is evidence of frostbite, bathe (do not rub) with

lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not available, cover with a clean, soft cloth or similar covering. If symptoms persist, call a

Page 2 / 13



Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

physician.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. In case of frostbite water should be lukewarm, not hot. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion : Unlikely route of exposure. As this product is a gas, refer to the

inhalation section. Do not induce vomiting without medical

advice. Call a physician immediately.

Notes to physician

Treatment : Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm,

catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions. Treat frost-

bitten areas as needed.

#### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point : not applicable

Ignition temperature : >750 °C (1,382 °F)

Lower explosion limit : None

Upper explosion limit : None

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Contents under pressure.

This product is not flammable at ambient temperatures and

atmospheric pressure.

However, this material can ignite when mixed with air under

pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources.

Container may rupture on heating.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Hydrogen halides Hydrogen fluoride Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)



Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

Carbonyl halides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

No unprotected exposed skin areas.

#### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons

must be kept away.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Ventilate the area.

After release, disperses into the air.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing. Avoid accumulation of vapours in low areas.

Unprotected personnel should not return until air has been

tested and determined safe.

Ensure that the oxygen content is = 19.5%.

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

The product evaporates readily.

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Handling : Handle with care.

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose

to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Follow all standard safety precautions for handling and use of

compressed gas cylinders. Use authorized cylinders only.

Protect cylinders from physical damage.

Do not puncture or drop cylinders, expose them to open flame

or excessive heat.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked

Page 4 / 13



Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

flame or any incandescent material.

Do not remove screw cap until immediately ready for use.

Always replace cap after use.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

: The product is not flammable.

Can form a combustible mixture with air at pressures above

atmospheric pressure.

**Storage** 

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Pressurized container: Protect from sunlight and do not expose

to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even

after use.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place.

Storage rooms must be properly ventilated.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store away from incompatible substances.

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Engineering measures : General room ventilation is adequate for storage and handling.

Perform filling operations only at stations with exhaust

ventilation facilities.

Eye protection : Wear as appropriate:

Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes

Hand protection : Leather gloves

In case of contact through splashing:

Protective gloves Neoprene gloves

Polyvinyl alcohol or nitrile- butyl-rubber gloves

Skin and body protection : Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Wear cold insulating gloves/face shield/eye protection.

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory

Page 5 / 13



## Genetron® 410A

Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

equipment.

Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Keep working clothes separately.

**Exposure Guidelines** 

Difluoromethane 75-10-5 WEEL TWA 1,000 ppm 2,200

mg/m3

HONEYWELL TWA 1,000 ppm

Pentafluoroethane 354-33-6 WEEL TWA 1,000 ppm 4,900

mg/m3

HONEYWELL TWA 1,000 ppm

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : Liquefied gas

Color : colourless

Odor : weak

pH : neutral

Freezing point : not determined

Boiling point/boiling range : -48.5 °C (-55.3 °F)

Vapor pressure : 14,844 hPa

at 21.1 °C (70.0 °F)

Vapor pressure : 33,798 hPa

at 54.4 °C (129.9 °F)

Relative vapour density : 3

Page 6 / 13



## Genetron® 410A

Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

(Air = 1.0)

Density : 1.08 g/cm3

at 21.1 °C (70.0 °F)

Water solubility : no data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.48

: log Pow: 0.21

#### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid : Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not

expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Decomposes under high temperature.

Some risk may be expected of corrosive and toxic

decomposition products.

Can form a combustible mixture with air at pressures above

atmospheric pressure.

Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure.

Materials to avoid : Finely divided aluminium

Potassium Calcium

Powdered metals

Aluminium Magnesium

Zinc

Hazardous decomposition

products

: In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Hydrogen fluoride Carbonyl halides Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Thermal decomposition : >250 °C

Hazardous reactions : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute inhalation toxicity

Page 7 / 13



## Genetron® 410A

Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

Pentafluoroethane : > 769000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

> 769000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

Difluoromethane : LC50: > 520000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

Sensitisation

Pentafluoroethane : Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: No-observed-effect level

75,000 ppm

Lowest observable effect level

100,000 ppm

Difluoromethane : Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: No-observed-effect level

>350,000 ppm

Repeated dose toxicity

Pentafluoroethane : Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: (4 Weeks) NOEL: 50000 ppm

Subchronic toxicity

Difluoromethane : Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: (90 d) NOEL: 50000 ppm

Subchronic toxicity

Genotoxicity in vitro

Pentafluoroethane : Test Method: Ames test

Result: negative

Difluoromethane : Test Method: Ames test

Result: negative

: Cell type: Human lymphocytes

Page 8 / 13



Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

Result: negative

: Cell type: Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells

Result: negative

: Cell type: Human lymphocytes

Result: negative

Method: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Test Method: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Difluoromethane : Species: mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Result: negative

Teratogenicity

Pentafluoroethane : Species: rabbit

Application Route: Inhalation exposure

NOAEL, Teratog: 50,000 ppm NOAEL, Maternal: 50,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation exposure

NOAEL, Teratog: 50,000 ppm NOAEL, Maternal: 50,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Difluoromethane : Species: rat

Dose: NOEL - 50,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Species: rabbit

Dose: NOEL - 50,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Further information : Acute toxicity Vapours are heavier than air and can cause

suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite. May cause

cardiac arrhythmia.



## Genetron® 410A

Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

#### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability

Pentafluoroethane : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Value: 5 %

Method: OECD 301 D

Difluoromethane : Note: Minimal

### Further information on ecology

Additional ecological

information

: This product is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations at 40 CFR Part 82.

This product contains greenhouse gases which may

contribute to global warming. Do NOT vent to the atmosphere. To comply with provisions of the U.S. Clean Air Act, any

residual must be recovered.

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Information: Observe all Federal, State, and Local Environmental regulations.

Additional advice : This product is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency Clean Air Act Regulations Section 608 in 40 CFR Part

82 regarding refrigerant recycling.

#### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT** UN/ID No. : UN 3163

Proper shipping name : LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.

(Pentafluoroethane, Difluoromethane)

Class 2.2

Packing group

Hazard Labels 2.2

IATA UN/ID No. : UN 3163

Description of the goods : LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.

(Pentafluoroethane, Difluoromethane)

Class : 2.2 Hazard Labels : 2.2

Hazard Labels : 2.2 Packing instruction (cargo : 200

Page 10 / 13



## Genetron® 410A

Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012 Version 2

aircraft)

Packing instruction

(passenger aircraft)

: 200

**IMDG** UN/ID No. : UN 3163

> Description of the goods : LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.

> > (PENTAFLUOROETHANE, DIFLUOROMETHANE)

: 2.2 Class Hazard Labels : 2.2 EmS Number : F-C

Marine pollutant : no

#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Inventories** 

1907/2006 (EU) : This mixture contains only ingredients which have been subject

to a pre-registration according to Regulation (EC) No.

1907/2006 (REACH).

US. Toxic Substances

Control Act

: On TSCA Inventory

Australia. Industrial

Chemical (Notification and

Assessment) Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada, Canadian **Environmental Protection** Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL).

(Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133)

: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law

List

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Korea. Toxic Chemical

Control Law (TCCL) List

Philippines. The Toxic

Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control

Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China. Inventory of Existing

**Chemical Substances** 

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIOC - New Zealand : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Page 11 / 13



## Genetron® 410A

Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010 Print Date 04/13/2012

**National regulatory information** 

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

California Prop. 65 : WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the

State of California to cause cancer.

Dichloromethane 75-09-2

: WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

harm.

Chloromethane 74-87-3

Massachusetts RTK : Dichloromethane 75-09-2

New Jersey RTK : Difluoromethane 75-10-5

Pennsylvania RTK : Difluoromethane 75-10-5

WHMIS Classification : A

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria

of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information

required by the CPR.

Global warming potential : 1,975

Ozone depletion potential : 0

(ODP)



# Genetron® 410A

Print Date 04/13/2012 Version 2 Revision Date 10/04/2010

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS III **NFPA** Health hazard : 1
Flammability : 1
Physical Hazard : 0
Instability :

Instability 0